

## China Wan Tong Yuan (Holdings) Limited 中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 6966

2021 ANNUAL REPORT 年報

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# CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Non-executive Director

Ms. Zhao Ying (Chairman)

**Executive Directors** 

Ms. Li Xingying

Mr. Huang Guangming (resigned on 29 March 2021)

Ms. Wang Wei (appointed on 29 March 2021)

Mr. Huang Peikun (appointed on 29 March 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan

Dr. Wong Wing Kuen Albert

Mr. Choi Hon Keung Simon

#### **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES**

Ms. Li Xingying

Ms. Li Ming Wai (ACIS ACS) (appointed on 29 March 2021)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Tang Chun Man Adam (CPA) (resigned on 29 March 2021)

Ms. Li Ming Wai (ACIS ACS) (appointed on 29 March 2021)

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Dr. Wong Wing Kuen Albert (Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan

Mr. Choi Hon Keung Simon

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Zhao Ying (Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan

Mr. Choi Hon Keung Simon

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Dr. Wong Wing Kuen Albert (Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan

Ms. Zhao Ying

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

2nd Floor

The Grand Pavilion Commercial Centre

802 West Bay Road, P.O. Box 10338

Grand Cayman KY1-1003

Cayman Islands

#### 董事會

非執行董事

趙穎女士(主席)

#### 執行董事

李興穎女士

黃廣明先生(於2021年3月29日辭任)

王薇女士(於2021年3月29日獲委任)

黃培坤先生(於2021年3月29日獲委任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

張應坤先生

王永權博士

蔡漢強先生

#### 授權代表

李興穎女士

李銘慧女士 (ACIS ACS)(於2021年3月29日獲委任)

#### 公司秘書

鄧峻文先生(CPA)(於2021年3月29日辭任)

李銘慧女士 (ACIS ACS)(於2021年3月29日獲委任)

#### 審核委員會

王永權博士(主席)

張應坤先生

蔡漢強先生

#### 提名委員會

趙穎女士(主席)

張應坤先生

蔡漢強先生

#### 薪酬委員會

王永權博士(主席)

張應坤先生

趙穎女士

#### 註冊辦事處

2nd Floor

The Grand Pavilion Commercial Centre 802 West Bay Road, P.O. Box 10338

Grand Cayman KY1-1003

Cayman Islands

#### Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **HEADQUARTERS IN CHINA**

No. 48, Louzhuang Road, Langfang Development Area, Langfang, Hebei, PRC

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 3707A, 37<sup>th</sup> Floor West Tower Shun Tak Centre, 168–200 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

#### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors

#### LEGAL ADVISER TO THE COMPANY

Jeffrey Mak Law Firm (as to Hong Kong laws)

#### PRINCIPAL BANKER

China Construction Bank

#### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.chinawty.com

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

TMF (Cayman) Ltd. 2nd Floor The Grand Pavilion Commercial Centre 802 West Bay Road, P.O. Box 10338 Grand Cayman KY1-1003 Cayman Islands

## HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17/F Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

#### STOCK CODE

6966

#### 中國總部

中國河北省廊坊市廊坊開發區樓莊路48號

#### 香港主要營業地點

香港 干諾道中168-200號信德中心 西座 37樓3707A室

#### 核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

#### 本公司法律顧問

麥振興律師事務所 (有關香港法律)

#### 主要往來銀行

中國建設銀行

#### 本公司網站

www.chinawty.com

#### 股份過戶登記總處

TMF (Cayman) Ltd. 2nd Floor The Grand Pavilion Commercial Centre 802 West Bay Road, P.O. Box 10338 Grand Cayman KY1-1003 Cayman Islands

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716室

#### 股份代號

6966

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

Result

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		截至12万31日止十皮				
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		2021年	2020年	2019年	2018年	2017年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	43,949	38,891	63,377	43,385	38,617
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	24,908	25,215	33,316	35,300	13,895
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(6,768)	(7,674)	(9,765)	(7,053)	(6,772)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable	本公司擁有人應佔 年內溢利及全面					
to owners of the Company	收益總額	18,140	17,541	23,551	28,247	7,123

#### **Assets and Liabilities**

#### 資產及負債

#### As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	
		2021年	2020年	2019年	2018年	2017年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Total assets	總資產	279,139	253,376	235,344	220,963	176,060	
Total liabilities	總負債	90,977	83,354	82,863	92,033	87,633	
Total equity attributable to owners							
of the Company	權益總額	188,162	170,022	152,481	128,930	88,427	

#### **Financial Statistics**

#### 財務統計

		2021 2021年	2020 2020年	2019 2019年	2018 2018年	2017 2017年
Current ratio <sup>1</sup> Gearing ratio (%) <sup>2</sup> Return on total assets (%) <sup>3</sup> Net profit margin (%) <sup>4</sup>	流動比率 <sup>1</sup>	10.5	12.1	9.3	5.2	2.4
	資產負債比率(%) <sup>2</sup>	32.6	32.9	35.2	41.7	49.8
	總資產回報率(%) <sup>3</sup>	6.5	6.9	10.0	12.8	4.1
	淨利潤率(%) <sup>4</sup>	41.3	45.1	37.2	65.1	18.5

#### **Key Financial Data**

#### 主要財務數據

		2021 2021年 RMB 人民幣	2020 2020年 RMB 人民幣	2019 2019年 RMB 人民幣	2018 2018年 RMB 人民幣	2017 2017年 RMB 人民幣
Earnings per share — basic <sup>5</sup>	每股盈利 — 基本 <sup>5</sup>	0.018	0.018	0.024	0.028	0.009
Net assets value per share <sup>6</sup>	每股資產淨值 <sup>6</sup>	0.19	0.170	0.152	0.129	0.108

#### Notes:

- 1. Current ratio is calculated by dividing current assets by current liabilities.
- 2. Gearing ratio is calculated by dividing the total liabilities by total assets.
- 3. Return on total assets is calculated by dividing the profit for the year by total assets.
- Net profit margin is calculated by dividing the profit for the year by revenue.
- Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year by weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.
- Net assets value per share is calculated by dividing the net assets by weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.
   Net assets represent total assets less total liabilities.

#### 附註:

- 流動比率乃按流動資產除以流動負債計算。
- 2. 資產負債比率乃按總負債除以總資產計算。
- 3. 總資產回報率乃按年內溢利除以總資產計算。
- 4. 淨利潤率乃按年內溢利除以營業額計算。
- 每股盈利乃按本公司持有人應佔年內溢利除以年內已發行普通股之加權平均數計算。
- 6. 每股資產淨值乃按淨資產除以年內已發行普通股 之加權平均數計算。資產淨值指總資產減總負債。

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

#### Dear honourable shareholders,

During the Period, the Group was principally engaged in the sale of burial plots and columbarium units, provision of other burial-related services and provision of cemetery maintenance services.

#### 各位尊敬的股東:

於該期間內,本集團主要從事銷售墓地及骨灰廊、提供其他殯葬相關服務及墓園維護 服務。

Zhao Ying,

Non-Executive Director and Chairman 趙穎,非執行董事兼主席

Dear Shareholders,

Hello, everyone!

With the Year of the Ox writing its history, the Year of the Tiger saying farewell to 2021 and usher in new opportunities in this beautiful season full of vibrancy and vitality, on behalf of the Board of the Company and for my personal self, I would like to express my sincere respect and heartfelt blessings to all shareholders, investors and friends from all sectors for your long lasting caring and support!

I am pleased to present, on behalf of the Board of Directors of China Wan Tong Yuan (Holdings) Limited (the "Company"), the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2021.

In 2021, with the global epidemic lingered on and resurged, the global economic recovery experienced incessant frustrations, bringing various challenges and ordeals to the society and people's livelihood. During the year, we stayed true to our original aspirations, constantly advanced towards determined orientation and forged ahead amidst uncertainties and changes. With a down-to-earth and steadfast working style, we endeavoured with solidarity, carried out reform and innovation and worked solidly to overcome various difficulties and achieved stable growth. In 2021, the operating revenue of the Company amounted to RMB43.9 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 13%, and the profit attributable to shareholders amounted to RMB18.1 million.

親愛的各位股東:

大家好!

日月開新元,天地又一春。在這個生機湧動、活力 勃發的美好時節,請允許我代表公司董事局並以 我個人名義,向長期以來關心、支持我們的全體 股東、投資者、各界朋友致以衷心的感謝和誠摯 的問候!

本人謹代表中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司(「本公司」) 董事會欣然提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2021年12月31日止年度的經審核綜合財 務報表。

2021年,全球疫情延宕反覆、世界經濟復甦波折不斷,社會民生依然面臨著種種挑戰與考驗。這一年,我們堅守初心、穩舵奮楫,不斷在迷霧中跋涉,在變局中前行,以腳踏實地、篤定前行的工作作風,團結奮進、革舊創新、紮實工作,克服了重重困難阻礙,保持了穩健增長。2021年,公司營業收入達到人民幣43.9百萬元,同比增長13%,股東應佔溢利實現人民幣18.1百萬元。

#### Chairman's Statement 主席報告書

Changing with times and continuously improving various facilities and services. In adapting to the new situation of normalised epidemic prevention and control, we highlighted the ecological, humanistic, civilised and technological characteristics development. By focusing on innovation and breakthroughs in facilities, products and services, we actively improved the road conditions in burial areas, the cemetery business hall, the columbarium storage building, service areas and the overall environment of the cemetery; constantly organised and conducted professional trainings with diversified contents in various forms to improve burial services. We vigorously advocated online tombsweepings (網絡祭掃), flowers tomb-sweepings (鮮花祭掃), tombssweepings service on behalf of customers (代客祭掃), cloud tombsweeping (雲 祭 掃) and other forms of tombs-sweepings and deepened burial reform to promote the changing of customs. We established the intelligent cemetery management system and improved intelligent and digital management, which greatly facilitate the life of citizens and lay a solid foundation for the further development of the Company.

Consolidating foundations and achieving steady growth in principal business. In 2021, the Company fully leveraged its rich experience in cemetery development, columbarium storage, operation and management and vigorously propelled all works in an orderly manner. It successfully won the bidding for the project on columbarium settlement services in the Langfang Airport Economic Zone and the columbarium storage services for village relocation in areas affected by airport noises. It efficiently facilitated the grave relocation and columbarium resettlement in the Langfang Airport Economic Zone of Beijing New Airport and columbarium storage services in urban villages in Guangyang District, making active contributions to safeguarding people's livelihood and facilitating the comprehensive acceleration in the construction of the Airport Economic Zone.

篇實夯基,主營業務實現平穩增長。2021年,公司充分發揮在墓園開發、骨灰寄存、運營管理功功會面的豐富經驗,有力有序推動各項工作,機場應立。 一個的豐富經驗,有力有序推動各項工作,機場應近路空經濟區骨灰安置服務項目、機場建立 一個的抗遷村街骨灰寄存服務,並高效推進工 京新機場廊坊臨空經濟區墳墓遷移及骨灰安社工 作、廣陽區城中村骨灰寄存服務,為保障社工 生和助推臨空經濟區建設全面提速作出了積極貢 。

Carrying forward original aspirations and continuously advancing social and public welfare undertakings. The Company has been delivering the solemn commitment of "to the satisfaction of people in both worlds" for years. While promoting the development of various businesses, the Company stayed true to its original aspirations, organised and carried out diversified public activities in Ching Ming Festival, Dragon Boat Festival, Chung Yeung Festival and other traditional festivals. It fulfilled responsibilities with undertakings and returned the society with warmest heart. Under the philosophy of "respecting life, returning to nature, displaying humanity and upholding eternal commemoration", the Company constantly promoted patriotic education, actively disseminated positive energy in society and was generally recognised by all walks of life and citizens.

傳承初心,社會公益事業持續推進。多年來,公司 始終秉持「讓兩個世界的人都滿意」的莊嚴承諾, 在推進各項業務發展的同時,堅守企業初心,在 清明節、端午節、重陽節等傳統節日,組織開展心 富多彩的公益活動,以擔當履行責任,用愛心 報社會,並以「尊重生命、回歸自然、展示人 永久紀念」為宗旨,不斷推行愛國教育,積極傳 社會正能量,贏得了社會各界和廣大市民的一致 認可。

## Chairman's Statement 主席報告書

Years are flying like an arrow and times are changing with each passing day. 2022 has opened up a new page. In the new year, we will continue to focus on cemetery operation, funeral services and cemetery maintenance, actively explore capital operations and strive to enhance the comprehensive service capability in the Jing-Jin-Ji region. With leading funeral concept, advanced management model and premier services, we will consistently inject new drivers to the development of the funeral and burial industry.

While setting grand goals, we must stay down-to-earth. Standing at the new starting point, let us go all out to depict our dreams and forge ahead towards our future with perpetual perseverance, endless efforts, strong willpower and unequaled courage.

China Wan Tong Yuan (Holdings) Limited Zhao Ying Chairman of the Board 29 March 2022, Hong Kong 歲序常易,華章日新,2022年已掀開了嶄新的一頁,新的一年,我們將繼續圍繞公墓經營服務、殯葬禮儀服務、墓園維護服務等領域,積極探索資本運作方式,努力提升集團在京津冀區域的綜合服務能力,以領先的殯葬理念、先進的管理模式和優質的服務水平,為殯葬事業發展不斷注入新動力。

仰望星空,更需腳踏實地。站在新的起點上,讓我們用拚搏編織夢想,以水滴石穿的毅力、只爭朝夕的努力、堅如磐石的定力、捨我其誰的魄力,踵事增華向著未來再出發!

中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司 董事會主席 趙穎 2022年3月29日,香港

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### 管理層討論及分析

#### **Business Review**

During the year, the Group was principally engaged in the sale of burial plots and columbarium units, provision of other burial-related services and provision of cemetery maintenance services in Langfang.

Sales of burial plots and columbarium units and provision of other burial-related services

Burial services were the largest component of our revenue, representing 89.7% of our revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 89.4%).

The burial services market in Langfang is concentrated. Demand for our burial services and growth in our revenue are driven by the overall demand for burial services in Langfang and the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis at large. We believe our reputation, quality of services, and well-maintained and conveniently located facilities allow us to compete effectively in Langfang. The Company is optimistic that this operation will be continuously developed and expanded.

#### Provision of cemetery maintenance services

We provide ongoing cemetery maintenance services as an integral part of our burial services to maintain our beautiful landscaped cemetery. Customers pay for maintenance fees upfront when they sign the sales contracts to purchase the burial plots. Our revenue from cemetery maintenance was RMB4.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB4.1 million).

#### **Business Outlook and Recent Development**

The sales of the Group's burial services used to peak during February and March and around the Ching Ming Festival in the prior years. Due to the impact of the outbreak of the Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") the Group had been facing significant challenges in its business development. With that said, the Group will continue to uphold its belief and cooperate with the government on the anti-epidemic work, focusing on upgrading our "Cloud Tomb-sweeping" services. On top of ensuring stable and ordered operation, we will continue to innovate and enhance our cemetery operations and provide quality services to our customers.

The Group aspires to strengthen its market position in Langfang and expand its business in the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis and beyond through the following strategies.

#### 業務回顧

年內,本集團主要從事在廊坊出售墓地及骨灰廊、 提供其他殯葬相關服務及提供墓園維護服務。

出售墓地及骨灰廊及提供其他殯葬相關服 務

殯葬服務是我們收益的最大組成部分,佔截至2021年12月31日止年度我們收益的89.7%(2020年:89.4%)。

廊坊殯葬服務市場集中。對我們殯葬服務的需求 及我們的收益增長乃由廊坊及整個京津冀都市圈 殯葬服務的整體需求帶動。我們相信借助我們的 聲譽、服務質素、維護良好及位置便利的設施,我 們可在廊坊有效競爭。本公司對此業務會持續發 展並擴張感到樂觀。

#### 提供墓園維護服務

我們提供墓園持續維護服務,維持墓園美景,這是我們殯葬服務不可或缺的一環。客戶簽訂購買墓地的銷售合約時提前支付維護費。截至2021年12月31日止年度,我們自墓地維護服務的收益為人民幣4.5百萬元(2020年:人民幣4.1百萬元)。

#### 業務展望及近期發展

以往,於2、3月以及清明節前後,均為本集團殯葬服務銷售的高峰時期。由於最近新型冠狀病毒(「COVID-19」)爆發的影響,本集團的業務發展面臨重大挑戰。雖然如此,本集團仍會繼續秉持一直以來的信念,配合政府進行抗疫工作,並重點升級網絡祭掃「雲祭掃」服務,在保障穩定有序經營的同時,持續創新及升級墓園運作及為客戶提供優質的服務。

透過採取以下策略,本集團追求鞏固於廊坊的市場地位並擴大本集團於京津冀都市圈及其他地區的業務。

#### Focus on developing the JV Cemetery Project

Currently, the planning and tendering of the joint venture cemetery project ("JV Cemetery Project") between the Group and Langfang Xinhangcheng Real Estate Development Co., Limited (廊坊市新航城房地產開發有限公司, "Xinhangcheng") is completed. The JV Cemetery Project will be one of the major development projects of the Group next year. The Group will continue its proactive development and further communicate with related governmental departments regarding matters concerning land expropriation and land use planning, and make every effort to facilitate the approval procedures for the operating cemeteries. The Directors believe that the implementation and the continued development of and investment into the JV Cemetery Project will facilitate the Group in consolidating and expanding its market position in Langfang and the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis.

Looking forward, the Group will continue to selectively acquire, invest in or enter into strategic partnerships with other death care services providers, including funeral services providers and cemetery operators. The Group bases its selection criteria on, among other things, brand name, location, land cost, land reserves and profitability. The Group generally favors cemeteries located in wealthy and densely populated provinces, where there is a higher demand for high-quality death care services. In particular, the Group seeks to prioritize business expansion opportunities with death care services providers in the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis and bring synergy to its current operations. Meanwhile, it will also explore potential acquisition or investment in other regions. In addition to the downstream industry of burial services, the Group is also committed to seeking development in the upstream industry, for example, palliative care services, to expand its business opportunities and to identify strategic alliance. Therefore, the Directors believe that the Group will achieve industrial integration from aging to burial for a diverse range of customers.

#### 重點發展公墓合資項目

本集團目前與廊坊市新航城房地產開發有限公司 (「新航城」)合資的公墓項目(「公墓合資項目」)規 劃招標工作已完成,該公墓合資項目將會是本集 團來年重點發展項目之一。本集團將會繼續積 發展及進一步與相關政府部門溝通安排徵地及土 地規劃事宜,並全力推進經營性公墓的審批手續。 董事相信,公墓合資項目的推進及持續發展投入, 更有利鞏固及擴大本集團在廊坊及京津冀都市 間地位。

#### Strengthen the market position in Langfang

Apart from the above JV Cemetery Project which facilitate the Group in further consolidating its market position and reputation in Langfang, the Company believes that a more elegant environment of the cemetery with warmer, more diversified and person-centered services would enable the Company to address the customers' various needs and preferences. Thus, the Group will launch various product types at different price point and optimize its funeral services. Meanwhile, the Group will continuously upgrade and plan to further develop its cemetery, especially the environment in cemeteries, upgrade its facilities and diversify its service offerings. In addition to the further development of its cemetery as mentioned above, in terms of our funeral services, the Group will add more professional and diverse extended services. The Group will also increase its effort in promotion and marketing, utilizing online sales platforms to promote the services of the Group in multiple channels.

In addition, in view of the rapid development of Langfang, which is benefited from the overall development of the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis, the local government has been carrying out the urban planning and construction. During this process, it may involve the migration of the villagers and resettlement of the cremains of their deceased relatives. As a licensed and well established cemetery, in possession of both capability and capacity, the Group provides columbarium collective storage services to meet the demand arising from the local government's city development plan on one hand, and broaden its income source on the other. The Group will continue to cooperate with and support the local government's city development plan, providing funeral services and columbarium storage services and undertaking tomb moving projects and adding columbarium storage services for multiple villages at Beijing New Airport Zone (Langfang Region).

The Directors believe that, with the brand power and the well-established reputation of the Group accumulated over a long time, as well as the continued development of the projects above, we will further consolidate strengthen the Group's market position in Langfang.

#### 鞏固於廊坊的市場地位

此外,由於廊坊受京津冀都市圈整體發展帶動迅速發展,當地政府不斷推進城市規劃建設。該親程中可能涉及村民搬遷及重新安置村民已故親屬骨灰事宜。作為持證經營且服務完善的墓園,本集團具備能力與場地,提供骨灰集體存放時場上當地政府城市發展計劃的需求,同合及下海、大收益來源。本集團將會持續積極配合及一次一次,及承接為北京新機場臨空區(廊坊片區)多個村街的遷墳工程及增加骨灰廊寄存服務的村街。

董事相信,本集團在長期積累的品牌實力和良好口碑上,加上述項目持續的發展,將會更進一步 鞏固本集團於廊坊的市場地位。

## Expand the business scope to provide funeral services

The Group generated substantially all of its revenue from burial services and has also forged stable business relationships with a number of local funeral services providers which refer customers to the Group. The Directors believe, however, that one-stop-shop services integrating funeral and burial services are able to confer a significant competitive advantage, while also ensuring a seamless and smooth experience at each stage of the process. The Group has set up service sites at Langfang Funeral Parlor (廊坊市殯儀館), and assigned specialists to introduce cemetery-related services, deal with pre-service business and promote to and identify prospective customers. The Group will continue to provide professional and general skill training for its employees and recruit funeral service specialists, in order to provide more professional and comprehensive services to our customers.

The Group will step up from providing only burial services to providing integrated funeral services and burial services, where we will launch different product types at different price points and add more professional and diverse extended services in aspects such as burial plot maintenance, burial and tomb-sweeping, so as to expand and enhance our service package. Meanwhile, the Group will proactively negotiate with the government and related departments of Langfang concerning the future cooperation plans, in order to provide more services for the locals and our customers, including the provision of burial services, funeral services and columbarium storage services, expanding our coverage through multiple channels.

The Group believes that the active progression and development of the JV Cemetery Project can further strengthen the brand power and reputation of the Group and allow for further recognition from the local government, which will facilitate the Group in competing for cooperation and expansion opportunities.

#### 擴大本集團的業務範圍<sup>,</sup>提供殯儀 服務

本集團絕大部分收益來自殯葬服務,並與若干本 地殯儀服務供應商建立穩定的業務關係,該等在 應商將客戶轉介至本集團。然而,董事相信整 殯儀及殯葬服務的一站式服務能帶來顯著的競 優勢,也能確保過程中的每個階段順暢進行 集團已於廊坊市殯儀館設立服務站點,並指 資內紹有關墓園的服務、處理售前業務及向 客戶推廣及識別潛在客戶。本集團將會持續 了 不專業 及通用的技能培訓,及招聘新的 不 專業 人員,為客戶提供更專業 及完善的服務。

本集團將從僅提供殯葬服務至提供綜合殯儀及殯 葬服務,以繼續推出多款不同價位的產品類型, 及在墓位維護、落葬、祭掃等環節加入更惠加專業 和多樣化的延伸服務項目,以擴展及提高其服務 範疇。同時,本集團會繼續積極與廊坊政府及相 關部門溝通並商討未來的合作方案,為當地及客 戶提供更多的服務,包括殯葬、殯儀及骨灰寄存 服務,多渠道擴大受益範圍。

本集團相信,合資公墓項目積極的推進發展,能 更進一步加強本集團的品牌實力及口碑,並進一 步得到地方政府的認可,有利於本集團爭取合作 和發展的機會。

## Tapping further into the burial market in the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis

Leveraging the Group's strategic location in Langfang and proximity to regional hubs in the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis, the Group continues to pay effort to tap further into the burial services market in this region, especially in Beijing, where affordable burial plots have become increasingly sparse and local residents become increasingly mobile with the integration of communities and the construction of a web of high-speed intercity transportation infrastructure. The Group plans to devote more marketing resources to serving the neighboring cities and further develop cooperation with local funeral services providers as its business partners. The Group targets to establish cooperative relationships with more Beijing-based funeral services providers in 2022 to promote its burial services locally. Meanwhile, the Group plans to cooperate with local funeral homes and hospital mortuaries to access bereaved families in a more direct and more prompt way, so that the Group can react immediately to provide high-quality one-stop-shop services integrating funeral and burial services for its prospective customers.

## Pursuing strategic alliance and acquisition opportunities

Since the GEM Listing, the Group has performed preliminary site visits and researched for some potential acquisition opportunities for the purpose of pursuing strategic alliance and acquisition opportunities according to the future plans under the Prospectus. The Group successfully won the bid of the JV Cemetery Project located in the JV Cemetery Project of Beijing New Airport (Langfang Region) relocation and settlement zone on 30 June 2020 and entered into a formal JV agreement with Xinhangcheng on 6 July 2020 in relation to the joint establishment of Langfang Linkong Wantong Cemetery Co., Ltd. (a JV company responsible for land resumption, construction and operations and management of the JV Cemetery Project. In 2021, the Group explored deeply the burial market in the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis and continued to actively develop the JV Cemetery Project in all aspects, and has made staged progress in planning and design, land acquisition and other aspects. Meanwhile, the Company will continue to explore other suitable opportunities for strategic alliance and acquisition in the future.

#### 深入發掘京津冀都市圏殯葬市場

#### 爭取戰略聯盟及收購機會

自於GEM上市以來,本集團已進行初步場地視察,並研究若干潛在收購機會,以根據招股章程所重的未來計劃尋求戰略聯盟及收購機會。本集團包遷安置區公墓合資項目,並於2020年7月6日與與遭安置區公墓合資項目,並於2020年7月6日與新航城正式簽訂合資協議,共同設立廊坊臨空期向公墓有限公司,負責公墓合資項目的收地補償、建設及營運與管理。2021年,本集團深入公臺有區公司,持續積極全面發展公墓內資項目,在規劃設計、土地徵遷等方面已取得陷段性進展。同時,本公司未來仍會積極尋找更多其他合適的戰略聯盟及收購機會。

#### **Major and Connected Transaction**

The Group entered into a loan agreement with China VAST Industrial Urban Development Company Limited ("China VAST") on 7 May 2021. The Group has conditionally agreed to provide the loan in the principal amount of RMB100,000,000 (or its equivalent in Hong Kong dollars) to China VAST for a term of one year at an interest rate of 12% per annum. Ms. Zhao Ying is a Director and is, through The Hope Trust, interested in 700,000,000 shares, representing 70% of the issued share capital of the Company. She was also, through The Hope Trust and Profit East, interested in an aggregate of 1,221,565,664 shares of China VAST, representing 73.98% of the issued share capital of China VAST. Therefore, Ms. Zhao Ying is a controlling shareholder of both the Company and China VAST. Accordingly, China VAST is a connected person of the Group under Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The loan agreement and the loan contemplated thereunder constitute a major and connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 and Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, and were subjected to and the Group has complied with the reporting, announcement, circular and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14 and Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The loan agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder were approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 24 June 2021. For details, please refer to the announcement dated 7 May 2021, the circular dated 4 June 2021 and the poll results announcement dated 24 June 2021 of the Company.

#### 主要及關連交易

本集團於2021年5月7日與中國宏泰訂立貨款協議,向中國宏泰提供本金額人民幣100,000,000元(或其等值港元)之貸款,為期一年,按年息率12%計算利息。趙穎女士為董事及(透過The Hope Trust)於700,000,000股股份(佔本公司之已發行股本70%)中擁有權益。彼亦(透過The Hope Trust及利東)於中國宏泰之合共1,221,565,664股股份(佔中國宏泰之已發行股本73.98%)中擁有權益。因此,趙穎女士同時為本公司及中國宏泰之控股股東。因此,根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第14A章,中國宏泰為本集團之關連人士。

由於貸款協議及其項下涉及之該貸款構成上市規則第14及第14A章項下本公司之主要及關連交易,須遵守且本集團已遵守上市規則第14及第14A章項下之申報、公告、通函及獨立股東批准規定。

貸款協議及其項下擬進行之交易已於2021年6月24日舉行的本公司股東特別大會上獲本公司獨立股東的批准。詳情請參閱本公司日期為2021年5月7日的公告、日期為2021年6月4日的通函及日期為2021年6月24日的投票表決結果公告。

#### **Financial Review**

#### Revenue

Our revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021 was substantially generated from: (i) sale of burial plots, which includes the control of the burial plots and headstones and other ancillary products to be used on the burial plots; (ii) sale of columbarium units, which includes the control of the columbarium units and other ancillary products to be used on columbarium units; (iii) other burial-related services such as the organization and conducting of interment rituals, the design, construction and landscaping of the burial plots, and the engraving of inscriptions and ceramic photographs on the headstones; and (iv) cemetery maintenance services. The table below sets forth a breakdown of our revenue:

#### 財務回顧

#### 收益

我們截至2021年12月31日止年度的收益大部分來自:(i)墓地銷售,包括墓地控制權及墓碑及於墓地使用的其他配套產品:(ii)銷售骨灰廊,包括骨灰廊控制權及其他配套產品:(iii)其他殯葬相關服務,例如安排及舉行安葬儀式以及墓地的設計、建造及景觀、於墓碑雕刻銘文及陶瓷相片等配套服務;及(iv)墓園維護服務。下表載列我們的收益明細:

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021		2020	
		2021年		2020	)年
			Percentage		Percentage
			of total		of total
		Revenue	revenue	Revenue	revenue
			佔總收益		佔總收益
		收益	百分比	收益	百分比
		(RMB'000)	%	(RMB'000)	%
		(人民幣千元)	%	(人民幣千元)	%
Burial business	殯葬業務				
Sales of burial plots	銷售墓地	30,356	69.1%	29,595	76.1%
Sale of columbarium units	銷售骨灰廊	4,874	11.1%	1,682	4.3%
Provision of other	提供其他殯葬相關				
burial-related services	服務	4,188	9.5%	3,484	9.0%
		39,418	89.7%	34,761	89.4%
Provision of cemetery	提供墓園維護服務				
maintenance services		4,531	10.3%	4,130	10.6%
		43,949	100%	38,891	100.0%

#### Cost of sales and services

Cost of sales and services consists primarily of the costs we incurred in relation to the sales and provision of our services. Our cost of sales and services was RMB7.6 million in 2021 (2020: RMB6.0 million), with an increase of 26.7%.

#### 銷售及服務成本

銷售及服務成本主要包括我們就銷售及提供服務產生的成本。我們2021年的銷售及服務成本為人民幣7.6百萬元(2020年:人民幣6.0百萬元),增加26.7%。

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

			μω <u> </u>	J		
		20	2021		)20	
		2021年		2020年		
			Percentage		Percentage of	
			of total cost		total cost of	
		Cost of sales	of sales and	Cost of sales	sales and	
		and services	services	and services	services	
			佔總銷售及		佔總銷售及	
		銷售及	服務成本	銷售及	服務成本	
		服務成本	百分比	服務成本	百分比	
		(RMB'000)	%	(RMB'000)	%	
		(人民幣千元)	%	(人民幣千元)	%	
Burial business	殯葬業務	7,004	92.7%	5,628	93.8%	
Cemetery maintenance	墓園維護	550	7.3%	370	6.2%	
		7,554	100%	5,998	100.0%	

The Group's cost of sales and services consists primarily of the costs it incurred in relation to the provision of its services, including the headstone cost, construction cost of columbaria, land acquisition cost, cemetery maintenance cost, burial-related cost and others.

本集團的銷售及服務成本主要包括提供服務產生 的成本,包括墓碑成本、骨灰廊建造成本、土地收 購成本、墓園維護成本、殯葬相關成本及其他。

The Group's cost of sales and services for burial services increased by 25.0% from RMB5.6 million in 2020 to RMB7.0 million in 2021, primarily due to the increase in sales of the columbarium units in 2021. The Group's cost of sales and services for cemetery maintenance increased from RMB0.4 million in 2020 to RMB0.6 million in 2021.

本集團殯葬服務的銷售及服務成本由2020年的人 民幣5.6百萬元增加25.0%至2021年的人民幣7.0百 萬元,主要是由於2021年骨灰廊銷售增加。本集團 墓園維護的銷售及服務成本由2020年的人民幣0.4 百萬元增加至2021年的人民幣0.6百萬元。

#### Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit represents revenue less cost of sales and services. Our gross profit for 2021 and 2020 was RMB36.4 million and RMB32.9 million, respectively.

#### 毛利及毛利率

毛利即收益減銷售及服務成本。我們2021年及2020年的毛利分別為人民幣36.4百萬元及人民幣32.9百萬元。

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		既至12/13 T 五十及				
		20	21	2020		
		2021年		2020年		
		Gross Gross profit		Gross	Gross profit	
		profit	margin	profit	margin	
		毛利	毛利率	毛利	毛利率	
		(RMB'000)	%	(RMB'000)	%	
		(人民幣千元)	%	(人民幣千元)	%	
Burial business	殯葬業務	32,414	82.2%	29,133	83.8%	
Cemetery maintenance	墓園維護	3,981	87.9%	3,760	91.0%	
		36,395	82.8%	32,893	84.6%	

Our overall gross profit margin for 2021 and 2020 was 82.8% and 84.6%, respectively. Our relatively high gross profit margins during the year were primarily due to (i) the relatively high gross profit margins in the burial industry; (ii) our ability to provide high-quality burial services; and (iii) the relatively low land acquisition cost for our cemetery.

我們2021年及2020年的整體毛利率分別為82.8%及84.6%。我們的年內毛利率相對較高,主要是由於(i)殯葬行業的毛利率相對較高;(ii)我們能夠提供優質殯葬服務;及(iii)我們墓園的土地收購成本相對較低。

The lower gross profit margin percentage for 2021 is mainly due to higher construction costs of columbaria resulting in a lower gross profit margin for the sale of certain columbarium units in 2021. The gross profit margin percentage of the provision of cemetery maintenance services decreased by approximately 3% year-on-year, mainly due to higher other greening sporadic expenses in 2021.

2021年較低的毛利率主要由於骨灰廊的建造成本較高,導致於2021年銷售若干骨灰廊的毛利率較低。提供墓園維護服務的毛利率按年下降約百分之三,主要由於2021年其他綠化零星開支較高。

#### Other income

The Group's other income decreased slightly by 4.0% from RMB10.1 million in 2020 to RMB9.7 million in 2021.

#### Distribution and selling expenses

Our distribution and selling expenses increased by 7.0% from RMB7.1 million for 2020 to RMB7.6 million for 2021. This increase was primarily due to higher commission and disbursements for promoting the sales of burial plots during the year given the impact of COVID-19.

#### 其他收入

本集團的其他收入由2020年的人民幣10.1百萬元 小幅減少4.0%至2021年的人民幣9.7百萬元。

#### 分銷及銷售開支

我們的分銷及銷售開支由2020年的人民幣7.1百萬元增加7.0%至2021年的人民幣7.6百萬元,增加主要是由於COVID-19的影響,年內推廣墓地銷售的佣金及開銷增加。

#### Administrative expenses

Our administrative expenses decreased by 5.9% from RMB8.5 million for 2020 to RMB8.0 million for 2021.

#### Profit before tax

As a result of the above, our profit before tax decreased by 1.2% from RMB25.2 million for 2020 to RMB24.9 million for 2021.

#### Income tax expense

Our income tax expense decreased by 11.7% from RMB7.7 million for 2020 to RMB6.8 million for 2021, generally consistent with the decrease of our profit.

#### Profit and total comprehensive income for the year

Our profit and total comprehensive income for the year increased by 3.4% from RMB17.5 million for 2020 to RMB18.1 million for 2021. Our net profit margin decreased from 45.1% for 2020 to 41.3% for 2021.

#### Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2021 calculated based on the number of 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares was RMB0.018 (basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2020: RMB0.018).

#### Cash Flow

Our cash and cash equivalents decreased by RMB70.6 million to RMB73.2 million as at 31 December 2021 from RMB143.8 million as at 31 December 2020, principally attributable to the net cash outflow of RMB100 million used in investing activities.

#### Pledge of assets

There was no charge on the Group's assets as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

#### 行政開支

我們的行政開支由2020年的人民幣8.5百萬元減少5.9%至2021年的人民幣8.0百萬元。

#### 除税前溢利

由於上述因素,除税前溢利由2020年的人民幣25.2 百萬元減少1.2%至2021年的人民幣24.9百萬元。

#### 所得税開支

我們的所得税開支由2020年的人民幣7.7百萬元減少11.7%至2021年的人民幣6.8百萬元,與溢利減少基本一致。

#### 年內溢利及全面收入總額

我們的年內溢利及全面收入總額由2020年的人民幣17.5百萬元增加3.4%至2021年的人民幣18.1百萬元。我們的淨利潤率由2020年的45.1%下降至2021年的41.3%。

#### 每股盈利

基於截至2021年12月31日止年度普通股數目 1,000,000,000股計算的每股基本盈利為人民幣 0.018元(截至2020年12月31日止年度每股基本盈 利:人民幣0.018元)。

#### 現金流量

我們的現金及現金等價物減少人民幣70.6百萬元,由2020年12月31日的人民幣143.8百萬元減少至2021年12月31日的人民幣73.2百萬元,主要是由於我們投資活動所用現金流出淨額人民幣100百萬元。

#### 資產抵押

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團並無任何資產抵押。

#### Inventories

Our inventories primarily consist of burial plots, columbarium units, headstones and others. The related carrying amounts of the cemetery assets attributable to the burial plots and columbarium units are transferred to inventory upon the commencement of development of cemetery assets into burial plots with the intention of sale in the ordinary course of business. Headstones are recognised as inventory when they are set up in the cemetery and accepted by the Group. Inventories are transferred to cost when the customer obtains the control of the burial plot. Our inventories increased from RMB18.6 million as at 31 December 2020 to RMB23.8 million as at 31 December 2021, mainly due to the increase of tombstones.

#### Prepayments and other receivables

Our prepayments and other receivables increased from RMB9.3 million as at 31 December 2020 to RMB36.0 million as at 31 December 2021, mainly due to the advance payment for the land demolition for development of new cemetery project located in Langfong of RMB30.0 million.

#### Trade and other payables

Our trade and other payables increased by 95.1% from RMB6.1 million as at 31 December 2020 to RMB11.9 million as at 31 December 2021, the increase is mainly due to RMB6.6 million payable of tombstones to suppliers.

#### Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities represent the obligations to transfer burial plots and cemetery maintenance services in accordance with the revenue recognition policy and the nature of the business.

As at 31 December 2021, current contract liabilities amounted to RMB7.4 million (as at 31 December 2020: RMB8.0 million). The current contract liabilities remains stable with a slight decrease.

As at 31 December 2021, non-current contract liabilities amounted to RMB67.3 million (as at 31 December 2020: RMB63.2 million). The increase in non-current contract liabilities is mainly due to increase in advances from customers during the current year.

#### 存貨

我們的存貨主要包括墓地、骨灰廊、墓碑及其他。 墓地及骨灰廊應佔墓園資產的相關賬面值於墓園 資產開始發展為墓地並有意在日常業務過程中出 售時撥入存貨。墓碑於墓園內建造並獲本集團驗 收時確認為存貨。存貨在客戶取得墓地控制權時 撥入成本。我們的存貨由2020年12月31日的人民 幣18.6百萬元增加至2021年12月31日的人民幣23.8 百萬元,乃主要由於墓碑增加。

#### 預付款項及其他應收款項

預付款項及其他應收款項由2020年12月31日的人民幣9.3百萬元升至2021年12月31日的人民幣36.0 百萬元,主要由於預付款項人民幣30.0百萬元,用 於開發位於廊坊的新公墓項目的土地拆遷。

#### 貿易及其他應付款項

我們的貿易及其他應付款項由2020年12月31日的人民幣6.1百萬元增加95.1%至2021年12月31日的人民幣11.9百萬元,增加主要是由於應付供應商之墓碑應付款項人民幣6.6百萬元。

#### 合約負債

合約負債指根據收益確認政策及業務性質轉讓墓 地及墓園維護服務的義務。

2021年12月31日的流動合約負債為人民幣7.4百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣8.0百萬元)。流動合約負債的輕微減少維持穩定。

2021年12月31日的非流動合約負債為人民幣67.3 百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣63.2百萬元)。非 流動合約負債增加主要是由於當年收到客戶預付 款項增加。

#### Capital structure

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there was no change to the capital structure of the Company.

#### Liquidity and financial resources

As at 31 December 2021, we had bank balances and cash of approximately RMB84.4 million (2020: RMB197.6 million). We have financed our working capital, capital expenditures and other capital requirements primarily through income generated from our operations. In the future, we expect to fund our capital expenditures, working capital and other capital requirements from the Group's bank balances and cash, cash generated from our operations and other borrowings.

#### Gearing ratio

The Directors review the capital structure on annual basis. As part of this review, the Directors consider the cost of capital and the risk associated with each class of capital. Based on the recommendations of the Directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through payment of dividends, issue of new shares and repurchase of shares as well as issue of new debts or the redemption of existing debts.

As at 31 December 2021, the gearing ratio of the Group, being total liabilities to total assets, was 32.6% (2020: 32.9%), which indicated the Group's healthy liquidity position.

#### Employee remuneration and relations

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a total of 57 employees (2020: 57 employees). The Group provides employees with competitive remuneration and benefits, and the remuneration policy will be reviewed on a regular basis based on the performance and contribution of the employees and the industry remuneration level. In addition, the Group also provides various training courses to enhance the employees' skills and capabilities in all aspects.

#### 資本結構

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本公司的資本結構 並無改變。

#### 流動資金及財務資源

於2021年12月31日,我們的銀行結餘及現金約為人 民幣84.4百萬元(2020年:人民幣197.6百萬元)。我 們主要以經營產生的收入撥付我們營運資金、資 本開支及其他資本需求。日後,我們預期透過本集 團銀行結餘及現金、經營所得現金以及其他借款 撥付我們的資本開支、營運資金及其他資本需求。

#### 資產負債比率

董事每年會檢討資本架構。作為此檢討之一部分, 董事考慮資本成本及與各類別股份有關的風險。 根據董事的推薦建議,本集團將透過派發股息、 發行新股及購回股份以及發行新債務或贖回現有 債務平衡其整體資本架構。

本集團於2021年12月31日之資產負債比率(即總負債與總資產之比率)為32.6%(2020年:32.9%),表示本集團流動資金穩健。

#### 僱員薪酬及關係

於2021年12月31日,本集團共有57名僱員(2020年:57名僱員)。本集團為僱員提供具競爭力的薪酬及福利,並會按照僱員表現及貢獻以及行業薪酬水平定期檢討薪酬政策。此外,本集團亦提供不同培訓課程,藉以提升僱員各方面的技能及能力。

#### Operating lease

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had minimum lease payments receivable of approximately RMB0.2 million (2020: RMB0.2 million).

#### Commitments

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had no capital commitments in respect of expenditure in cemetery assets and property, plant and equipment (2020: RMB0.2 million).

#### Contingent liabilities

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group's business is principally denominated in Renminbi. As certain bank deposits are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, therefore, the Group is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk. No currency hedging arrangement had been made by the Group during the year. The Directors have positive attitude to regular monitor the exposure to foreign exchange so as to reduce the foreign exchange rate risk to minimal.

#### 經營租賃

於2021年12月31日,本集團的應收最低租賃付款 約為人民幣0.2百萬元(2020年:人民幣0.2百萬元)。

#### 承擔

於2021年12月31日,本集團就墓園資產及物業、廠 房及設備方面的開支並無資本承擔(2020年:人民 幣0.2百萬元)。

#### 或然負債

於2021年12月31日,本集團並無重大或然負債 (2020年:無)。

#### 外匯風險

本集團的業務主要以人民幣計值。由於若干銀行 存款以港元計值,因此,本集團承受外匯風險。本 集團在年內概無進行貨幣對沖安排。董事積極定 期監察所承受的外匯風險,以盡可能降低外匯風 險。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present the Corporate Governance Report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

**Corporate Governance Practices** 

The Company is committed to establish and maintain good corporate governance practices and procedures. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board has adopted its own code on corporate governance practices which incorporate all the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). The Directors will continue to review its corporate governance practices in order to enhance its corporate governance standard and ensure further standards be put in place by reference to the recommended best practices whenever suitable and appropriate.

This Corporate Governance Report is to outline the major principles of the Company's corporate governance. Shareholders are encouraged to make their views known to the Group if they have issues with the Company's corporate governance and to directly raise any matters of concern to the chairman of the Board ("Chairman").

The Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the CG Code during the Year.

#### **Board of Directors**

Our Board currently consists of seven Directors, comprising one Nonexecutive Director ("NED"), three Executive Directors ("EDs") and three Independent Non-executive Directors ("INEDs"). The powers and duties of our Board include convening general meetings and reporting our Board's work at our Shareholders' meetings, determining our business and investment plans, preparing our annual financial budgets and final reports, formulating proposals for profit distributions as well as exercising other powers, functions and duties as conferred by our Memorandum and Articles of Association. The composition of the Board during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this report was as follows:

董事會欣然提呈本公司截至2021年12月31日止年 度的企業管治報告。

#### 企業管治常規

本公司致力建立及維持良好企業管治常規及程序。 截至2021年12月31日止年度,董事會已採納其自 身的企業管治常規守則,其中包括聯交所證券上 市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載企業管治守則 (「企業管治守則」)所有守則條文。董事將繼續檢 討其企業管治常規,以提升其企業管治標準,並 確保於合適及適當時參考推薦最佳常規進一步制 定標準。

本企業管治報告概述本公司企業管治的主要原則。 倘股東對本公司企業管治事項有任何問題,可以 踴躍向本集團提出觀點,亦可以直接向董事會主 席(「主席」)提出任何受關注的事項。

於本年度,本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載之守 則條文。

#### 董事會

Non-executive Director and Chairman

董事會現時由七名董事組成,包括一名非執行董 事、三名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。董事 會的權力及職責包括召開股東大會並於股東大會 上匯報董事會的工作、釐定業務及投資計劃、編 製年度財政預算及全年報告、制定溢利分派建議, 以及行使組織章程大綱及細則賦予的其他權力、 職能及職責。下表呈列截至2021年12月31日止年 度及截至本報告日期董事會的成員名單:

#### Name of Director 董事姓名

**Position** 職位

執行董事

執行董事

執行董事

非執行董事兼主席

**Executive Director** 

**Executive Director** 

**Executive Director** 

**Executive Director** 

Zhao Ying 趙穎 Li Xingying

李興穎 Huang Guangming (resigned on 29 March 2021)

黃廣明(於2021年3月29日辭任)

Wang Wei (appointed on 29 March 2021) 王薇(於2021年3月29日獲委任)

Huang Peikun (appointed on 29 March 2021)

黃培坤(於2021年3月29日獲委任)

Cheung Ying Kwan

Wong Wing Kuen, Albert 王永權

Choi Hon Keung, Simon

執行董事 Independent Non-executive Director 張應坤 獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Director 蔡漢強 獨立非執行董事

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

There is no relationship between the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. The Directors do not have financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. The biographical details of the Directors and other senior management are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages from 33 to 39 of this annual report.

主席與行政總裁之間並無關係。董事之間概無財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係。董事及其他高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本年報第33至39頁「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。

During the Year, the Board has at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three INEDs with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications and accounting and related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules among the Directors. The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from all of the independent non-executive Directors and the Board is of the view that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

年內,董事會一直遵守上市規則有關委任最少三名獨立非執行董事,以及其中最少一名董事擁有上市規則要求的適當專業資格及會計與相關財務管理知識的規定。本公司已接獲全體獨立非執行董事就彼等的獨立性發出的年度確認書。董事會認為,全體獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條均為獨立人士。

#### Responsibilities of the Board

# The Board is responsible for overseeing the management, businesses, strategic directions, financial performance and monitoring business and performance. The Board provides high-level guidance and effective oversight of the Management and holds regular meetings to discuss the Group's businesses and operations. All Directors carry out their duties in good faith and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, taking decisions objectively and acting in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders at all times.

# The Board reserves for its decisions all major matters of the Company, including the approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those involving conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the management team. The delegated functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed by the Board to ensure that they accommodate the needs of the Group. Executive Directors and senior executives meet regularly to review the performance of the businesses of the Group as a whole. The Board also gives clear directions as to their powers of management including circumstances where management should report back, and will review the delegation arrangements on a periodic basis to ensure that they remain appropriate to the needs of the Group.

#### 董事會的職責

董事會負責監督管理、業務、決策方向、財務表現及監察業務及表現。董事會為管理層提供高層次的指引及有效監督,並召開定期會議討論本集團業務及營運。全體董事真誠執行職務,遵守適用法律及法規及客觀決策,在任何時候均以符合本公司及股東的利益行事。

董事會保留本公司所有主要事項的決定權,包括 批准及監督所有政策、整體策略及預算、內部控 制及風險管理制度、重大交易(尤其是涉及利益衝 突者)、財務資料、董事委任及其他重大財務及營 運事項。

本公司日常管理、行政及營運授權管理層團隊負責。董事會定期檢討授權的職能及工作,以確保彼等照顧到本集團需要。執行董事與高級行政人員定期會面,檢討本集團整體業務表現。董事會亦就管理層權力提供清晰指引,包括管理層應進行匯報的情況,並將定期檢討授權安排,以確保彼等仍然適合本集團需要。

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

All Directors, including Independent Non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective delivery of the Board functions.

#### **Board Diversity**

The Company has adopted the Board Diversity Policy with measurable objectives. A diverse Board will include and make good use of differences in the skills, industry knowledge and experience, education, race, age, gender, background and other qualities of directors. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard to the benefits of diversity on the Board.

#### **Dividend Policy**

The Company has adopted a general dividend policy that aims to provide the shareholders of the Company out of the Group's profit attributable to shareholders in any financial year. In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall take into account, inter alia, the following factors: (i) the actual and expected financial results of the Group; (ii) economic conditions and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group; (iii) the Group's business strategies, including future cash commitments and investment needs to sustain the long-term growth aspect of the business; (iv) the current and future operations, liquidity position and capital requirements of the Group; and any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

#### **Directors' Securities Transactions**

The Company has adopted a code of conduct for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors in accordance with Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquires of the Directors, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors adopted by the Company during the period from the date of listing up to the date of this report.

#### Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The roles and duties of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are carried out by different individuals. The role of Chairman is held by Ms. Zhao Ying, the role of Chief Executive Officer is temporarily vacant and the equivalent duties is held by the deputy Chief Executive Officer by Ms. Li Xingying. The Chairman provides leadership for the Board and ensures its effectiveness in all aspects. The Chief Executive Officer has the delegated power to monitor the daily operation and management of the Company. The Board will keep reviewing the current structure of the Board and the need of appointment of a suitable candidate to perform the role of Chairman.

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)為董事會帶來廣泛而寶貴的業務經驗、知識及專業精神,高效率 地執行董事會職能,饒富成效。

#### 董事會多元化

本公司已採納設有可衡量目標的董事會多元化政策。多元化的董事會將包括及善用董事不同的技能、行業知識及經驗、教育、種族、年齡、性別、背景及其他特質。所有董事會任命均以用人唯才為原則,輔以客觀準則考慮候任人選,並充分考慮董事會多元化的裨益。

#### 股息政策

本公司已採納一般股息政策,旨在以任何財政年度股東應佔本集團溢利向本公司股東派付股息。建議派付任何股息時,董事會考慮以下因素(其中包括):(i)本集團的實際及預期財務業績:(ii)可能影響本集團業務或財務表現及狀況的經濟狀況以及其他內部或外部因素:(iii)本集團的業務策略,包括持續長期業務增長所需的未來現金承諾及投資需要:(iv)本集團目前及未來的營運、流動資金狀況及資本需求;及董事會視為適當的任何其他因素。

#### 董事的證券交易

本公司已根據上市規則附錄十,採納有關董事買 賣本公司證券的操守守則。經向董事作出具體查 詢後,全體董事確認彼等由上市日期起至本報告 日期期間,一直遵守規定的買賣標準及本公司採 納的有關董事證券交易操守守則。

#### 主席及行政總裁

主席與行政總裁的角色及職責應由不同人士擔任。 趙穎女士擔任主席,行政總裁一職暫時懸空,而 相關職務由行政副總裁李興穎女士擔任。主席領 導董事會,並確保其於所有方面維持運作成效。 行政總裁獲授權監督本公司日常營運及管理。董 事會將持續檢討董事會目前的架構及委任適當人 選擔任主席一職的需要。

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

In compliance with the Listing Rules, the Company has appointed three INEDs representing more than one-third of the Board and at least one of whom has appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The functions of INEDs are primarily to bring an independent judgement on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conducts at board meetings.

#### **Confirmation of Independence**

Each of INEDs has made an annual confirmation of independence by reference to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers that all Independent Non-executive Directors were independent during the Year.

#### **Appointment and Re-election of Directors**

Each of the EDs is engaged on a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years. The Company has also issued a letter of appointment for a term of three years to the NED and each of the INEDs.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are governed by the Articles of Association. The Company has established a Nomination Committee which is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, monitoring the appointment and succession planning of the Directors and assessing the independence of the INEDs.

The Articles of Association provides that any Director so appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to reelection at such meeting. Any Director so appointed as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting ("AGM") of the Company after his appointment and be eligible for re-election at such meeting. Any Director so appointed by the Board shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at an annual general meeting.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation. However, if the number of Directors is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one third shall be the number of retiring Directors. The Directors to retire in each year shall be those who have been in office longest since their last re-election or appointment but, as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day, those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.

#### 獨立非執行董事

為遵守上市規則,本公司已委任三名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會人數三分之一以上,且至少一名擁有適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長。

獨立非執行董事的職能主要為於董事會會議上就 策略、政策、表現、問責性、資源、主要委任及操 守標準事宜作出獨立判斷。

#### 確認獨立性

各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13條作出 年度獨立性確認,本公司認為所有獨立非執行董 事於本年度均為獨立人士。

#### 委任及重選董事

各執行董事與本公司訂立為期三年的服務協議。 本公司亦向非執行董事及各獨立非執行董事發出 為期三年的委任狀。

委任、重選及罷免董事的手續及程序由組織章程 細則規管。本公司已成立提名委員會,負責檢討 董事會構成、監督董事委任及繼任規劃及評估獨 立非執行董事的獨立性。

組織章程細則規定,任何獲委任填補臨時空缺的董事的任期直至其獲委任後首次本公司股東大會大人有關大會廣選連任。任何獲委任任明直至其獲委任後首次本公司股東周年大會(「股東周年大會」)為此,並可於有關大會應選連任。任何以該等計值提董事會委任的董事於釐定在股東周年大會退任的董事或董事人數時不應計算在內。

根據組織章程細則,三分之一當時在任的董事須 於每次股東周年大會輪值退任。然而,倘董事總 數並非三的倍數,則以最接近但不少於三分之一 的董事人數作為應退任的董事人數。每年退任的 董事為自上次膺選連任或委任以來任期最長者, 惟倘董事於同日獲委任或獲膺選連任,則除非彼 等另外協定,否則將以抽籤方式釐定退任人選。

## Continuous Professional Development for Directors

Pursuant to Code Provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he/she is sufficiently aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements. During the year ended 31 December 2021, all Directors, including Ms. Zhao Ying, Ms. Li Xingying, Ms. Wang Wei, Mr. Huang Peikun, Mr. Huang Guangming, Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan, Dr. Wong Wing Kuen, Albert and Mr. Choi Hon Keung, Simon had studied the reading materials relevant to corporate governance and other regulatory requirements in order to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

#### **Board Meetings**

The Board meets regularly for reviewing and approving the financial and operating performance, and considering and approving the overall strategies and policies of the Company. Additional meetings are held when significant events or important issues are required to be discussed and resolved.

The following table indicates the number of Board, committee and general meetings during the financial year and the number of attendance by each of the Directors:

#### 董事的持續專業發展

根據企業管治守則條文第A.6.5條,全體董事應參與持續專業發展,以確保彼等適切了解本集團業務及營運,並充分明白彼等根據上市規則及有關監管規定的職責及責任。截至2021年12月31日止年度,全體董事(包括趙穎女士、李興穎女士、王帝被女士、黃培坤先生、黃廣明先生、張應坤先生、王永權博士及蔡漢強先生)已研讀有關企業管治會其他監管規定的閱讀材料,以確保彼等對董事會提供知情相關的貢獻。

#### 董事會會議

董事會定期會面,以檢討及批准財務及營運表現,並審議及批准本公司整體策略及政策。需要討論及議決重大事件或重要事項時將舉行額外會議。

下表呈列董事會、委員會及股東大會於本財政年度舉行的次數,以及各董事的出席次數:

#### Number of meetings attended/held 出席/舉行會議次數

Name	姓名	Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	General Meeting 股東大會
Non-executive Director and Chairman	非執行董事兼主席					
Zhao Ying	趙穎	4/4	_	2/2	1/1	1/1
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Li Xingying	李興穎	4/4	_	_	_	1/1
Wang Wei	王薇	3/4	_	_	_	1/1
Huang Peikun	黄培坤	3/4	_	_	_	1/1
Huang Guangming	黃廣明	1/4	_	_	_	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Cheung Ying Kwan	張應坤	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1
Wong Wing Kuen, Albert	王永權	4/4	2/2	2/2	_	1/1
Choi Hon Keung, Simon	蔡漢強	4/4	2/2	_	1/1	1/1

#### **Board Committees**

The Board has established three Board committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All the Board committees should report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made. The terms of reference of the three committees are posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

#### Audit Committee

The Company has established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.22 of the Listing Rules and Code Provision C.3.3 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee consists of three members, namely Dr. Wong Wing Kuen, Albert, Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan and Mr. Choi Hon Keung, Simon. The chairman of the Audit Committee is Dr. Wong Wing Kuen, Albert. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to assist our Board by providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management system of our Group, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and removal of external auditors, reviewing our financial information and disclosures, to oversee the audit process, to develop and review our policies and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

During 2021, the Audit Committee held two meetings to review and discuss the relevant interim and annual financial statements, results announcements and reports of the Group.

#### Remuneration Committee

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.26 of the Listing Rules and Code Provision B.1.2 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The Remuneration Committee consists of three members, namely Dr. Wong Wing Kuen, Albert, Ms. Zhao Ying and Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan. The chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Dr. Wong Wing Kuen, Albert. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include (but without limitation): (i) making recommendations to the Directors regarding our policy and structure for the remuneration of all our Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing the remuneration policies; (ii) making recommendations to our Board on the remuneration packages of our Directors and senior management; and (iii) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to our Board's corporate goals and objectives.

#### 董事委員會

董事會已成立三個董事委員會,即審核委員會、 提名委員會及薪酬委員會,負責監督本公司特定 範疇的事項。董事會全體委員會應向董事會匯報 彼等作出的決定或推薦意見。該等三個委員會的 職權範圍刊載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

#### 審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會並遵照上市規則第3.22 條及上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則C.3.3段 制定其書面職權範圍。審核委員會由三名成員。 成,即王永權博士、張應坤先生及蔡漢強先生。 審核委員會主席為王永權博士。審核委員會的 核委員會主席為王永權博士。審核委員會部控 責為透過就本集團財務報告程序、內向董事財 風險管理制度的有效性提供獨立意見、審 國際管理制度的有效性提供獨立意見、審 國際管理制度的有效性提供獨立意見、審 國際管理制度的有效性提供獨立意見、 審 關稅 資料及披露,協助董事會監察審核過程、制定職 務與職責。

於2021年度,審核委員會舉行了二次會議,以審閱及討論本集團中期及年度財務報表、業績公告及報告的相關初稿。

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司已遵照上市規則第3.26條及上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則B.1.2段,成立薪酬委員會 並制定其書面職權範圍。薪酬委員會由三名成,即王永權博士、趙穎女士及張應坤先生。薪酬委員會主席為王永權博士。薪酬委員會的主主之。 酬委員會主席為王永權博士。薪酬委員會的主主之。 職責包括(但不限於):(i)向董事提供有關全體蓋等 及高級管理層薪酬政策及架構,以及就制定言 「ii)向董事會提供有關董事及高級管理層薪酬待遇的推 薦意見:及(iii)参考董事會公司目標及目的,審批 管理層薪酬建議。

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Company has adopted the model to delegate the remuneration committee to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management.

During 2021, the Remuneration Committee met two times to review 於2021年度,薪酬委員會舉行了兩次會議,以審閱 the remuneration policies and remuneration packages of the 本公司董事的薪酬政策及薪酬待遇。

#### Nomination Committee

Directors.

The Company has established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Code Provision A.5.2 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee consists of three members, namely Ms. Zhao Ying, Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan and Mr. Choi Hon Keung, Simon. The chairman of the Nomination Committee is Ms. Zhao Ying. The primary function of the Nomination Committee is to make recommendations to our Board on appointment of members of our Board. During 2021, the Nomination Committee held 1 meeting to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and concluded that the members of the Board have possessed the expertise and independence to carry out the Board's functions and responsibilities.

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee (amended and restated with effect from 16 December 2020), the Nomination Committee shall review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and professional experience, gender, age, cultural and educational background) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy. Based on such factors, the Nomination Committee shall also identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships.

## Directors' Responsibilities for Financial Statements

The Directors have acknowledged their responsibilities for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

The Board is committed to providing a balanced, clear and comprehensive assessment of interim and annual reports, price-sensitive announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The reporting responsibilities of the Company's external auditor on the financial statements of the Group are set out in the section of "Independent Auditor's Report" in this Annual Report.

本公司採納了授權薪酬委員會向董事會建議個別 執行董事及高級管理層人員薪酬待遇的模式。

#### 提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會並已遵照上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則A.5.2制定其書面職權範圍。提名委員會由三名成員組成,即趙穎女士、趙紀安政等強先生。提名委員會主席為趙領女士。提名委員會的主要職責為就委任董事會成員向董事會提出推薦意見。於2021年度,提名委員會舉行了一次會議,以檢討董事會架構、規模及構成,並總結董事會成員擁有執行董事會職能及責任的專業知識及獨立性。

根據提名委員會的職權範圍(經修訂及重列,自 2020年12月16日起生效),提名委員會須至少每年 檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成(包括技能、), 及專業經驗、性別、年齡、文化及教育背景), 就任何為補充本公司的公司策略而擬對董事會作 出的變動提出建議。基於該等因素,提名委員 亦應物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員的人士會 並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提 供意見。

#### 董事就財務報表須承擔的責任

董事已知悉彼等就根據法定規定及適用會計準則 編製本年度本集團合併財務報表的責任。

董事會致力就中期報告及年報、價格敏感公告及 上市規則與其他監管規定項下的其他披露事項, 提供持平、清晰及全面的評估。

董事並不知悉任何可能會對本公司持續經營能力構成重大疑問的事件或情況的重大不明朗因素。

本公司外聘核數師就本集團財務報表的申報責任 載於本年報「獨立核數師報告」一節。

#### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions such as developing and reviewing the Company's policies, practices on corporate governance, reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct applicable to employees and the Directors, and reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report contained in the Company's annual reports.

#### **Auditors' Remuneration**

The fees paid/payable to the Company's auditor, in respect of audit services for the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to RMB1,050,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the fees paid/payable for the services provided by the Company's auditor are set out as follows:

#### 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治職能,例如制定及檢討 本公司企業管治政策及常規、檢討及監察董事及 高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展、檢討及監察 本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規、 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的操守守則、 以及檢討本公司就企業管治守則的合規情況及本 公司年報所載企業管治報告內的披露事項。

#### 核數師酬金

就截至2021年12月31日止年度審核服務已付/應 付本公司核數師費用為人民幣1.050.000元。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,就本公司核數師 提供的服務已付/應付費用呈列如下:

Services rendered	Fees paid/payable
提供的服務	已付/應付費用
Statutory audit services	RMB1,050,000
法定審核服務	人民幣1,050,000元
Non-audit services 非審核服務	
Interim review	RMB380,000
中期審閱	人民幣380,000元
Circular works related to capital market transactions	RMB170,000
與資本市場交易相關的通函	人民幣170,000元
	RMB550,000 人民幣550,000元

#### **Remuneration of Senior Management**

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the remuneration of the members of the senior management is set out by band as follows:

#### 高級管理層薪酬

截至2021年12月31日止年度,高級管理層成員的 薪酬按薪酬範圍呈列如下:

#### Number of employees 僱員人數

		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	4	4

#### **Risk Management and Internal Control**

The Board recognises the overall responsibility for the establishment, maintenance, and review of the risk management and internal control system and an effective risk management and internal control system enhances the Group's ability in achieving business objectives, safeguarding assets, complying with applicable laws and regulations and contributes to the effectiveness and efficiency of its operations. The senior management reviews and evaluates the control process and monitors any risk factors on a regular basis and reports to the Board and the Audit Committee on any findings and measures to address the variances and identified risks.

The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Group's risk management and internal control procedures include a comprehensive budgeting, information reporting and performance monitoring system. The Audit Committee reviews the effectiveness of the Group's internal audit function and the Group's risk management and internal control system annually, covering all key control, including financial, operational and compliance. The result of review will be reported to the Board and some measures would be proposed if there is any area for improvement. During the Year, the Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems and considered them effective and adequate.

#### **Company Secretary**

Mr. Tang Chun Man Adam resigned as the company secretary of the Company on 29 March 2021. On the same day, Ms. Li Ming Wai ("Ms. Li") was appointed as the company secretary of the Company. Ms. Li had taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training for the year ended 31 December 2021. The biographical details of Ms. Li are set out under the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management".

#### Shareholders' Right

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders of the Company and the Board. An AGM of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board.

#### 風險管理及內部控制

董事會了解設立、維持及檢討風險管理及內部控制制度的全面責任,而有效的風險管理及內部控制制度可加強本集團達致業務目標的能力、保障資產、遵守適用法律及法規以及有助提升營運的效率及成效。高級管理層定期檢討及評估控制程序及監察任何風險因素,並向董事會及審核委員會匯報任何發現及應對變動與已識別風險的措施。

風險管理及內部控制制度旨在管理而非消除無法 達致業務目標的風險,並僅能就重大錯誤陳述或 損失提供合理而非絕對的保障。

本集團的風險管理及內部控制制度包括全面預算編製、資料匯報及表現監察制度。審核委員會每年檢討本集團內部審核職能的成效及本集團風險管理及內部控制制度,涵蓋所有關鍵控制,包括財務、營運及合規。檢討結果將向董事會匯報,而倘有任何可改善之處,則會建議推行若干措施。 年內,董事會已進行風險管理及內部控制制度的成效檢討,並認為其屬有效及充分。

#### 公司秘書

鄧峻文先生於2021年3月29日辭任本公司公司秘書。同日,李銘慧女士(「李女士」)獲委任為本公司公司秘書。於截至2021年12月31日止年度,李女士已接受不少於15個小時相關專業培訓。李女士的履歷載於「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。

#### 股東權利

本公司股東大會為本公司股東與董事會提供溝通 機會。每年將舉行本公司股東周年大會,地點可 由董事會釐定。

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Right to Convene EGM and putting forward proposals at general meetings

Each general meeting, other than an AGM, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM"). EGM shall be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

EGM shall be called by at least 14 days' notice in writing. The written requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, be signed by the requisitionist(s) and deposited to the Board or the company secretary of the Company at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong marked with the attention of the company secretary, and such may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.

#### **Enquires to the Board**

Shareholders may put forward enquires to the Board in writing to the principal place of business in Hong Kong of the Company.

#### **Enquiry Contact:**

By email: admin@lfwty.com
By post: Unit 3707A, 37th Floor,

West Tower, Shun Tak Centre,

168-200 Connaught Road Central,

Hong Kong

Attention: Public Relationship

召開股東特別大會及於股東大會提呈建議的權利

召開股東特別大會須發出最少14日書面通知。書面要求必須列明會議目的、由提出要求人士簽署,並提交至本公司香港主要營業地點予董事會或公司秘書及註明致公司秘書。有關書面要求可由格式相若的數份文件組成,並由一名或多名提出要求人士簽署。

#### 向董事會查詢

股東可以書面向董事會查詢,並發送至本公司香 港主要營業地點。

#### 聯絡資料:

電郵: admin@lfwty.com

郵遞地址: 香港干諾道中168-200號

信德中心西座 37樓3707A室

致: 公共關係

#### **Investors Relations**

The Company has maintained a continuing dialogue with the Company's shareholders and investors through various channels, including, among others, the Company's annual, and interim reports, notices, announcements and circulars and the Company's website at www.chinawty.com. The Company also holds press conferences from time to time at which the Executive Directors and senior management of the Group are available to answer questions regarding the Group's business and performance.

#### **Constitutional Documents**

No change has been made to the Company's article of association during the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### **Inside Information**

The Company regulates the handling and propagation of inside information according to the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" published by the Securities and Futures Commission and as indicated in the corporate responsibility policy and various affiliate proceedings to ensure inside information remains confidential until the disclosure of such information is appropriately approved, and the propagation of such information is efficiently and consistently made. The Company regularly reminds the Directors and employees about the due compliance with all policies regarding the inside information with the latest regulatory updates.

#### 投資者關係

本公司與本公司股東及投資者透過各種途徑持續保持溝通,其中包括本公司年度、及中期報告、通告、公告及通函及本公司網站www.chinawty.com。本公司亦不時召開記者會,本集團執行董事及高級管理層將於會上回答有關本集團業務及表現的提問。

#### 組織章程文件

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本公司的組織章程細則並無作出任何變動。

#### 內幕消息

本公司根據證券及期貨事務監察委員頒佈的「內幕消息披露指引」及企業責任政策與各種相關程序所示,處理及公佈內幕消息,以確保內幕消息於披露獲批准前維持保密,而有關消息的公佈以有效及一致方式進行。本公司定期提醒董事及僱員妥為遵守根據最近期監管更新的所有內幕消息政策。

# BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層履歷

#### **Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors (the "Board") consists of seven Directors, comprising one non-executive Director, three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors.

#### ZHAO Ying (趙穎)

Non-executive Director and Chairman

Ms. ZHAO Ying (趙穎, "Ms. Zhao"), aged 51, joined the Group in January 2017 and was further designated as a non-executive Director in March 2017. Ms. Zhao has been serving as a director of Wan Tong (HK) Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, since January 2017. Ms. Zhao has been serving as a director of Langfang City Property Development Co., Ltd. (廊坊市城區房地產開發有限公司) since February 2008 and a non-executive director of China VAST Industrial Urban Development Company Limited (中國宏泰產業市鎮發展有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 6166) from February 2014 to July 2021.

#### LI Xingying (李興穎)

Executive Director and Deputy Chief Executive Officer

Ms. LI Xingying (李興穎, "Ms. Li"), aged 43, was appointed as an executive Director in March 2017. Ms. Li has 20 years of experience in burial services industry. Ms. Li joined the Group in November 2007. She has been serving as the legal representative and general manager of Langfang Wantong Public Cemetery Co., Limited (廊坊市萬桐公墓有限公司). Ms. Li has been the sole executive director, legal representative and general manager of Langfang Wantong since May 2015. She has been serving as the legal representative of Langfang City Wantong Funeral Services Co., Ltd. (廊坊市萬桐殯葬服務有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Wangtongyuan Investment since March 2017 and has been serving as an executive director of Langfang Wantong since May 2015. She has been serving as the legal representative and chairman of Langfang Linkong Wantong Cemetery Co.,Ltd. (廊坊臨空萬桐公墓有限公司) since 31 July 2020.

Before joining the Group, she served as a clerk and cashier of Wan Tong Yuan from March 1999 to September 2000 and a salesperson in Langfang City Property Development Co., Ltd. (廊坊市城區房地產開發有限公司) from September 2000 to March 2003. From March 2003 to October 2005, Ms. Li served as the marketing manager of Wan Tong Yuan, responsible for the overall management of the customers' services center and business administration thereof. Ms. Li served as the general manager of Wan Tong Yuan from October 2005 to November 2007 and the executive general manager of Langfang Wantong from November 2007 to May 2015.

#### 董事會

董事會(「董事會」)由七名董事組成,包括一名非執行董事、三名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。

#### 趙穎

非執行董事兼主席

趙穎女士(「趙女士」),51歲,於2017年1月加入本集團,並於2017年3月獲指定為非執行董事。趙女士自2017年1月起擔任本公司全資附屬公司萬桐(香港)有限公司董事。趙女士自2008年2月起擔任廊坊市城區房地產開發有限公司董事,並於2014年2月至2021年7月擔任聯交所上市公司中國宏泰產業市鎮發展有限公司(股份代號:6166)的非執行董事。

#### 李興穎

執行董事及行政副總裁

李興穎女士(「李女士」),43歲,於2017年3月獲委任為執行董事。李女士具備20年殯葬服務業經驗,於2007年11月加入本集團。並擔任廊坊市萬桐公墓有限公司的法定代表人及總經理,自2015年5月起一直為廊坊萬桐的唯一執行董事、法定代表人及總經理,自2017年3月起擔任本公司全資附屬公司廊坊市萬桐殯葬服務有限公司及萬桐園投資的法定代表人,並自2015年5月起擔任廊坊萬桐的執行董事。彼自2020年7月31日起擔任廊坊臨空萬桐公墓有限公司之法定代表人及董事長。

加入本集團前,彼於1999年3月至2000年9月任萬桐園店員兼收銀員,於2000年9月至2003年3月任廊坊市城區房地產開發有限公司銷售員。2003年3月至2005年10月,李女士任萬桐園營銷經理,負責客戶服務中心的整體管理及業務管理。李女士於2005年10月至2007年11月任萬桐園總經理,並於2007年11月至2015年5月任廊坊萬桐執行總經理。

## Biographies of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

#### HUANG Guangming (黃廣明)

#### **Executive Director**

Mr. HUANG Guangming (黃廣明, "Mr. Huang"), aged 47, was appointed as an executive Director in March 2017. Mr. Huang has more than seven years of experience in burial services industry. Mr. Huang rejoined the Group as a deputy general manager of Langfang Wantong in September 2013. Mr. Huang served as the human resources manager of Langfang City Property Development Co., Ltd. (廊坊市城區房地產開發有限公司) from June 2004 to November 2007, the deputy general manager of Langfang Wantong from November 2007 to June 2010 and the general manger of Chengde Yonglun Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (承德永侖房地產開發有限公司) from June 2010 to September 2013. From time to time, Mr. Huang supervised the operation of the purchasing center of Langfang City Property Development Co., Ltd. (廊坊市城區房地產開發有限公司) during September 2013 to March 2017, which was a part-time position only.

Mr. Huang received associate (大專) level education in marketing from Hebei University of Science and Technology (河北科技大學) and graduated from the same university in July 2001. Mr. Huang resigned as the executive Director of the Company on 29 March 2021.

#### WANG Wei (王薇)

#### **Executive Director**

Ms. WANG Wei (王薇, "Ms. Wang"), aged 29, was appointed as an executive Director in March 2021. Ms. Wang is an executive Director of China VAST Industrial Urban Development Company Limited (中國 宏泰產業市鎮發展有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 6166) since November 2017. Ms. Wang is the daughter of Ms. Zhao Ying, the chairman of the Group, a non-executive Director and a controlling Shareholder. Ms. Wang obtained a bachelor's degree in finance from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics in June 2013, and has extensive experience in corporate finance and mergers and acquisitions.

#### 黄廣明

#### 執行董事

黃廣明先生(「黃先生」),47歲,於2017年3月獲委任為執行董事。黃先生有逾七年的殯葬服務行業經驗,於2013年9月重新加入本集團任廊坊萬桐的副總經理。黃先生於2004年6月至2007年11月任廊坊市城區房地產開發有限公司人力資源經理,於2007年11月至2010年6月任廊坊萬桐的副總經理,並於2010年6月至2013年9月任承德永侖房地產開發有限公司總經理。黃先生於2013年9月至2017年3月期間僅以兼職形式不時監督廊坊市城區房地產開發有限公司旗下採購中心的營運。

黃先生於河北科技大學接受營銷大專程度教育並 於2001年7月於同一大學畢業。黃先生於2021年3 月29日辭任本公司執行董事。

#### 王薇

#### 執行董事

王薇女士(「王女士」),29歲,於2021年3月獲委任為執行董事。王女士自2017年11月起擔任聯交所上市公司中國宏泰產業市鎮發展有限公司(股份代號:6166)執行董事。王女士為本集團主席、非執行董事及控股股東趙穎女士之女兒。王女士於2013年6月獲中國上海財經大學金融學學士學位,於機構融資活動及併購方面擁有豐富經驗。

## Biographies of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

#### HUANG Peikun (黃培坤)

#### **Executive Director**

Mr. HUANG Peikun (黃培坤, "Mr. Huang"), aged 59, was appointed as an executive Director and chief financial officer of the Company in March 2021. Mr. Huang has 16 years of experience in business management. He received his master's degree in Management Science and Engineering ("管理科學與工程") from Zhejiang University ("浙江大學"), located in the PRC, in December 1999 and his Executive Master of Business Administration degree from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology ("香港科技大學"), in June 2012. He was qualified as a senior accountant ("高級會計 師") of the Department of Personnel Affairs of Guangdong Province ("廣東省人事廳") in February 2000. Mr. Huang was an executive director of China Merchants Land Limited (a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 978) from 2 June 2012 to 8 August 2013 and was an executive director of China VAST Industrial Urban Development Company Limited (中國宏泰產業市鎮發展有限 公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 6166) from 17 March 2014 to 19 July 2021.

#### CHEUNG Ying Kwan (張應坤)

#### Independent non-executive Director

Mr. CHEUNG Ying Kwan (張應坤, "Mr. Cheung"), aged 62, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in September 2017. Mr. Cheung has more than 22 years of experience in finance and accounting. Mr. Cheung has been the company secretary of China Mental Resources Utilization Limited (中國金屬資源利用有限 公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 1636) since February 2014. Mr. Cheung served as the financial controller of Gushan Environmental Energy Limited (古杉環保能源有 限公司) from March 2006 to August 2013, the qualified accountant and company secretary of Goldigit Atom-tech Holdings Limited (金澤 超分子科技控股有限公司) (currently known as Jinchuan Group International Resources Co. Ltd. (金川集團國際資源有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 2362) from April 2001 to March 2006, an independent non-executive director of Beijing Chunlizhengda Medical Instruments Co., Ltd. (北京市春立正 達醫療器械股份有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 1858) from March 2015 to March 2018, an independent non-executive director of ZACD Group Ltd. (a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 8313) from December 2017 to January 2019 and an independent non-executive director of Gold-Finance Holdings Limited (金誠控股有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 1462) from February 2016 to May 2019. Mr. Cheung has been an independent non-executive director of Tian Shan Development (Holding) Limited (天山發展(控 股)有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 2118) since June 2010.

#### 黃培坤

#### 執行董事

黃培坤先生(「黃先生」),59歲,於2021年3月獲委任為執行董事及本公司財務總監。黃先生於業務管理積累16年經驗。彼於1999年12月獲中國浙江大學頒發管理科學與工程碩士學位;及於2012年6月畢業於香港科技大學,獲得高級管理人員工商管理碩士學位。彼於2000年2月獲廣東省人事廳評為高級會計師。黃先生於2012年6月2日至2013年8月8日期間出任招商局置地有限公司(其股份於聯交所上市(股份代號:978))的執行董事,並自2014年3月17日至2021年7月19日期間擔任聯交所上市公司中國宏泰產業市鎮發展有限公司(股份代號:6166)執行董事。

#### 張應坤

#### 獨立非執行董事

張應坤先生(「張先生」),62歲,於2017年9月獲委 任為獨立非執行董事。張先生有逾22年的財務及 會計經驗。張先生自2014年2月起擔任聯交所上市 公司中國金屬資源利用有限公司(股份代號: 1636)的公司秘書。張先生於2006年3月至2013年8 月任古杉環保能源有限公司財務主管、於2001年4 月至2006年3月任聯交所上市公司金澤超分子科技 控股有限公司(現稱金川集團國際資源有限公司, 股份代號:2362)的合資格會計師兼公司秘書、於 2015年3月至2018年3月任聯交所上市公司北京市 春立正達醫療器械股份有限公司(股份代號: 1858) 的獨立非執行董事、於2017年12月至2019年 1月任職聯交所上市公司杰地集團有限公司(股份 代號:8313)的獨立非執行董事及於2016年2月至 2019年5月任職聯交所上市公司金誠控股有限公司 (股份代號:1462)的獨立非執行董事。張先生於 2010年6月起任職聯交所上市公司天山發展(控股) 有限公司(股份代號:2118)的獨立非執行董事。

Mr. Cheung has been a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since November 2000 and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since April 1995. Mr. Cheung obtained a diploma in fabric manufacturing from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in September 1981.

WONG Wing Kuen, Albert (王永權)

Independent non-executive Director

Dr. WONG Wing Kuen, Albert (王永權, "Dr. Wong"), aged 70, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of audit committee and the chairman of remuneration committee in September 2017. Dr. Wong has approximately 25 years of experience in accounting. Dr. Wong has a broad range of experience serving as an independent non-executive director of various listed companies, including China VAST Industrial Urban Development Company Limited (中國宏泰產業市鎮發展有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 6166) since August 2014, APAC Resources Limited (亞太資源有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 1104) since July 2004, Solargiga Energy Holdings Limited (陽光能源控股有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 757) since January 2008, China Merchants Land Limited (招商局置地有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 978) since June 2012, China Medial & HealthCare Group Limited (中國醫療網絡有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 383) since December 2018, and Dexin China Holdings Company Limited (德信 中國控股有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 2019) since January 2019. Dr. Wong served as an independent non-executive director of Capital Finance Holdings Limited (首都金融控股有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 8239) from 1 January 2018 to 1 January 2022. He served as a principal consultant of KND & Co. CPA Limited (冠達會計師事務所有限公司) from April 1994 to December 2017. Dr. Wong has been appointed as a principal consultant of KND Associates CPA Limited (冠泓會計師行有限公司) since January 2018.

Dr. Wong received a degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Business Administration from the Bulacan State University, Republic of the Philippines in December 2010. Dr. Wong is a member of the following institutions, including: a fellow member of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators; a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries; a fellow member of The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong; a member of the Hong Kong Securities Institute; a fellow member of Association of International Accountants; a fellow member of Society of Registered Financial Planners; a member of The Chartered Institute of Arbitrators; an associate member of The Chartered Institute of Bankers in Scotland; and a full member of Macau Society of Certified Practicing Accountants.

張先生自2000年11月起為英國特許公認會計師公 會資深會員,自1995年4月起為香港會計師公會會 員。張先生於1981年9月獲香港理工大學布料製造 文憑。

#### 王永權

獨立非執行董事

王永權博士(「王博士」),70歲,於2017年9月獲委 任為獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席及薪酬委 員會主席。王博士有約25年的會計經驗。王博士有 任職多間上市公司獨立非執行董事的廣泛經驗, 包括自2014年8月起任職聯交所上市公司中國宏泰 產業市鎮發展有限公司(股份代號:6166)、自 2004年7月起任職聯交所上市公司亞太資源有限公 司(股份代號:1104)、自2008年1月起任職聯交所 上市公司陽光能源控股有限公司(股份代號: 757)、自2012年6月起任職聯交所上市公司招商局 置地有限公司(股份代號:978)、自2018年12月起 任職聯交所上市公司中國醫療網絡有限公司(股份 代號:383)及自2019年1月起任職聯交所上市公司 德信中國控股有限公司(股份代號:2019)的獨立 非執行董事。王博士自2018年1月1日至2022年1月 1日期間出任聯交所上市公司首都金融控股有限公 司(股份代號:8239)的獨立非執行董事。彼由 1994年4月至2017年12月擔任冠達會計師事務所有 限公司總顧問。王博士自2018年1月起獲委任為冠 泓會計師行有限公司總顧問。

王博士於2010年12月獲菲律賓共和國比立勤國立 大學頒發的工商管理哲學博士學位。王博士為以 下機構的成員,包括:英國特許秘書及行政人員 學會資深會員:香港特許秘書公會資深會員;香 港稅務學會資深會員:香港證券及投資學會會員; 國際會計師公會資深會員:註冊財務策劃師協會 資深會員;英國特許仲裁學會會員;蘇格蘭特許 銀行家協會副會員:及澳門會計師公會專業會員。

Notwithstanding Dr. Wong's engagement as an independent non-executive director of another six companies listed on the Stock Exchange, Dr. Wong confirmed that he would devote sufficient time to act as the independent non-executive Director based on the following:

儘管王博士擔任其他六間聯交所上市公司的獨立 非執行董事,但王博士確認其將投入足夠時間擔 任本集團獨立非執行董事,依據如下:

- Dr. Wong is neither a full time member of the above-named companies nor involved in the day-to-day operations or management of such companies. As such, he has no executive and management responsibility therein;
- Dr. Wong is primarily required to attend relevant board meetings, committee meetings and shareholders' meetings of the above-named listed companies. He has maintained a high attendance rate for board meetings, committee meetings and shareholders' meetings for such listed companies during the respective latest financial periods since his appointment dates;
- Dr. Wong's role as a principal consultant of KND Associates CPA Limited is on a part-time basis and he does not involve in the daily management of KND Associates CPA Limited;
- with his background and experience, Dr. Wong is fully aware
  of the responsibilities and expected time involvements for
  independent non-executive director. He has not found
  difficulties in devoting to and managing his time with
  numerous companies and he is confident that with his
  experience in being responsible for several roles, he will be
  able to discharge his duties to the Company;
- none of the above-named listed companies that he has directorship with has questioned or complained about his time devoted to such companies; and
- Dr. Wong's role in the Group is non-executive in nature and he
  will not be involved in the daily management of the Group's
  business, thus his engagement as the independent nonexecutive Director will not require his full-time participation.

Based on the foregoing, the Directors do not have reasons to believe that the various positions currently held by Dr. Wong will result in Dr. Wong not having sufficient time to act as the independent non-executive Director or not properly discharging his fiduciary duties as a director of the Company.

- 王博士既非上述公司的專職人員亦不參與該 等公司的日常營運或管理。因此,其對該等 公司並無執行及管理職責;
- 王博士主要須出席上述上市公司的相關董事會會議、委員會會議及股東大會。自其獲委任日期起,於各最近財政期間王博士一直保持於該等上市公司的董事會會議、委員會會議及股東大會的高出席率;
- 王博士擔任冠泓會計師行有限公司的總顧問 乃屬兼職性質,且其不參與冠泓會計師行有 限公司的日常管理;
- 憑藉其背景及經驗,王博士充分知悉獨立非執行董事的職責及預計投入時間。就向多間公司投入及管理其時間而言,王博士並無困難,且彼堅信憑藉其擔任多個職務的經驗,其有能力履行對本公司的職責;
- 其任職董事的上述上市公司均無質疑或投訴 其對該等公司投入的時間;及
- 王博士於本集團的職務屬非執行性質,且其 將不參與本集團業務的日常管理。因此,就 其獨立非執行董事的委任而言,將毋須其專 職參與。

基於上述原因,董事並無理由相信王博士目前擔任多個職位將導致其並無充裕時間擔任本公司的獨立非執行董事或無法妥善履行作為本公司董事的信託責任。

#### CHOI Hon Keung, Simon (蔡漢強)

#### Independent non-executive Director

Mr. CHOI Hon Keung, Simon (蔡漢強, "Mr. Choi"), aged 61, was appointed as an independent non-executive director in September 2017. Mr. Choi has more than 8 years of experience in corporate governance. He was appointed as an executive director of Imperium Financial Group Limited (帝國金融集團有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 8029) on June 2021. Mr. Choi served as an independent non-executive director of Kenford Group Holdings Limited (建福集團控股有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 464) from August 2011 to September 2017, and an independent non-executive director of Boyaa Interactive International Limited (博雅互動國際有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code 434) since October 2013.

Mr. Choi obtained a bachelor's degree in laws from Peking University (北京大學) in 1991 and a master's degree in laws from The University of London in 1992. Mr. Choi received his Common Professional Examination Certificate in Laws and Postgraduate Certificate in Laws from The University of Hong Kong in June 1994 and September 1995, respectively. Mr. Choi was admitted as a solicitor in Hong Kong and the UK in November 1997 and June 1998, respectively.

## **Senior Management**

Our senior management is responsible for the day-to-day management of our business.

#### LIU Fengxue (劉鳳學)

Mr. LIU Fengxue (劉鳳學, "Mr. Liu"), aged 40, joined the Group in November 2007. Mr. Liu is currently the vice president of general administration of the Company and a deputy general manager of Langfang Wantong, being responsible for the daily operation and general management of the Group. Mr. Liu has more than 17 years of experience in logistical and corporate support. After joining the Group, Mr. Liu served as the head of security in Langfang Wantong from November 2007 to June 2016, and he was promoted as the head of logistical support department and deputy general manager of Langfang Wantong in July 2010 and June 2016, respectively. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Liu served as the head of security team of Lanshuiwan Property Management (藍水灣物業) of Langfang City Hengtai Services Co., Ltd. (廊坊市恒泰服務有限公司) from November 2002 to November 2007.

#### 蔡漢強

#### 獨立非執行董事

蔡漢強先生(「蔡先生」),61歲,於2017年9月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。蔡先生擁有逾8年企業管治經驗。彼於2021年6月獲委任為聯交所上市公司帝國金融集團有限公司(股份代號:8029)的執行董事。蔡先生自2011年8月至2017年9月擔任聯交所上市公司建福集團控股有限公司(股份代號:464)的獨立非執行董事,並自2013年10月以來一直擔任聯交所上市公司博雅互動國際有限公司(股份代號:434)的獨立非執行董事。

蔡先生分別於1991年及1992年取得北京大學法學學士學位及倫敦大學法學碩士學位。蔡先生分別於1994年6月及1995年9月取得香港大學香港法律專業共同試證書及法學專業證書。蔡先生分別於1997年11月及1998年6月成為香港及英國認可的事務律師。

## 高級管理層

我們的高級管理層負責管理日常業務。

#### 劉鳳學

劉鳳學先生(「劉先生」),40歲,於2007年11月加入本集團。劉先生現任本公司綜合管理副總裁兼廊坊萬桐副總經理,負責本集團日常運作及一般管理。劉先生擁有逾17年後勤及企業管理經驗。加入本集團後,劉先生由2007年11月至2016年6月任廊坊萬桐安保負責人,2010年7月及2016年6月分別晉升為後勤支援部部長及廊坊萬桐副總經理。加入本集團前,劉先生於2002年11月至2007年11月任廊坊市恒泰服務有限公司藍水灣物業安保負責人。

### CHU Yunli (褚雲利)

Mr. CHU Yunli (褚雲利, "Mr. Chu"), aged 50, joined the Group in November 2007. Mr. Chu is currently the financial controller of the Company, being responsible for the overall management of financial reporting and cost management of the Group. Mr. Chu has been the financial controller at Langfang Wantong since he joined the Group. Mr. Chu has 11 years of experience in corporate finance.

Mr. Chu attended correspondence courses (函授) and received his associate degree (大專) in accounting from Beijing Institute of Business (北京商學院) (currently known as Beijing Technology and Business University (北京工商大學)) in July 1997.

#### GAO Pina (高萍)

Ms. GAO Ping (高萍, "Ms. Gao"), aged 40, joined the Group in November 2007 and has more than 17 years of experience in customer services and marketing. Ms. Gao is currently the vice president of marketing of the Company and has been the marketing manager of Langfang Wantong since its establishment, being responsible for the overall management of the marketing department of the Group. She has also been a supervisor of Wangtongyuan Investment since March 2017, being responsible for monitoring and overseeing the company's financial matters and supervising the conduct of the board of directors and senior management. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Gao served as the sales executive of Wan Tong Yuan from October 2005 to November 2007 and the marketing manager of Langfang Economic and Technological Development Area Yongsheng Real Estates Development Co., Ltd. (廊坊開發區永升房地產開發有限公司) from November 2003 to October 2005.

Ms. Gao attended correspondence courses (函授) and obtained her associate degree (大專) in Physical Education from Hebei Institute of Physical Education (河北體育學院) in July 2003.

#### LI Ming Wai (李銘慧)

Ms. LI Ming Wai (李銘慧, "Ms. Li"), aged 36, was appointed as the company secretary of the Company in March 2021, being responsible for the overall administrative management of the Group and advising the Board on corporate governance matters. Ms. Li holds a Master of Science in Professional Accounting and Corporate Governance from the City University of Hong Kong and is an associate of both The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators). She has over 6 years of experience in listed company secretarial practice.

#### 褚雲利

褚雲利先生(「褚先生」),50歲,於2007年11月加入本集團。褚先生現任本公司財務主管,負責本集團財務報告的整體管理及成本控制。褚先生自加入本集團以來一直任廊坊萬桐的財務主管。褚先生擁有11年企業融資經驗。

褚先生參加函授課程,並於1997年7月取得北京商學院(現稱北京工商大學)會計大專文憑。

#### 高萍

高萍女士(「高女士」),40歲,於2007年11月加入本集團,擁有逾17年客服及營銷經驗。高女士現任本公司營銷副總裁,自廊坊萬桐成立以來一直擔任其營銷經理,負責本集團營銷部的整體管理。自2017年3月起,彼亦擔任萬桐園投資的監事,負責監察和監督公司的財務事宜並監督董事會和高級管理層的行為。加入本集團前,高女士於2005年10月至2007年11月任萬桐園銷售主管及於2003年11月至2005年10月任廊坊開發區永升房地產開發有限公司營銷經理。

高女士參加函授課程,並於2003年7月取得河北體 育學院體育大專文憑。

#### 李銘慧

李銘慧女士(「李女士」),36歲,於2021年3月獲委任本公司公司秘書,負責本集團整體行政管理及就企業管治事宜向董事會提供意見。李女士持有香港城市大學專業會計與企業管治理學碩士學位,並分別為香港特許秘書公會及特許公司治理公會(前稱為特許秘書及行政人員公會)會員。彼擁有逾6年上市公司秘書事務經驗。

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

# 董事會報告

The Board is pleased to present its report and the audited financial statements of the Company and of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

# Principal Activities and Analysis of Operations

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group was principally engaged in the sale of burial plots and columbarium units, provision of other burial-related services and provision of cemetery maintenance services.

#### **Business Review and Performance**

A fair review of the Group's business, an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, an analysis using financial key indicators as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) can be found in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section, which forms part of this Directors' Report of this annual report.

#### Results

Results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 61 of this annual report.

#### **Dividends**

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil). The Company is not aware of any arrangements under which a shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividends.

### **Financial Summary**

The summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group is set out on page 4 of this annual report.

# Key Risks and Uncertainties Facing by the Group

The followings are part of the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group. There may be other risks and uncertainties in addition to those shown below which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could turn out to be material in the future.

The Group operate one cemetery in Langfang and any significant downturn of the regional economy or changes in local regulatory regime or burial practices could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. The management regularly review and adapt our services to cater to the customs and preferences of the local residents in order to retain existing customers and to attract prospective customers.

董事會欣然提呈其報告及截至2021年12月31日止年度本公司及本集團之經審核財務報表。

# 主要業務及營運分析

本公司為投資控股公司。本集團主要從事出售墓 地及骨灰廊、提供其他殯葬相關服務及提供墓園 維護服務。

### 業務回顧及表現

本集團業務之公平回顧、本集團業務可能出現的 未來發展之跡象及根據香港公司條例(第622章)附 表5規定使用財務主要指標作出之分析載於「管理 層討論及分析」一節,其為本年報董事會報告的一 部分。

### 業績

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度之業績載於本 年報之第61頁之合併損益及其他全面收益表。

#### 股息

董事並不建議派付截至2021年12月31日止年度之 末期股息(2020年:無)。本公司並不知悉股東已 放棄或同意放棄任何股息的任何安排。

#### 財務概要

本集團業績以及資產及負債概要載於本年報第4 百。

# 本集團面對之主要風險及不明朗因素

以下為本集團所識別之部分主要風險及不明朗因素。除下文所示者外,可能有其他本集團並不知悉之風險及不明朗因素,或現時屬不重大但將來可能屬重大之風險及不明朗因素。

本集團於廊坊市經營一個墓園,倘該地區經濟出現任何嚴重衰退或當地監管制度或墓葬習俗變化均可能令我們的業務、財務狀況及經營業績蒙受嚴重不利影響。管理層定期檢討及調整我們的服務,以迎合當地居民之習俗及偏好,從而挽留現有客戶及吸引潛在客戶。

The death care industry in China, subject to the strict requirement of relevant regulations imposed by the government, is a highly regulated industry. There are strict restrictions on licenses and land supply which pose risks and uncertainties on the Group's business expansion. The Group have adopted internal guidelines to ensure that the sale of burial plots to living customers satisfy these conditions as required by the relevant laws.

There are uncertainties associated with the expansion of our business. The successful implementation of our expansion strategies may be influenced by various factors such as our ability to identify suitable business opportunities or expansion plans on our cemetery, to obtain government and other third-party consents, permits and licenses that are required to operate our business. The expansion of our burial services is also dependent on customer satisfaction and our marketing efforts. In order to maintain growth in our business, it may be necessary for the Group to implement marketing initiatives to create public awareness and acceptance of our services.

# Key Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers

The Group recognises that employees are one of the significant assets of the Group. The Group aims to continue establishing a caring environment to employees and emphasise the personal development of its employees. The Group maintains a good relationship with our customers and suppliers. The Group aims to continue providing quality products and services to our customers and establishing co-operation strategy with our suppliers.

## **Compliance with Laws and Regulations**

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands with its shares listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. The Group's subsidiaries are incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, Hong Kong and China. The Group's operations are mainly carried out by the Group's subsidiaries in China while the Group also has a corporate and administrative office in Hong Kong. Our establishments and operations accordingly shall comply with relevant laws and regulations in the Cayman Islands, the British Virgin Islands, China and Hong Kong. During the year under review, the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with any relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group.

# Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries have purchased, sold or redeemed any listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021.

中國殯葬服務業須遵從政府頒佈的有關法規之嚴格規定,屬高度規管行業。牌照及土地供應受嚴格限制,對本集團業務擴張構成風險及不明朗因素。本集團已採納內部指引,以確保向在世客戶出售墓地時符合有關法例規定的條件。

我們的業務擴張存在不明朗因素。我們能否成功實施擴張策略取決於多項因素,例如能否物色合適的商機或擴張墓園的計劃、能否自政府及其他第三方取得經營業務所需同意書、許可證及牌照。殯葬服務的擴張亦取決於客戶滿意度及營銷力度。為維持業務增長,我們或須實施營銷計劃吸引公眾關注並接納我們的服務。

# 與僱員、客戶及供應商之關鍵關係

本集團明白僱員為本集團之重大資產之一。本集 團致力繼續為僱員建立關懷環境,強調僱員的個 人發展。本集團與其客戶及供應商維持良好關係。 本集團志在繼續為其客戶提供優質產品及服務, 並與其供應商制定合作策略。

#### 遵守法律及法規

本公司於開曼群島註冊成立,而其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。本集團之附屬監之附屬處女群島、香港及中國註冊成立。本集團之業務主要由本集團之中國附屬公司進行,而其數學不可處所及營運須遵守開曼群島、英屬處女群島、中國及香港之有關法律及法規。於回顧年度,而對本集團有重大影響之情況。

# 購買、出售及贖回本公司已上市證券

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本公司及其附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何已上市證券。

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## Tax Relief and Exemption

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's listed securities.

# Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Investment Properties**

The Group's Investment properties represented the land parcel of Langfang City Funeral Parlour, which is leased to a third party from January 2015 to December 2021. Details of the movements in investment properties of the Group are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **Share Capital**

Movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year under review and as at 31 December 2021 are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Share Premium and Reserves**

Movements in the share premium and reserves of the Group during the year under review are set out on page 64 in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Distributable Reserves**

The Company do not have any distributable reserves as at 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

#### **Charitable Donations**

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group did not make any charitable donations (2020: Nil).

## **Major Suppliers and Customers**

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the single largest customer accounted for 11.1% of the Group's revenue (2020: no single customer accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue). Revenue from the Group's five largest customers did not accounted for 30% or more of the Group's total revenue (2020: Nil). Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 80.3% (2020: 85.8%) of the total purchases for the Year and purchases from the single largest supplier accounted for 56.3% (2020: 53.5%) of the Group's total purchases.

## 税務寬減及豁免

本公司並不知悉有關股東因持有本公司上市證券 而獲任何稅務寬減。

## 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備變動之詳情載於合併財 務報表附註13。

#### 投資物業

本集團的投資物業指向第三方出租的廊坊市殯儀館地塊,租期自2015年1月至2021年12月。本集團投資物業變動之詳情載於合併財務報表附註14。

#### 股本

本公司股本於回顧年度及截至2021年12月31日止 之變動載於合併財務報表附註24。

### 股本溢價及儲備

於回顧年度內,本集團股本溢價及儲備之變動載 於第64頁之合併權益變動表及合併財務報表附註 25。

#### 可供分派儲備

於2021年12月31日,本公司並無可供分派儲備 (2020年: 無)。

#### 慈善捐款

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團並無作出慈 善捐款(2020年:無)。

#### 主要供應商及客戶

截至2021年12月31日止年度,單一最大客戶佔本集團收益11.1%(2020年:並無單一客戶收益佔本集團收益10%或以上)。本集團自五大客戶收益並不佔集團總收益30%或以上(2020年:無)。本集團五大供應商之採購額佔該年度總採購額約80.3%(2020年:85.8%),而單一最大供應商之採購額佔本集團總採購額56.3%(2020年:53.5%)。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, none of the Directors, their close associates, nor any of the Shareholders of the Company (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the five largest customers and suppliers of the Group.

截至2021年12月31日止年度,概無董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人及任何本公司股東(據董事所深知,擁有本公司已上市證券超過5%者)於本集團五大客戶及供應商擁有任何權益。

於2021年12月31日,本集團合共有57名僱員(2020

年12月31日:57名僱員)。本集團為僱員提供具競

爭力之薪酬及福利,而薪酬政策將按僱員表現及

貢獻以及業界薪酬水平定期進行檢討。此外,本 集團亦提供各種培訓課程,以全面提升僱員之技

能及能力。本集團退休福利計劃之詳情載於合併

本集團薪酬政策及退休福利

# Remuneration Policy and Retirement Benefits of the Group

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a total of 57 employees (31 December 2020: 57 employees). The Group provides employees with competitive remuneration and benefits, and the remuneration policy will be reviewed on a regular basis based on the performance and contribution of the employees and the industry remuneration level. In addition, the Group also provides various training courses to enhance the employees' skills and capabilities in all aspects. Details of the Group's the retirement benefit plans are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 董事

截至2021年12月31日止年度及直至本報告日期, 本公司之董事名單如下:

#### **Directors**

The Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this report were:

Name of Director		
董事姓名		

Zhao Ying 趙穎

Li Xingying 李興穎

Huang Guangming (resigned on 29 March 2021) 黃廣明(於2021年3月29日辭任)

Wang Wei (appointed on 29 March 2021) 王薇(於2021年3月29日獲委任)

Huang Peikun (appointed on 29 March 2021) 黃培坤(於2021年3月29日獲委任)

Cheung Ying Kwan 張應坤

Wong Wing Kuen, Albert 王永權

Choi Hon Keung, Simon 蔡漢強 Non-executive Director and Chairman 非執行董事兼主席

財務報表附註30。

Executive Director 執行董事

**Position** 

職位

Executive Director 執行董事

Executive Director 執行董事

Executive Director 執行董事

Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事

Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事

Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事

Brief biographical details of the Directors and senior management are set out on pages 33 to 39 of this annual report.

All Directors are appointed for a specific term of three years which may be extended as each and the Company may agree, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting ("AGM") in accordance with the articles of association of the Company. Article 108 of the articles of association of the Company provides that at each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third) shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

#### **Directors' Service Contracts**

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with any member of the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without the payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

# Directors' Interests in Transactions, Arrangements and Contracts

Save as disclosed in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements, no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which any Director or an entity connected with him/her or Controlling Shareholder of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the financial year or at any time during the financial year under review.

# Directors' Rights to Purchase Shares or Debentures

Save as disclosed in this report, at no time during the year under review, was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement that would enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18, were granted any right to subscribe for the equity or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate or had exercised any such right.

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情載於本年報之第33 至39頁。

全體董事均以三年之固定年期委任,並可各自與公司協定延長期限,惟須根據本公司組織章程細則於股東周年大會(「股東周年大會」)輪值退任及膺選連任。本公司組織章程細則第108條規定,於各股東周年大會,當時在任董事的三分之一(或倘其人數並非三之倍數,則以最接近三分之一的人數)須輪值退任,而各董事(包括按固定年期委任者)最少須每三年輪值退任一次。

# 董事服務合約

概無擬於應屆股東周年大會膺選連任之董事,與 本集團任何成員公司訂立本集團不可在一年內終 止而不作出賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務合約。

# 董事於交易、安排及合約之權益

除於合併財務報表附註31所披露者外,於本財政年度底或回顧財政年度任何時間,概無本公司董事或與他/她有關的實體或控股股東於與本集團業務有關,而本公司、其任何附屬公司為合約方之重大交易、安排或合約直接或間接擁有重大權益。

# 董事購買股份或債權證之權利

除本報告所披露者外,於回顧年度內,本公司或 其任何附屬公司均無參與訂立任何安排以促使本 公司董事可透過購入本公司或任何其他法人團體 股份或債權證之方式獲得利益,亦概無董事或其 任何配偶或十八歲以下子女獲授予任何權利以認 購本公司或任何其他法人團體之股本或債權證, 或行使任何有關權利。

# Directors' and Chief executive's Interests in Shares

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of each of the Directors and chief executive in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interest or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required to be recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, were as follows:

# 董事及最高行政人員於股份之權益

於2021年12月31日,董事及最高行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等被當作或視作擁有之權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於本公司存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉,或根據上市規則附錄10須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名	Nature of interests 權益性質	Number of securities held 所持證券數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding 持股量概約百分比
Ms. Zhao Ying (Note 2)	Founder of a discretionary trust who can influence how the trustee exercises its discretion	700,000,000 (L) (Note 1)	70% (Note 3)
趙穎女士(附註2)	全權信託創立人,可影響受託人行使其 酌情權之方式	700,000,000 (L) (附註1)	70% (附註3)

#### Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes long position of the Shares of the Company.
- (2) Ms. Zhao Ying is the chairman and non-executive Director of the Company. She is the settlor, sole member of The Hope Trust's protective committee and a beneficiary of The Hope Trust, which is a discretionary trust and TMF (Cayman) Ltd. is the trustee of The Hope Trust. TMF (Cayman) Ltd. wholly owns the entire share capital of Lily Charm Holding Limited. Lily Charm Holding Limited wholly owns the entire issued share capital of Tai Shing International Investment Company Limited. Therefore, Ms. Zhao Ying is deemed to be interested in the 700,000,000 Shares directly held by Tai Shing International Investment Company Limited.
- (3) The percentage is calculated on the basis of 1,000,000,000 Shares in issue as at 31 December 2021.

## 附註:

- (1) 英文字母[L]表示本公司股份中之好倉。
- (2) 趙穎女士為本公司主席兼非執行董事。彼為The Hope Trust財產授予人及受益人,以及The Hope Trust保護委員會之唯一成員。The Hope Trust為全權信託,而TMF (Cayman) Ltd.為The Hope Trust受託人。TMF (Cayman) Ltd.全資擁有Lily Charm Holding Limited.之全部股本。Lily Charm Holding Limited.全資擁有泰盛國際投資有限公司之全部已發行股本。因此,趙穎女士被視為於泰盛國際投資有限公司直接持有之700,000,000股股份中擁有權益。
- (3) 百分比按於2021年12月31日已發行之 1,000,000,000股股份計算。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any other interests or short positions in any Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interest or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required to be recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules.

除上文所披露者外,於2021年12月31日,概無本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部知會本公司及聯交所之任何其他權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等被當作或視作擁有之權益或淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於本公司存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉,或根據上市規則附錄10須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

# Substantial Shareholders' Interests and Short Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2021, so far as was known to the Directors, the following persons/entities (not being Directors or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO, or who is, directly or indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company or any other members of the Group.

# 主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於2021年12月31日,就董事所知,以下人士/實體(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的條文向本公司披露之權益或淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄於本公司存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉;或直接或間接擁有附有權利可在所有情況下於本公司或本集團任何其他成員公司的股東大會上投票的任何類別股本面值10%或以上權益。

Name of Shareholder	Nature of interests	Number of securities held (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of shareholding (Note 5) 持股量
股東姓名/名稱	權益性質	所持證券數目 (附註 <b>1</b> )	概約百分比 (附註5)
Tai Shing International Investment Company Limited	Beneficial owner (Note 2)	700,000,000 (L)	70%
泰盛國際投資有限公司	實益擁有人(附註2)	700,000,000 (L)	70%
Lily Charm Holding Limited Lily Charm Holding Limited	Interest in a controlled Corporation (Notes 2, 3) 受控法團權益(附註2、3)	700,000,000 (L) 700,000,000 (L)	70% 70%
TMF (Cayman) Ltd. TMF (Cayman) Ltd.	Trustee (Notes 2, 3, 4) 受託人(附註2、3、4)	700,000,000 (L) 700,000,000 (L)	70% 70%

#### Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the entity/person's long position in the Shares.
- (2) Tai Shing International Investment Company Limited directly holds 700,000,000 Shares.
- (3) Lily Charm Holding Limited holds the entire of issued share capital of Tai Shing International Investment Company Limited, thus Lily Charm Holding Limited is deemed to be interested in the 700,000,000 Shares.
- (4) TMF (Cayman) Ltd. is on the trusts of The Hope Trust, which is a discretionary trust set up by Ms. Zhao Ying, the chairman and nonexecutive Director of the Company. TMF (Cayman) Ltd. directly holds the entire issued share capital of Lily Charm Holding Limited. Therefore, TMF is deemed to be interested in 700,000,000 Shares.
- (5) The percentage is calculated on the basis of 1,000,000,000 Shares in issue as at 31 December 2021.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, the Directors were not aware of any other persons, except disclosed below under "Other persons' interests and short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company" other than the Directors and the chief executive of the Company who had, or was deemed to have, interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debenture of the Company and its associated corporations which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO; or who is directly or indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company or any other members of the Group.

#### 附註:

- (1) 英文字母「L」表示該實體/人士於股份中的好倉。
- (2) 泰盛國際投資有限公司直接持有700,000,000股本 公司股份。
- (3) Lily Charm Holding Limited持有泰盛國際投資有限公司全部已發行股本,因此Lily Charm Holding Limited被視為於700,000,000股股份中擁有權益。
- (4) TMF (Cayman) Ltd.為The Hope Trust之受託人,而 The Hope Trust為本公司主席兼非執行董事趙穎女 士成立之全權信託。TMF (Cayman) Ltd.直接持有 Lily Charm Holding Limited之全部已發行股本。因 此,TMF被視為於700,000,000股股份中擁有權益。
- (5) 百分比按於2021年12月31日已發行之 1,000,000,000股股份計算。

除上文所披露者外,於2021年12月31日,除於下文「其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉」所披露者外,董事概不知悉有任何人士(本公司董事及最高行政人員除外)於本公司及其相聯法團股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有或視作擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須作擁有本公司披露之權益或淡倉;或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄於本公司存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉;或將直接或間接擁有附有權利可在所有情況下於本公司或本集團任何其他成員公司的股東大會上投票的任何類別股本面值10%或以上權益。

Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2021, so far as was known to the Directors, the following persons/entities (not being Directors or chief executive or substantial shareholders of the Company) had, or were deemed to have, interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份之權益 及淡倉

於2021年12月31日,就董事所知,以下人士/實體(本公司董事或最高行政人員或主要股東除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有或被視作擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的條文向本公司披露之權益或淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄於本公司存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉:

Name of Shareholder 股東姓名/名稱	Capacity/Nature of Interests 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares held (Note 1) 所持股份數目 (附註1)	Percentage of shareholding (Note 3) 持股量百分比 (附註3)
Fairich Trading Limited 飛富貿易有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	87,650,000 (L) 87,650,000 (L)	8.8% 8.8%
Ms. Xing Junying	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2)	87,650,000 (L)	8.8%
邢軍英女士	受控法團權益(附註2)	87,650,000 (L)	8.8%

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the entity/person's long position in the Shares.
- (2) Fairich Trading Limited is directly wholly owned by Ms. Xing Junying.
- (3) The percentage is calculated on the basis of 1,000,000,000 Shares in issue as at 31 December 2021.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, the Directors are not aware of any other person or corporation other than the Directors, the chief executive and substantial shareholders of the Company who had, or was deemed to have, interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debenture of the Company and its associated corporations which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

附註:

- (1) 英文字母「L」表示該實體/人士於股份中的好倉。
- (2) 飛富貿易有限公司由邢軍英女士直接全資擁有。
- (3) 百分比按於2021年12月31日已發行之 1,000,000,000股股份計算。

除上文所披露者外,於2021年12月31日,董事概不知悉有任何其他人士或公司(本公司董事、最高行政人員及主要股東除外)於本公司及其相聯法團股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有或視作擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司披露之權益或淡倉;或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄於本公司存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉。

## **Competing Interests**

The Directors are not aware of any business or interest of the Directors nor the Controlling Shareholder nor any of their respective close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) that compete or may compete with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021.

## The Deed of Non-Competition

The INEDs and the rest of the Board reviewed the confirmation provided by each of the Controlling Shareholders and confirmed that they have reviewed the compliance with the terms of the Deed of Non-competition dated 7 September 2017 and 5 December 2019 by the Controlling Shareholders and the enforcement of the undertakings (the "Undertakings") given by the Controlling Shareholders under the Deed of Non-competition and are satisfied that all of the Undertakings were complied with by the Controlling Shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2021.

# **Connected Transactions and Related Party Transactions**

Details of related party transactions of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements. None of these related party transactions were subject to the disclosure requirements of connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

### **Management Contracts**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Period.

## **Pre-Emptive Rights**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company or the laws of Cayman Islands, the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, and there is no restriction against such rights which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

### 競爭性利益

董事概不知悉,截至2021年12月31日止年度,本公司董事及控股股東以及彼等各自的緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)擁有與本集團業務競爭或可能競爭的任何業務或於該等業務中擁有權益,亦無與本集團有或可能有任何利益衝突。

#### 不競爭契據

獨立非執行董事及其餘董事會成員已審閱各控股股東向董事會提供的確認,並確認彼等已審閱控股股東遵守日期為2017年9月7日及2019年12月5日的不競爭契據條款的情況,以及控股股東在該契據下作出承諾(「承諾」)的履行情況,並信納控股股東於截至2021年12月31日止年度,一直遵守所有承諾。

## 關連交易及關聯方交易

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度之關聯方交易載於合併財務報表附註31。概無該等關聯方交易根據上市規則須遵守關連交易或持續關連交易的披露規定。

#### 管理合約

於本期間,概無訂立或存在任何與本公司全部或任何重大業務部分之管理及行政合約。

### 優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島(本公司註冊成立 之司法權區)法例概無有關優先購買權之條文,亦 概無有關該等權利之規定,強制本公司須按比例 向其現有股東提呈發售新股份。

# **Permitted Indemnity Provision**

The Articles of Association provide that the Directors are entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they shall or may incur or sustain in or about the execution of their duty in their respective offices, provided that this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to such Director. The Company has purchased and maintained Directors' liability insurance during the year under review, which provides appropriate coverage for the Directors.

## **Equity-Linked Agreement**

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the year ended 31 December 2021.

## **Environment Policy**

The Company is committed to support environmental sustainability. The Company encourages environmental protection and adheres to the principle of recycling and reducing, including encouraging double-sided printing and copying, setting up recycling bins, promoting using recycled paper and reducing energy consumption by switching off idle lightings and electrical appliance and cemetery areas, through the natural water reservoir and spray irrigation system. In the meantime, we strengthen the recycling of wastewater to improve resources efficiency. The Company will review its environmental practices from time to time and will consider implementing further eco-friendly measures in the operation of the Group's businesses. The Company will publish its environmental, social and governance report on an annual basis in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

#### **Sufficient Public Float**

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

## Use of Proceeds from the Global Offering

Since the date of Listing and up to 31 December 2021, part of the net proceeds has been applied to use according to the Prospectus and the investment of Linkong Wantong project. The amount of unused net proceeds as at 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021 were approximately RMB19.8 million and RMB0 respectively.

## 獲准許之彌償條文

組織章程細則規定,董事就其職位執行職務而可能產生或蒙受之所有訴訟、成本、費用、損失、損害及開支,均可自本公司之資產及溢利獲得彌償,確保免就此受損,惟該彌償不適用於因有關董事任何欺詐或不誠實行為招致之任何事項。本公司已於回顧年度投購董事責任險,可為董事提供適當保障。

## 股票掛鈎協議

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團概無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議,而該等協議亦概不存在。

#### 環境政策

本公司致力支持環境可持續性。本公司鼓勵環保, 遵循回收及減廢原則,包括鼓勵雙面列印及複印、 設立回收箱、推廣使用再造紙及透過關閉閒置照 明設備及電器減低能源消耗建設自然水蓄水池, 在墓區內採用噴淋澆灌綠植,加強水資源再利用, 提升資源使用效率。本公司將不時檢討其環保慣 例,並將考慮於本集團業務營運中實施更多環保 措施。本公司將根據上市規則之規定,每年刊發 其環境、社會及管治報告。

#### 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開取得之資料及據董事所知,截至本報告日期,本公司已按上市規則維持不少於25%的本公司已發行股份之足夠公眾持股量。

# 全球發售所得款項用途

全球發售所得款項用途自上市日期起及直至2021年12月31日,部分所得款項淨額已用於招股章程所述的用途及臨空萬桐項目的投資。於2021年1月1日及2021年12月31日之未使用所得款項淨額分別約為人民幣19.8百萬元及人民幣0元。

The utilization of the net proceeds from the for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

截至2021年12月31日止年度,動用所得款項淨額載列如下:

		Proposed use of net proceeds as stated in the Prospectus Note 按招股章程 所述擬章 使用的新 <sup>###</sup> RMB 人民幣	Unutilised net proceeds as at 1 January 2021 於2021年 1月1日 未動用所得 款項淨額 RMB 人民幣	Actual use of proceeds during the period 於期間實際動用的所得款與RMB	Actual use of net proceeds up to 31 December 2021 直至2021年 12月31日 實際使用的 所得款項淨額 RMB 人民幣	Unutilized net proceeds up to 31 December 2021 直至2021年 12月31日 尚未動用的 所得款項淨額 RMB 人民幣	Expected Timeline for the utilization of the unutilized net proceeds  動用未動用 所得款項淨額的 預期時間表
Strengthening market position in Langfang	鞏固於廊坊的市場 地位	14.6 million 14.6百萬元	1.3 million 1.3百萬元	1.3 million 1.3百萬元	14.6 million 14.6百萬元	_	_
Expanding business scope of the Group to provide funeral services	振大本集團業務範疇 以提供殯儀服務	9.1 million 9.1百萬元	7.6 million 7.6百萬元	7.6 million 7.6百萬元	9.1 million 9.1百萬元	_	_
Tapping further into the burial market in the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis & pursuing strategic alliance and acquisition opportunities	深入發掘京津冀 都市圈的葬服務 市場,尋求戰略 聯盟及收購機會	12.7 million 12.7百萬元	10.9 million 10.9百萬元	10.9 million 10.9百萬元	12.7 million 12.7百萬元	_	_
Total	總計	36.4 million 36.4百萬元	19.8 million 19.8百萬元	19.8 million 19.8百萬元	36.4 million 36.4百萬元	_	

#### Note:

Figures in this column are adjusted based on the actual amount of net proceeds received from the GEM Listing. The difference between the actual amount of net proceeds received and the expected amount disclosed in the Prospectus was allocated on a pro rata basis with reference to the percentage of allocation set out in the Prospectus.

As at 31 December 2021, the net proceeds has been fully utilized.

#### 附註:

此列金額乃按GEM上市所得款項淨額的實際金額調整後之金額。所得款項淨額的實際金額與招股章程披露的預期金額之間的差額乃參照載於招股章程的分配百分比按比例分配。

於2021年12月31日止,所有所得款項淨額已經全部用完。

# Reasons for Deviation from the Original Business Strategies

Strengthening the market position in Langfang

Since the listing, the Group has been updating and improving its cemetery facilities. Through developing new sectioned burial areas, for example, Pine Garden and areas for artistic burial plots, and acquiring and updating additional machineries, such as waste incinerators, lawn movers and sprinkler trucks, the Group seeks to improve the overall scenery of the cemetery as well as the efficiency of the operation performance so as to further consolidate its market position in Langfang.

The major difference of the use of proceeds falls on two aspects, being (i) expanding the business scope of the Group to provide funeral service, and (ii) tapping further into the burial market in the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis and pursuing strategic alliance and acquisition opportunities.

## 偏離原先業務策略的原因

鞏固於廊坊的市場地位

自於上市以來,本集團提升及改善其墓園設施,透過開發新劃定墓區(例如松園及藝術墓地)及添置及升級更多機器(例如廢物焚化爐、割草機及澆水車),以改善墓園的整體景觀及營運表現效率,進一步增強其於廊坊的市場地位。

就募集資金使用情況而言,主要落差是在於 (i)擴大本集團業務範疇以提供殯儀服務及(ii)深入發掘京津冀都市圈殯葬市場,爭取戰略聯盟及收購機會兩方面。

# Expanding the business scope of the Group to provide funeral services

As stated in the previous annual reports, the Group has been actively promoting its funeral services. Although the Group had shortlisted and visited various potential sites for the construction of its own funeral services center, it had also maintained close contact with the local government and discussed the potential partnership with respect to the new funeral parlor proposed to be built by the government to strive for its concession for operation. As a result, the Group has been taking cautious consideration on the investment in building funeral services center and has resorted to other means to develop its funeral services temporarily.

Nevertheless, under the impact of the Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19"), mass gatherings are prohibited by the Langfang government, which limited and delayed the utilisation and promotion of the Group's funeral services, such as funeral hall services. The relevant promotion for its funeral services, the plan for leasing temporary venues, as well as the plan of expanding the existing funeral services providers have been delayed accordingly. In 2021, the Group availed itself of the online sales platform to actively promote the online "Cloud Tomb-sweeping" services. The addition of more professional and diversified extended service items, and the continuous training and hiring of professional funeral personnel enabled the Group to enhance its service standard and satisfy customers' need.

# Tapping further into the burial market in the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis & pursuing strategic alliance and acquisition opportunities

Since the GEM Listing, the Group has performed preliminary site visits and researched for some potential acquisition opportunities for the purpose of pursuing strategic alliance and acquisition opportunities according to the future plans under the Prospectus. The Group successfully won the bid of the JV Cemetery Project located in the JV Cemetery Project of Beijing New Airport (Langfang Region) relocation and settlement zone on 30 June 2020 and entered into a formal JV agreement with Xinhangcheng on 6 July 2020 in relation to the joint establishment of Langfang Linkong Wantong Cemetery Co., Ltd. (a JV company responsible for land resumption, construction and operations and management of the JV Cemetery Project. In 2021, the Group explored deeply the burial market in the Jing-Jin-Ji megalopolis and continued to actively develop the JV Cemetery Project in all aspects, and has made staged progress in planning and design, land acquisition and other aspects. Meanwhile, the Company will continue to explore other suitable opportunities for strategic alliance and acquisition in the future.

#### 擴大本集團業務範疇以提供殯儀服務

誠如過往的年報等披露所述,本集團於一直積極 推廣本集團的殯儀服務。雖然本集團已揀選及考 察多個潛在位置以建造其殯儀服務中心,但同時 一直密切與當地政府聯系,並商討政府計劃興建 之新殯儀館的潛在合作機會,商討合作方案,爭 取該新殯儀館殯儀服務中心的委託營運權。因此, 本集團一直審慎考慮投資建設殯儀服務中心,而 暫時採用其他途徑發展殯儀服務。

然而,在新型冠狀病毒(「COVID-19」)的疫情影響下,廊坊政府不讓聚集,限制及延誤本集團在殯儀服務的使用及推廣,例如告別廳服務。推廣其殯儀服務及租賃臨時場地的相關計劃,及擴團現有殯儀服務供應商計劃因受到延誤。本集團在2021年更多利用網絡銷售平台,積極推廣「雲祭掃」網上祭掃服務,加入更加專業和多樣化的延伸服務項目,及持續定期開展培訓及招聘殯葬專業人員,以提高本集團的服務水平及滿足客戶需求。

## 深入發掘京津冀都市圈殯葬市場<sup>,</sup> 爭取戰略聯盟及收購機會

自於GEM上市以來,本集團已進行初步場地視察,並研究若干潛在收購機會,以根據招股章程所載的未來計劃尋求戰略聯盟及收購機會。本集團包選安置區公墓合資項目,並於2020年7月6日與新航城正式簽訂合資協議,共同設立廊坊臨時期與公墓有限公司,負責公墓合資項目的收地補價、建設及營運與管理。2021年,本集團深入公墓,達到及營運與管理。2021年,本集團深入公墓,持續積極全面發展公司,持續積極全面發展公司,持續積極全面發展公司,持續積極全面發展公司,持續積極全面發展公司,在規劃設計、土地徵遷等方面已取得階段性進展。同時,本公司未來仍會積極尋找更多其他合適的戰略聯盟及收購機會。

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The Directors believe that the delay in the implementation or due adjustments of its business plans would not have material adverse impact on the Group since the current implementation plans are better aligned with the Group's development.

董事認為,本集團的業務計劃的實施延誤或因而作出的調整對本集團並無重大不利影響,因現時的實施計劃更能配合本集團的發展。

# **Events after the Reporting Period**

There was no material events after 31 December 2021 up to the date of this report.

#### **Auditors**

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment, at the forthcoming AGM.

By order of the Board

Huang Peikun

Executive Director

29 March 2022, Hong Kong

# 報告期後發生的事件

於2021年12月31日後及直至本報告日期,並無發生重大事件。

## 核數師

截至2021年12月31日止年度之合併財務報表已由 德勤•關黃陳方會計師行審核,其將於應屆股東 周年大會退任,並合資格膺選連任。

承董事會命

執行董事 黃培坤

2022年3月29日,香港

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

# Deloitte.

# 德勤

# TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA WAN TONG YUAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Wan Tong Yuan (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 61 to 140, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs") issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### 致中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

### 意見

吾等已完成審計列載於第61頁至第140頁之中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)之合併財務報表,該等財務報表包括於2021年12月31日之合併財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的合併損益及其他全面收益表、合併權益變動表及合併現金流量表,以及合併財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,該等合併財務報表已根據由國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映 貴集團於2021年12月31日之合併財務狀況以及 貴集團截至該日止年度之合併財務表現及其合併現金流量,並已遵守香港公司條例的披露規定而妥善編製。

#### 意見基礎

吾等根據國際審計及鑒證準則委員會頒佈的國際審計準則(「國際審計準則」)進行審核。吾等核的國際審計準則」)進行審核。吾等核的主任在吾等的報告內核數師就審核合併財務報表須承擔的責任一節進一步闡述。根對國際會計師職業道德準則理事會的會計師職業道德等則(包括國際獨立性守則)(「守則」),吾等獨立於貴集團,並已遵循守則履行其他道德責任。吾等認為,吾等所獲得的審計之證據屬充足及適當,能為吾等的意見提供基礎。

#### 關鍵審計事項

根據吾等的專業判斷,關鍵審計事項為吾等審計 本期間的合併財務報表中最重要的事項。吾等在 審計整份合併財務報表及就此達致意見時處理該 等事項,而不會就該等事項單獨發表意見。

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

致中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司股東(續)

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

# 關鍵審計事項(續)

# Key Audit Matters (continued)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

# Revenue recognition for sales of burial plots

墓地銷售的收入確認

We identified the occurrence of revenue from sales of burial plots as a key audit matter due to the significance of the amount and volume of sales transactions recognised during the year.

吾等將墓地銷售收入的發生確定為一項關 鍵審計事項,此乃由於年內確認的銷售交 易金額及數目龐大。

Details of revenue from sales of burial plots are set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements. 墓地銷售收入詳情載於合併財務報表附註5。

Our procedures in relation to the occurrence of revenue from sales of burial plots included:

吾等就墓地銷售收入所進行的程序包括:

- Testing key internal controls relevant to the sales of burial plots.
- 測試有關墓地銷售的關鍵內部控制。
- Selected burial plot sales transactions on a sample basis and:
- 抽樣選取墓地銷售交易及:
  - examined the signed sales and purchase agreements to understand the relevant terms in determining when customers obtain control of burial plots.
  - 一檢查已簽訂的買賣協議,以了解有關釐定於何時客戶獲得墓地 控制的條款。
  - obtained evidence regarding customers obtaining control of burial plots.
  - 一 取得有關客戶獲得墓地控制的證據。
  - reconciled the amounts of recorded transactions and related receipts to the signed sales and purchase agreements of burial plots.
  - 將已入賬交易的金額與已簽訂墓地銷售買賣協議的有關收據進 行對賬。

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 致中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司股東(續)

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

## 其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料包括載於年報的資料,惟不包括合併財務報表及報表內的核數師報告。

吾等對合併財務報表作出的意見並無涵蓋其他資料,而吾等不會對其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證 結論。

就吾等審計合併財務報表而言,吾等的責任為閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是否與合併財務報表或吾等在審核過程中獲悉的資料存在重大不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。倘吾等基於已進行的工作認為其他資料出現重大錯誤陳述,吾等須報告有關事實。吾等毋須就此作出報告。

## 董事及管治層就合併財務報表須承 擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈 的國際財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露要求, 編製真實而公平地反映情況的合併財務報表,及 負責董事釐定對編製合併財務報表屬必要的有關 內部監控,以使該等合併財務報表不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製合併財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關的事項(如適用)。除非董事擬將 貴集團清盤或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦法,否則須採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法。

管治層負責監督 貴集團的財務報告流程。

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
  consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those
  risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
  appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
  higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or
  the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

### 致中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司股東(續)

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

## 核數師就審核合併財務報表須承擔 的責任

在根據國際審計準則進行審核的過程中,吾等運 用專業判斷,保持職業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估由於舞弊或錯誤而導致合併財務 報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行 審核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足及 適當的審計證據,作為吾等意見的基礎。由 於舞弊可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚 假陳述或凌駕內部控制的情況,因此未能發 現因舞弊而導致重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的 審核程序,惟並非旨在對 貴集團內部控制 的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及所作出 會計估計及相關披露的合理性。

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

#### 致中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司股東(續)

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

## 核數師就審核合併財務報表須承擔 的責任(續)

- 對董事採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法的恰當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審計證據,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大經定性,從而可能導致對貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘吾等認為存在重大經濟之一,則有必要在核數師報告中提請被不定,則修訂吾等的意見。吾等的結論及不足,則修訂吾等的意見。吾等的結論及乃之。
   於截至核數師報告日期止所取得的審計證據。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評估合併財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構及 內容,包括披露資料,以及合併財務報表是 否中肯反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足及適當的審計證據,以便對合併財務報表發表意見。吾等負責集團審計的方向、監督及執行。吾等僅對審計意見承擔責任。

吾等與管治層就(其中包括)審核的計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審核發現進行溝通,該等發現包括吾等在審計過程中識別的內部控制的任何重大缺失。

吾等亦向管治層作出聲明,指出吾等已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響吾等獨立性的所有關係及其他事宜以及為消除威脅而採取的行動或所應用的防範措施(如適用)。

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

# TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA WAN TONG YUAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (continued)

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Lung Kwok Hung.

**Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu** *Certified Public Accountants*Hong Kong
29 March 2022

### 致中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司股東(續)

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

## 核數師就審核合併財務報表須承擔 的責任(續)

從與管治層溝通的事項中,吾等釐定對審核本期間合併財務報表至關重要的事項,有關事項因而構成關鍵審計事項。吾等在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,倘合理預期在吾等的報告中傳達某事項造成的負面後果超出由此產生的公眾利益,則吾等決定不應在報告中傳達該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為龍國 鴻。

**德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行** *執業會計師* 香港 2022年3月29日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 合併損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

			截至12月31日	1 正 十 及
		NOTES 附註	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	5	42.040	20.001
Cost of sales and services	銷售及服務成本	Э	43,949 (7,554)	38,891 (5,998)
Gross profit	毛利		36,395	32,893
Other income	其他收入	6	9,725	10,110
Other gains and losses, net	其他收益及虧損淨額	7	(1,125)	(2,612)
(Loss)/gain on fair value changes of financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益的 金融資產公平值變動	,	(1,123)	(2,012)
profit or loss	(虧損)/收益	16	(734)	300
Gain on fair value change of investment	投資物業公平值變動			
property	收益	14	50	190
Distribution and selling expenses	分銷及銷售開支		(7,644)	(7,054)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(7,984)	(8,534)
Other expense	其他開支	18	(3,747)	_
Finance costs	財務成本		(28)	(78)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	8	24,908	25,215
Income tax expense	所得税開支	10	(6,768)	(7,674)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔 年內溢利及全面收益			
the Company	總額		18,140	17,541
Farnings per chare	每股盈利			
Earnings per share Basic (RMB cents)	母 版 盈 利 基 本 ( 人 民 幣 分 )	11	1.8	1.8
Dasic (MVID Cellis)	坐坐(八八市カ)	1 1	1.0	1.0

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 合併財務狀況表

At 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

#### At 31 December 於12月31日

			於12月	31 🗆
		NOTES 附註	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON CURRENT ACCETS	北法制必喜			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS  Property, plant and equipment	<b>非流動資產</b> 物業、廠房及設備	13	4,267	3,249
Intangible assets	無形資產	13	152	J,243 —
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		48	623
Investment property	投資物業	14	6,250	6,200
Cemetery assets	墓園資產	15	9,837	8,904
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益的		5,553	-,
profit or loss	金融資產	16	8,166	8,900
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收		.,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
.,	款項	18	35,143	8,000
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	22	824	_
			64,687	35,876
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	17	23,834	18,605
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收	17	25,054	10,003
rrepayments and other receivables	款項	18	841	1,265
Amounts due from related parties	應收關聯方款項	9B	105,349	
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	19	84,428	197,630
			214,452	217,500
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債	2.0	44.055	6.633
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	20	11,938	6,099
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	2.4	15	598
Contract liabilities	合約負債	21	7,372	8,033
Income tax payable	應付所得税		1,125	3,181
			20,450	17,911
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		194,002	199,589
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	總資產減流動負債			
LIABILITIES			258,689	235,465

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 合併財務狀況表

At 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

#### At 31 December 於12月31日

		於12月31日		
		NOTES 附註	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		_	15
Contract liabilities	合約負債	21	67,261	63,194
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	22	3,266	2,234
			70,527	65,443
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		188,162	170,022
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	24	66,192	66,192
Reserves	儲備	25	121,970	103,830
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔			
the Company	權益		188,162	170,022
TOTAL FOLUTY	描 24 km 存在		400.463	470.022
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額 —————————		188,162	170,022

The consolidated financial statements on pages 61 to 140 were 於第61頁至140頁的合併財務報表已於2022年3月 approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 29日經董事會審批並授權發行,並由下列董事 March 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

簽署:

Li Xingying DIRECTOR

**Huang Peikun** DIRECTOR

李興穎 董事

黃培坤 董事

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 合併權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

		Share capital	Statutory surplus reserve 法定	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total
		股本 RMB′000 人民幣千元	盈餘儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 25) (附註25)	其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 25) (附註25)	保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020 Profit and total comprehensive income	於2020年1月1日 年內溢利及全面收益	66,192	9,771	1,309	75,209	152,481
for the year Transfer to statutory surplus reserve	總額轉至法定盈餘儲備	_ _	 2,372	_ _	17,541 (2,372)	17,541 —
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年12月31日及 2021年1月1日	66,192	12,143	1,309	90,378	170,022
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Transfer to statutory surplus reserve	年內溢利及全面收益 總額 轉至法定盈餘儲備	_ _	 2,387	_ _	18,140 (2,387)	18,140 —
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	66,192	14,530	1,309	106,131	188,162

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 合併現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動		
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	24,908	25,215
Adjustments for:	就以下各項作出調整:		•
Interest income	利息收入	(8,835)	(2,870)
Dividend income from financial assets at	來自按公平值計入損益		
fair value through profit or loss	的金融資產之股息收入	(700)	(800)
Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair	出售按公平值計入損益		
value through profit or loss	的金融資產收益	(65)	_
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		980	892
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	575	527
Amortisation of cemetery assets	墓園資產攤銷	447	380
Gain on fair value change of investment	投資物業公平值變動收益		
property		(50)	(190)
Loss/(gain) on fair value changes of	按公平值計入損益的金融資產		
financial assets at fair value through	公平值變動虧損/(收益)		
profit or loss		734	(300)
Finance costs	財務成本	28	78
Other expense	其他開支	3,747	_
Foreign exchange losses, net	外匯虧損淨額	1,152	2,659
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備收益		
equipment		(19)	
Orașetia a sala flavor la fara arraganta in	<b>炒</b> 军 次 <b>△</b> 緻 新 <del>· · · · · · // // // // // // // // // /</del>		
Operating cash flows before movements in	宮 建 貝 並 愛 刧 刖 刊 經 宮 現 金 流 量	22.002	25 501
working capital (Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)/減少	22,902	25,591 668
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments and	預付款項及其他應收款項減少/	(5,229)	000
other receivables	(增加)	424	(8,527)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other	貿易及其他應付款項	424	(0,327)
payables	增加/(減少)	5,839	(7,310)
Increase in contract liabilities	台約負債増加	3,406	5,348
- Increase in contract habilities		3,400	J,J40 
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	27,342	15,770
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(8,616)	(5,834)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額	18,726	9,936

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 合併現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		截至12月31	日止年度
		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB′000 人民幣千元
		人民市1九	八八市「九
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動		
Purchase of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備		
equipment	7,300,000,000,000	(2,005)	(1,052)
Purchase of landscape facilities included in	購買計入墓園資產的景觀設施	( )	( ) /
cemetery assets		(1,380)	(951)
Purchase of intangible assets	購買無形資產	(152)	_
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備的		
and equipment	所得款項	26	21
Loans to related parties	貸款予關連方	(100,000)	_
Interest received	已收利息	1,956	2,870
Dividend income received from financial	來自按公平值計入損益之金融		
assets at fair value through profit or loss	資產已收股息收入	700	800
Placement of term deposits	存入定期存款	(11,200)	(53,800)
Withdrawal of term deposits	提取定期存款	53,800	_
Advance payments paid	已付墊款	(30,000)	_
Payment for purchase of other	購買其他投資付款		
investments		(16,000)	_
Proceeds from disposal of other	出售其他投資所得款項		
investments		16,065	
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金		
	淨額 ————————————————————————————————————	(88,190)	(52,112)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動	(22)	(=0)
Interest paid	已付利息	(28)	(78)
Repayments of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債 ————————————————————————————————————	(598)	(537)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額	(626)	/61E\
- ret cash used in financing activities	融 員 冶 勤 別 用 况 並 净 領	(626)	(615)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物減少淨額	(70,090)	(42,791)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	年初現金及現金等價物	(70,030)	(42,731)
the year	十個先並及先並守頂彻	143,830	189,280
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動的影響	(512)	(2,659)
- Toronghi exchange rate changes		(312)	(2,033)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the	年末以以下項目列賬的現金及		
year, represented by:	現金等價物:		
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	84,428	197,630
Less: bank deposits with original maturity	減:原到期日為三個月以上的	0.,.23	.5.,650
over three months	銀行存款	(11,200)	(53,800)
		73,228	143,830
			-,

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

China Wan Tong Yuan (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") was incorporated and registered in the Cayman Islands on 25 January 2017 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The shares of the Company are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of the registered office of the Company is 2nd Floor, the Grand Pavilion Commercial Centre, 802 West Bay Road, P.O. Box 10338, Grand Cayman KY1-1003, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is No.48, Louzhuang Road, Langfang Development Area, Langfang, Hebei Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the sale of burial plots and columbarium units, provision of other burial-related services and provision of cemetery maintenance services in the PRC. The Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Group".

The Company's parent company is Tai Shing International Investment Company Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI") and its ultimate holding company is Lily Charm Holding Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI. Both companies are controlled by Ms. Zhao Ying ("Ms. Zhao", the "Ultimate Controlling Shareholder").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") which is also the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ('000) unless otherwise indicated.

### 1. 一般資料

中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司(「本公司」)於2017年1月25日根據開曼群島公司法於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。其註冊辦事處地址為2nd Floor, the Grand Pavilion Commercial Centre, 802 West Bay Road, P.O. Box 10338, Grand Cayman KY1-1003, Cayman Islands,而其主要營業地點為中華人民共和國(「中國」)河司的主要業務為投資控股,而其附屬公司主要於中國從事墓地及骨灰廊銷售、提供其他預屬中國從事墓地及骨灰廊銷售、提供其他預屬相關服務及墓園維護服務。本公司及其附屬公司統稱為「本集團」。

本公司的母公司是在英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」)註冊成立的公司泰盛國際投資有限公司,而其最終控股公司是在英屬處女群島註冊成立的公司Lily Charm Holding Limited。兩間公司均由趙穎女士(「趙女士」,為「最終控股股東」)控制。

合併財務報表以本公司及其附屬公司的功能 貨幣人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列,而除另有説明 外,所有數值均約整至最接近的千元。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs")

Amendments to IFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to IFRSs issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2021 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendment to IFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

Amendments to IFRS 9, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 — Phase 2 and IFRS 16

In addition, the Group applied the agenda decision of the IFRS Interpretations Committee of the IASB issued in June 2021 which clarified the costs an entity should include as "estimated costs necessary to make the sale" when determining the net realisable value of inventories.

The application of the amendments to IFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and position for the current and prior years and/ or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

# 2. 經修訂國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」) 之應用

於本年度法定生效之經修訂國際財務 報告準則

於本年度,本集團已就編製合併財務報表首次應用由國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的以下修訂本,該等修訂本均於2021年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間強制生效:

國際財務報告準則 第16號(修訂本) 國際財務報告準則 第9號、國際會計準 則第39號、國際財務 報告準則第7號、國 際財務報告準則第4 號及國際財務報告準 則第16號(修訂本)

與COVID-19相關 的租金減免 利率基準改革 一 第二期

此外,本集團應用國際會計準則理事會於 2021年6月發佈的《國際財務報告準則詮釋委 員會》的議程決定,當中澄清實體須於釐定 存貨的可變現淨值時將成本計入「銷售必要 的估計成本」。

於本年度應用國際財務報告準則的修訂本對本集團本年度及過往年度的財務表現與狀況 及/或於該等合併財務報表所載披露並無重 大影響。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO 2. INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs") (continued)

New and amendments to IFRSs in issue but not vet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts and the related

Amendments<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to IFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual

Framework<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to IFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets and IAS 28 between an Investor and its

Associate or Joint Venture<sup>4</sup>

Amendment to IFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as

Current or Non-current<sup>3</sup> Disclosure of Accounting Policies<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2

Amendments to IAS 8

Definition of Accounting Estimates<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single

Transaction<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment

Proceeds before Intended Use<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to IAS 37 Onerous Contracts — Cost of

Fulfilling a Contract<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to IFRS Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards Standards 2018-20202

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

The directors of the Company (the "Directors") anticipate that the application of the new and amendments to IFRSs above will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

## 經修訂國際財務報告準則(「國 際財務報告準則 1) 之應用(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂國 際財務報告準則

本集團未有提前採納以下已頒佈但尚未生效 的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則:

國際財務報告準則 第17號 修訂3

國際財務報告準則 第3號(修訂本) 沭2

國際財務報告準則 第10號及國際會計準 則第28號(修訂本)

國際財務報告準則 第16號(修訂本)

國際會計準則第1號 (修訂本)

國際會計準則第1號及 國際財務報告準則 實務報告第2號 (修訂本)

國際會計準則第8號 (修訂本)

國際會計準則第12號 (修訂本)

國際會計準則第16號 (修訂本)

> 國際會計準則第37號 (修訂本)

國際財務報告準則 (修訂本)

保險合約及相關

對概念架構的提

投資者與其聯營 公司或合營企 業之間出售或 注入資產4

於2021年6月30日 後與Covid-19相 關的租金減免1

負債分類為流動 或非流動3

會計政策披露3

會計估計的定義3

與單一交易產生 之資產及負債

相關之遞延税 項3

物業、廠房及設 備 — 達到擬定 用途前的所得

款項2 繁重合約 — 履約

成本2 2018年至2020年 頒佈的國際財

務報告準則年 度改進2

- 於2021年4月1日或之後開始之年度期間生
- 於2022年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生
- 於2023年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生
- 於待定日期或之後開始之年度期間生效

本公司董事(「董事」)預期應用上述新訂及經 修訂國際財務報告準則於可見未來對合併財

務報表不會有重大影響。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment property and certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in the consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with IFRS 16 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in IAS 2 Inventories or value in use in IAS 36 Impairment of assets.

## 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策

#### 3.1 合併財務報表的編製基準

合併財務報表根據國際會計準則理事 會頒佈的國際財務報告準則編製。 編製合併財務報表而言,倘可合理 期若干資料將影響主要用戶的決致 則該項資料被視為重要資料。此外所 合併財務報表包括香港聯合交易所有 限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及 香港公司條例所規定的適用披露資料。

合併財務報表根據歷史成本基準編製,惟投資物業及若干金融工具按報告期末的公平值計量,如下文所載會計政策所述。

歷史成本一般按商品及服務交易時所 提供的代價的公平值作為基準。

公平值是於計量日市場參與者於有秩 序交易中出售資產可收取或轉讓負債 須支付的價格, 而不論該價格是否可 使用其他估值方法直接可觀察或估 計。本集團估計資產或負債的公平值 時,會考慮市場參與者於計量日對資 產或負債定價時所考慮的資產或負債 特點。合併財務報表中計量及/或披 露用途的公平值按此基準釐定,惟國 際財務報告準則第2號以股份為基礎付 款內的以股份為基礎付款交易、根據 國際財務報告準則第16號租賃記賬的 租賃交易、以及類似公平值但並非公 平值的計量項目(如國際會計準則第2 號存貨的可變現淨值或國際會計準則 第36號資產減值的使用價值)除外。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

# 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

For financial instruments and investment property which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs is to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that at initial recognition the results of the valuation technique equals the transaction price.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

## 3.2 Significant accounting policies

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

# 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.1 合併財務報表的編製基準(續)

就按公平值交易的金融工具與投資物 業以及於其後期間使用不可觀察輸入 數據計量公平值的估值技術而言,估 值技術經校準以使初步確認時的估值 技術結果與交易價格相等。

此外,就財務呈報而言,公平值計量 根據公平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程 度及公平值計量的輸入數據對其整體 的重要性分類為第一、第二或第三 級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據為實體可於計量 日獲得的相同的資產或負債於活 躍市場的報價(未調整);
- 第二級輸入數據為不包括第一級 報價的資產或負債的可直接或間 接觀察的輸入數據:及
- 第三級輸入數據為資產或負債的 不可觀察輸入數據。

#### 3.2 重大會計政策

合併基準

合併財務報表包括本公司以及本公司 及其附屬公司控制的實體的財務報 表。當本公司符合以下各項時,即取 得控制權:

- 對被投資方行使權力;
- 從參與被投資方的業務獲得或有權獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力使用權力影響回報。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

合併基準(續)

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因 素中有一項或多項出現變化,本集團 將重新評估是否對被投資方擁有控制 權。

合併一間附屬公司於本集團獲得該附屬公司的控制權時開始,於本集團失去該附屬公司的控制權時解始,於本集團失去該附屬公司的控制權時終止。具體而言,年內所收購或出售的附屬公司收入及開支自本集團獲得該附屬公司的控制權之日起至失去控制權之日此計入合併損益及其他全面收益表。

必要時會調整附屬公司的財務報表, 以使其會計政策與本集團的會計政策 一致。

所有集團內公司間的資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及與本集團成員公司間的交易相關的現金流量於合併賬目時全部對銷。

#### 客戶合約收益

本集團於履行履約責任時(或就此)確認收益,即與特定履約責任相關的商品或服務「控制權」轉移至客戶時。

履約責任指明確的商品或服務(或一批商品或服務)或一系列大致相同的明確商品或服務。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

客戶合約收益(續)

倘滿足以下其中一項標準,則應根據履行相關履約責任的完成進度於一段時期內轉讓控制權並隨時間流逝確認收益:

- 隨著本集團履約,客戶同時收取 並消耗由本集團履約提供的利 益;
- 本集團履約產生或改善客戶於本 集團履約時控制的資產;或
- 本集團履約並無產生對本集團有替代作用的資產,且本集團對迄 今為止已完成的履約款項有強制執行權。

否則,於客戶獲得明確商品或服務的 控制權時於該時間點確認收益。

合約資產指本集團就換取本集團已轉讓予客戶之商品或服務而收取代價的權利(尚未成為無條件)。其根據國際財務報告準則第9號金融工具評估減值。反之,應收款項指本集團收取代價的無條件權利,即代價付款到期前僅需時間推移。

合約負債指本集團因已向客戶收取代價(或已到期代價金額)而須向客戶轉讓商品或服務的責任。

與同一合約相關的合約資產及合約負債按淨額基準入賬呈列。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Contracts with multiple performance obligations (including allocation of transaction price)

For contracts that contain more than one performance obligations (sales of burial plots and provision of cemetery maintenance services), the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on a relative stand-alone selling price basis.

The stand-alone selling price of the distinct good or service underlying each performance obligation is determined at contract inception. It represents the price at which the Group would sell a promised good or service separately to a customer. If a stand-alone selling price is not directly observable, the Group estimates it using appropriate techniques such that the transaction price ultimately allocated to any performance obligation reflects the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods or services to the customer.

Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

#### Output method

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

客戶合約收益(續)

具有多項履約責任的合約(包括分配交 易價格)

就包含超過一項履約責任(銷售墓地及 提供墓園維護服務)的合約而言,本集 團按相對獨立的售價基準將交易價格 分配至各項履約責任。

隨時間流逝確認收益:計量履行履約 責任的完成進度

#### 產量法

履行履約責任的完成進度基於產量法計量,即透過直接計量迄今已轉讓予客戶的商品或服務價值相對於合約下承諾提供的餘下商品或服務價值確認收益,有關方法最能反映本集團於轉讓商品或服務控制權方面的履約情況。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained.

The Group recognises such costs (sales commissions) as an asset if it expects to recover these costs. The asset so recognised is subsequently amortised to profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the assets relate.

The Group applies the practical expedient of expensing all incremental costs to obtain a contract if these costs would otherwise have been fully amortised to profit or loss within one year.

#### Leases

#### Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under IFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

客戶合約收益(續)

獲得合約的增量成本

獲得合約的增量成本為本集團與客戶 獲得合約產生的成本,倘未獲取合 約,則不會產生該成本。

倘預期可收回該等成本,則本集團將 有關成本(銷售佣金)確認為一項資 產。確認之資產其後有系統地與轉讓 予客戶之有關該資產的商品或服務一 併於損益攤銷。

倘該等成本於一年內悉數於損益攤銷,則本集團應用可行的權宜方法支 銷所有獲得合約的增量成本。

#### 租賃

#### 租賃的定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間 內控制可識別資產使用的權利,則該 合約屬租賃或包含租賃。

就首次應用日期或之後訂立或修改或 因業務合併而產生的合約而言,本集 團根據國際財務報告準則第16號的定 義於初始、修改日期或收購日期(視情 況而定)評估合約是否屬租賃或包含租 賃。除非其後更改合約的條款及條 件,否則不會重估有關合約。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee

Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to a lease of an office premises that has a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use assets includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; and
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group.

Except for those that are classified as investment property and measured under fair value model, right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

## 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

3.2 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人

短期租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用於自開始日期起租期為12個月或以下及不包含購買權的辦公場所租賃。短期租賃的租金付款於租期內按直線法確認為開支。

使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 初始計量租賃負債時的金額;
- 於租賃期開始日或之前所作出的 租賃付款減任何已收租賃獎勵;
   及
- 本集團所產生的任何初始直接成本。

除分類為投資物業及以公平值模式計量者外,使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及減值虧損計量,並就租賃負債的任何重新計量作出調整。

本集團於租期結束時合理確定會取得相關租賃資產所有權的使用權資產, 自租賃期開始日起至可使用年期結束 期間折舊。否則,使用權資產以直線 法於其估計可使用年期與租期兩者中 的較短者折舊。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Right-of-use assets (continued)

The Group presents right-of-use assets that directly related to cemetery in cemetery assets and transfer to inventories upon commencement of development.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property, cemetery asset or inventory as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under IFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include fixed payments (including insubstance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

## 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

和賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產(續)

本集團呈列與墓園資產中的墓園直接 相關且於開始發展時轉撥至存貨的使 用權資產。

本集團將不符合投資物業定義的使用 權資產、墓園資產或存貨作為單獨項 目於合併財務狀況報表內呈列。

#### 可退還租金按金

已付可退還租金按金根據國際財務報告準則第9號入賬,並初始按公平值計量。對初始確認時的公平值作出的調整被視為額外租賃付款,並計入使用權資產成本。

#### 租賃負債

於租賃期開始日,本集團按當日未支付的租賃付款的現值確認及計量租賃負債。於計算租賃付款的現值時,倘租賃中隱含的利率不易於釐定,則本集團使用於租賃期開始日的增量借款利率。

租賃付款包括固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減任何應收租賃優惠。

於租賃期開始日後,租賃負債按利息增長及租賃付款調整。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities (continued)

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group as a lessor

Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

## 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

3.2 重大會計政策(續)

和賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

在下列情況下,本集團重新計量租賃 負債(及對相關使用權資產作出相應調 整):

- 租期變動或購買權行使情況的評估變動,在此情況下相關的租賃負債使用重新評估日期的經修改折現率折現經修改租賃付款重新計量。
- 市場租金審閱後市場租金變動導致租賃付款變動,在此情況下相關租賃負債使用初始折現率折現經修改租賃付款重新計量。

本集團將租賃負債作為單獨項目於合 併財務狀況表內呈列。

本集團作為出租人

租賃分類及計量

本集團為出租人的租賃分類為融資或 經營租賃。當租賃條款將相關資產的 擁有權的絕大部分風險及回報轉移至 承租人時,則合約分類為融資租賃。 所有其他租賃分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃的租金收入在相關租期內按 直線法於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

#### Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

#### Employee benefits

#### Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the state-managed retirement benefit scheme are charged as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

### 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

#### 外幣

編製各個別集團實體的財務報表時, 以該實體功能貨幣以外的貨幣(外幣) 進行的交易按交易日當時的匯率確 認。於報告期末,以外幣計值的貨幣 項目按該日的匯率重新換算。按外幣 歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目不予重新 換算。

貨幣項目結算及貨幣項目重新換算的 匯兑差額於產生期間在損益確認。

#### 政府補助

僅於可合理確保本集團將符合所附條 件且將收取補助時確認政府補助。

為補償已產生的開支或虧損或用於向本集團提供即時財務支持而應收且不產生未來相關成本的政府補助於其成為應收款項的期間在損益確認。該補助於「其他收入」呈列。

#### 僱員福利

#### 退休福利成本

對國家管理退休福利計劃的供款於僱 員提供服務並有權享有相關供款時確 認為開支。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when the employee rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another IFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries and annual leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

#### Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax (as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income) because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

僱員福利(續)

短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利按僱員提供服務時預期 支付的福利未貼現金額確認。所有短期僱員福利均確認為開支,除非其他國際財務報告準則規定或允許將福利計入資產成本。

僱員福利(例如工資及薪金以及年假) 扣除已付金額後確認為負債。

#### 税項

所得税開支為應付即期税項與遞延税 項的總和。

應付即期税項按本年度的應課税溢利計算。基於其他年度應課税或可扣減的收支項目及毋須課税或不可扣減的項目,應課税溢利有別於合併損益及其他全面收益表中呈列的除稅前溢利。本集團按報告期末已實行或實質已實行的稅率計算即期稅項。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment property that is measured using the fair value model, the carrying amount of such property is presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

## 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

就與於附屬公司的投資相關的應課稅暫時差額確認遞延稅項負債,惟在額經延稅項負債,惟有數學可控制暫時差額撥回及暫時差額撥回則除外可見將來撥回則除外所所與不過。 等投資相關的可扣減暫時差額所足夠 等投延稅項資產,僅在可能有足夠 課稅溢利用作抵銷暫時差額利 期於可見將來撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產的賬面值會於報告期末 檢討,並予以扣減直至應課稅溢利不 再可能足以收回全部或部分資產為止。

遞延税項資產及負債按預期於清償負債或變現資產期間適用的税率計量,並根據截至各報告期末已實行或實質已實行的税率(及税法)計算。

遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映本集 團預期於報告期末收回或償付資產及 負債賬面值的方式所產生的稅務影響。

就採用公平價值模式計量的投資物業之遞延稅項而言,除非預設被推翻,否則該等物業的賬面值假設可透過销售完全收回。當投資物業可予折舊及在業務目標是隨時間而消耗投資物業所含有的絕大部分經濟利益(而非透過出售)的業務模式持有時,有關預設將被推翻。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Taxation (continued)

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies IAS 12 *Income Taxes* requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences on initial recognition of the relevant right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised due to application of the initial recognition exemption. Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

In assessing any uncertainty over income tax treatments, the Group considers whether it is probable that the relevant tax authority will accept the uncertain tax treatment used, or proposed to be use by individual group entities in their income tax filings. If it is probable, the current and deferred taxes are determined consistently with the tax treatment in the income tax filings. If it is not probable that the relevant taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, the effect of each uncertainty is reflected by using either the most likely amount or the expected value.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

為計量本集團於其確認使用權資產及 相關租賃負債的租賃交易的遞延税 項,本集團首先釐定税項扣減是否歸 屬於使用權資產或租賃負債。

就税項扣減歸屬於租賃負債的租賃的租賃的租賃的租賃會計準則加減歸屬於租賃負債的判期用。 就所得稅的規定分別應用於步度負債。 內的規定。由於應用初步及租赁會確認的暫時性差額。 大的稅租不會確認的暫時性差額。對出租租賃債債的抵職面貨負債及租赁的暫時性差額。 資資的產生的暫團,則於重新計量於或 修訂當日確認。

倘有合法執行權利可將即期稅項資產 與即期稅項負債抵銷,且其與同一稅 務機關對同一應課稅實體徵收之所得 稅有關,則遞延稅項資產及負債可互 相抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益中確認,惟倘其與於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認的項目有關,則在該情況下,即期及遞延税項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認。

評估任何所得税處理的不確定性時 中集團考慮相關稅務機關是否體 受所使用,或建議個人集團實 體理 所得稅時所使用的遞延所得稅的 問可能,即期及遞延所得稅的 實定 所得稅申報表中的稅務處理一確 定 時 相關稅務機關不太可能接受不確 定 稅 務處理,則通過使用最可能 預期值 反映各不確定性的影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

### Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties also include leased properties which are being recognised as right-of-use assets and subleased by the Group under operating leases.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

## 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃持作生產或供應商品或服務或作行政用途的有形資產。物業、廠房及設備按成本減其後累計折舊及累計減值虧損(如有)於合併財務狀況表列賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目的折舊於其估計可使用年期內扣除剩餘價值後以直線法確認以撇銷成本。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各報告期末檢討,而任何估計變動的影響按預先計提之基準入賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或預期 持續使用該資產不會產生日後經濟利 益時終止確認。處置或報廢物業、廠 房及設備產生的任何收益或虧損按銷 售所得款項與該資產賬面值之間的差 額釐定,並於損益內確認。

#### 投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金及/或資本增值而持有的物業。投資物業亦包括確認為使用權資產及由本集團根據經營租賃進行分租的租賃物業。

投資物業初步按成本(包括任何直接應 佔開支)計量。初步確認後,投資物業 按公平值計量。投資物業公平值變動 產生的收益或虧損於產生期間計入損 益。

投資物業於出售或永久終止使用及預期出售後再無日後經濟利益之時終止確認。終止確認物業所產生的任何收益或虧損(按該資產的出售所得款項淨額與資產賬面值之間的差額計算)於終止確認該項目期間計入損益。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Cemetery assets

Cemetery assets consist of leasehold land, cost of initial land development, and cost of landscaping for the general public areas of the cemetery. Except for the leasehold land and cost of initial land development with no intention to develop up to the end of the reporting period and measured at cost model in accordance with the accounting policies of right-of-use assets, cost of landscaping facilities for the general public areas is measured at cost model in accordance with the accounting policies of property, plant and equipment.

Upon commencement of development of the cemetery with the intention of sale in the ordinary course of business of the Group, the related carrying amounts of cemetery assets are transferred to inventories.

#### Impairment on tangible assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

The recoverable amount of tangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

#### 墓園資產

墓園資產包括租賃土地、初始土地開發成本及墓園公共空間景觀美化成本。除租賃土地及初始土地開發(直至報告期末本集團無意對其進行開發)成本部分根據使用權資產的會計政策按成本模式計量外,公共空間景觀設施成本根據物業、廠房及設備的會計政策按成本模式計量。

在本集團日常業務過程中開始開發墓 園擬作出售用途後,墓園資產的相關 賬面值轉撥至存貨。

#### 有形資產減值

於報告期末,本集團審閱有形資產的 賬面值,以釐定有否任何跡象顯示該 等資產遭受減值虧損。倘有任何該等 跡象,則會估計資產的可收回金額, 以釐定減值虧損(如有)的程度。

有形資產的可收回金額按個別基準估計。倘不可能估計個別資產的可收回 金額,則本集團會估計該資產所屬的 現金產生單位的可收回金額。

於測試現金產生單位的減值時,倘可設立合理及一致的分配基準,則公全產分配至相關現金產生單位,或分配至現金產生單位內可設立合理全數分配基準的最小組別。可收立或是在數分配基準的最小組別。可收或或是在單位組別釐定,並與相關現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別的賬面值相比較。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Impairment on tangible assets (continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Inventories

Inventories include cemetery assets for sale, cemetery assets under development for sale, and tombstones and urns. Except for the leasehold land element which is measured at cost model in accordance with the accounting policies of right-of-use assets, cemetery assets for sale, cemetery assets under development for sale, and tombstones and urns are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

## 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

有形資產減值(續)

可收回金額指公平值減出售成本及使 用價值的較高者。在評估使用價值 時,會使用除税前貼現率將估計未來 現金流量貼現至其現值,該貼現率反 映市場當時對貨幣時間價值及該資產 (或現金產生單位)特定風險的評估(並 未調整估計未來現金流量)。

倘資產(或現金產生單位)的可收回金額估計低於其賬面值,資產(或現金產生單位)的賬面值則減至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時於損益中確認。

倘於其後撥回減值虧損,資產(或現金產生單位或一組現金產生單位)的賬面值增至經修訂的估計可收回金額,惟經調高的賬面值不得超過該資產(或現金產生單位或一組現金產生單位)在過往年度如並無確認減值虧損而應有的賬面值。撥回的減值虧損即時於損益確認。

#### 存貨

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a settlement date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成為 工具的合約條文訂約方時確認。所有 正常買賣的金融資產以結算日期為基 準予以確認及終止確認。正常買賣是 須於法規或市場慣例所制訂的時間內 交付資產的金融資產買賣。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值計量,惟根據國際財務報告準則第15號客戶合約收益初步計量的客戶合約收益初步計量的客戶或別應收款項除外。收購資產及金融負債(按公平值計入損益別的金融負債除外)的直接應佔交易融資產認時計入,與企業的政立,與企業的企業的。與企業的主義。

實際利率法是計算金融資產或金融負債攤銷成本及按有關期間分配利息息息與利息開支的方法。實際利率是付款(包括已收屬於實際利率組成部分的一切或用及代價、交易成本及其他溢價期年的,按金融資產或金融負債的預期年稅的通用)較短期間準確貼現至初步確認時賬面淨值的利率。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows: and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets of the Group are subsequently measured at EVTPL.

#### (i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

## 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產

金融資產的分類及其後計量

符合下列條件的金融資產其後按攤銷 成本計量:

- 持有金融資產之業務模式旨在收取合約現金流量;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之現金 流量僅為支付本金及未償還之本 金的利息。

所有其他金融資產其後按公平值計入 損益計量。

#### (i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

#### (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "gain (loss) on fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL" line item.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including amounts due from related parties, other receivables and bank balances) which are subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

For the Group's financial assets, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(續)

#### (ii) 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

按公平值計入損益的金融資產按 各報告期末的公平值計量,任何 公平值收益或虧損於損益中確 認。於損益中確認的收益或虧損 淨額不包括該金融資產所賺取的 任何股息或利息,計入「按公平 值計入損益的金融資產公平值 動收益(虧損)」細分項目。

#### 金融資產的減值

本集團根據金融資產(包括應收關聯方款項、其他應收款項及銀行結餘)的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模型進行減值評估,惟須根據國際財務報告準則第9號進行減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額於各報告日期更新,以反映信貸風險自初步確認以來的變動。

本集團對本集團的金融資產計量等於 12個月預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備,除 非信貸風險自初步確認以來大幅增加,則本集團確認全期預期信貸虧損的評 損。是否確認全期預期信貸虧損的評 估乃基於自初步確認以來發生違約的 可能性或風險大幅增加作出。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effect.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

## 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

3.2 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的減值(續)

(i) 信貸風險大幅增加

於評估信貸風險自初步確認以來是否大幅增加時,本集團比歐大幅增加時,本集團比險險之。 在工具於報告日期的確認日期風險的, 在工具於初步確認日期,的定認日期, 的風險。作此評估時,本集量別 的大學不是不是不是 大學不必要成本或精力即可獲得的 能性資料。

尤其是,評估信貸風險是否大幅 增加時會考慮下列資料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或內 部信貸評級的實際或預期 重大惡化;
- 信貸風險外部市場指標的 重大惡化,例如信貸息 差、債務人的信貸違約掉 期價大幅增加;
- 預期將導致債務人履行債 務責任的能力大幅下降的 業務、財務或經濟狀況的 現有或預測不利變動;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或 預期重大惡化;
- 導致債務人履行債務責任 的能力大幅下降的債務人 監管、經濟或技術環境的 實際或預期重大不利變 動。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

#### (i) Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

#### (ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的減值(續)

#### (i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)

無論上述評估結果如何,倘合約付款逾期超過30日,則本集團假定信貸風險自初步確認以來已大幅增加,除非本集團有合理及可靠資料證明可予收回則當別論。

本集團定期監控用於識別信貸風險是否大幅增加之標準的有效性,並於適當時對其作出修訂, 以確保該標準能夠於款項逾期前 識別信貸風險的大幅增加。

#### (ii) 違約的定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,倘有 內部資料或由外部資源獲取的資 料顯示債務人可能無法向債權人 (包括本集團)全額付款(不計及 由本集團持有的任何抵押品), 則本集團認為已發生違約事件。

不論上述情況,倘一項金融資產已逾期超過90日,則本集團認為已產生違約事件,除非本集團有合理及可靠資料證明較寬鬆的違約標準更為適用則當別論。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

## 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

3.2 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的減值(續)

(iii) 信貸減值的金融資產

倘發生一項或多項事件對金融資產的估計未來現金流量造成不利 影響,則該金融資產出現信貸減 值。金融資產信貸減值的證據包 括有關以下事件的可觀察數據:

- (a) 發行人或借款人存在重大 財務困難;
- (b) 違反合約,如拖欠或逾期 事件;
- (c) 基於與借款人財務困難相關的經濟或合約理由,借款人的放款人向借款人授出放款人於其他情況下不會考慮的優惠條件;
- (d) 借款人可能將進入破產或 其他財務重組程序;或
- (e) 由於財務困難導致該金融 資產的活躍市場不再存 在。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

#### (iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of other receivables and amounts due from related parties where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的減值(續)

#### (iv) 撇銷政策

本集團於有資料表明交易對手處於嚴重財務困難且無實際恢復可能(例如交易對手已進行清融進入破產程序)時 撇銷金融資產仍可根據之金融資產仍可根據高速不變, 集團收回程序經考慮適用法律意見後強制執行。撇銷構成一項於損益確認。任何其後收回款項於損益確認。

#### (v) 預期信貸虧損的計量與確認

預期信貸虧損計量乃違約概率、違約損失率程度(即倘違約概率失的程度)及違約風險的函數。認物概率及違約損失率程度的函數。評估乃根據歷史數據及前瞻性資料作出。預期信貸虧損之估計反映無偏頗及概率加權之數額,其乃根據加權之相應違約風險而確定。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損按本集 團根據合約應收的所有合約現金 流量與本集團預期收取的現金流 量之間的差額估計,並按初步確 認時釐定的實際利率貼現。

利息收入按金融資產的總賬面值 計算,倘金融資產信貸減值,則 利息收入按金融資產的攤銷成本 計算。

本集團通過調整所有金融工具的 賬面值於損益確認彼等之減值收 益或虧損,惟其他應收款項及應 收關聯方款項除外,此種情況下 透過虧損撥備賬確認相應調整。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity according to the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

### 3. 合併財務報表的編製基準及重 大會計政策(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

終止確認金融資產

本集團僅於資產收取現金流量的合約 權利屆滿時,或向另一實體轉移金融 資產及資產所有權絕大部分風險及回 報時終止確認金融資產。

終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 時,資產賬面值與已收及應收代價的 差額於損益確認。

#### 金融自信及權益

分類為債務或權益

債務及權益工具根據所合約安排的實際內容及金融負債與權益工具的釋義 分類為金融負債或權益。

#### 權益工具

權益工具為證明實體資產於扣除所有 負債後剩餘權益的任何合約。本公司 發行的權益工具按已收取的所得款項 扣除直接發行成本確認。

按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債

金融負債包括貿易及其他應付款項其 後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

#### 終止確認金融負債

本集團會並僅會於責任免除、撤銷或 屆滿時,終止確認金融負債。終止確 認的金融負債的賬面值與已付及應付 代價之間的差額會於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### Investment property

Investment property was stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by independent professional valuer. The fair value was determined based on a method of valuation which involves certain assumptions and estimates of market condition. In relying on the valuation report, the Directors have exercised their judgment and are satisfied that the assumptions used in the valuation are reflective of the current market conditions. Changes to these assumptions would result in change in the fair value of the Group's investment property and the corresponding adjustment to the amount of gain or loss reported in profit or loss.

The carrying amount of investment property as at 31 December 2021 was RMB6,250,000 (2020: RMB6,200,000). Further details are set out in note 14.

## 4. 估計不確定因素的主要來源

應用附註3所述本集團的會計政策時,管理層須就從其他來源不顯而易見的資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假設以過往經驗及認為有關的其他因素為基礎。實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會持續檢討。倘會計估計修 訂僅影響該期間,則有關修訂會於修訂估計 期間確認。倘有關修訂既影響當期,亦影響 未來期間,則有關修訂會於修訂期間及未來 期間確認。

#### 估計不確定因素的主要來源

各報告期末引致資產及負債賬面值在下一財 政年度內有重大調整風險且有關未來的主要 假設及其他主要估計不確定因素來源如下。

#### 投資物業

投資物業根據獨立專業估值師的估值按公平值列賬。公平值基於涉及若干市況假設及估計的估值方法釐定。董事依賴估值報告作出判斷,信納估值所用的假設能反映當時市況。該等假設變動會導致本集團投資物業公平值變動及損益所呈報收益或虧損金額相應調整。

於2021年12月31日,投資物業的賬面值為人民幣6,250,000元(2020年:人民幣6,200,000元)。進一步詳情載於附註14。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

The Group's investments in unquoted equity instruments amounting to RMB8,166,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB8,900,000) were measured at fair values determined based on unobservable inputs using valuation techniques. Judgement and estimation are required in establishing the relevant valuation techniques and the relevant inputs thereof. Changes in assumptions relating to these factors could affect the reported fair values of these financial instruments. Further details are set out in note 27c.

### 5. REVENUE AND OPERATING SEGMENTS

(i) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

## 4. 估計不確定因素的主要來源(續)

金融工具的公平值計量

於2021年12月31日,本集團於無報價權益工 具之投資人民幣8,166,000元(2020年:人民 幣8,900,000元)乃按公平值計量,而公平值 則基於使用估值技術的不可觀察輸入數據 定。於確定相關估值技術及相關輸入數據時 需作出判斷及估計。與該等因素有關的假設 變動會影響該等財務工具所呈報的公平值。 進一步詳情載於附註27c。

## 5. 收益及經營分部

(i) 客戶合約收益分類

	Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度			
		Sales of		
		burial plots, columbarium		
		units and		
		provision of	Provision of	
		other burial-	cemetery	
		related	maintenance	
		services	services	Total
		銷售墓地、		
		骨灰廊及提供	担件其用	
		其他墓地 相關服務	提供墓園 維護服務	總計
		RMB'000	严 <b>反</b> 放 切 <b>RMB'000</b>	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Types of goods and service	商品及服務種類			
Sales of burial plots	銷售墓地	30,356	_	30,356
Sales of columbarium units	銷售骨灰廊	4,874	_	4,874
Provision of other burial-related services Provision of cemetery maintenance	提供其他墓地相關服務 提供墓園維護服務	4,188	_	4,188
services		_	4,531	4,531
Total	總計	39,418	4,531	43,949
1000	WEY HT	3371.0	.,,,,,	.575 .5
Timing of revenue recognition	確認收益的時間			
A point in time	在某一時間點	35,230	_	35,230
Over time	隨時間流逝	4,188	4,531	8,719
Total	總計	39,418	4,531	43,949
Total	ivib 日 l	39,418	4,531	43,349

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 5. REVENUE AND OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

(i) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

## 5. 收益及經營分部(續)

(i) 客戶合約收益分類(續)

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

Sales of burial plots, columbarium		
provision of	Provision of	
other burial-	cemetery	
related	maintenance	
services	services	Total
銷售墓地、		
骨灰廊及提供		
其他墓地	提供墓園	
相關服務	維護服務	總計
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Types of goods and service	商品及服務種類			
Sales of burial plots	銷售墓地	29,595	_	29,595
Sales of columbarium units Provision of other burial-related	銷售骨灰廊 提供其他墓地相關服	1,682	_	1,682
services Provision of cemetery maintenance	務 提供墓園維護服務	3,484	_	3,484
services			4,130	4,130
Total	總計	34,761	4,130	38,891
Timing of revenue recognition	確認收益的時間			
A point in time	在某一時間點	31,277	_	31,277
Over time	隨時間流逝	3,484	4,130	7,614
Total	總計	34,761	4,130	38,891

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. REVENUE AND OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

## (ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers

Sales of burial plots with maintenance services (multiple performance obligations)

For contracts entered into with customers on sales of burial plots, the relevant burial plots specified in the contracts have no alternative use to the Group. Taking into consideration of the relevant contract terms, the legal environment and relevant legal precedent, the Directors concluded that the Group does not have an enforceable right to payment prior to transfer of the burial plots to customers. Revenue from sales of burial plots is therefore recognised at a point in time when customer obtains control of the burial plot, being at the point that the burial plot is transferred to customer and the payment of the transaction price is due immediately at the point the customer purchases the burial plots.

The cemetery maintenance service is considered to be a distinct service. Transaction price is allocated between sales of burial plots and the maintenance services on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Revenue relating to the maintenance services is recognised over time. The transaction price allocated to these services is recognised as a contract liability at the time of the initial sales transaction and is released on a straight-line basis over the period of service.

The Group applies the practical expedient of expensing all incremental costs to obtain a contract if these costs would otherwise have been fully amortised to profit or loss within one year.

## 5. 收益及經營分部(續)

#### ii) 客戶合約履約責任

銷售墓地並提供維護服務(多項履約責任)

與客戶就銷售墓地訂立的合約中指明的相關墓地對本集團而言並無替代表。經考慮相關合約條款、法律環團及相關法律先例,董事認為本集團收付款。因此,銷售墓地的收至等。因此,銷售墓地的收率等不數,一樣得墓地控制權之時(即墓地轉讓予客戶時間點)確認,而交易價格付款。

墓園維護服務視為一項獨立的服務。 交易價格按相對獨立的售價基準於銷 售墓地與維護服務之間分配。與維護 服務相關的收益隨時間流逝確認。分 配至該等服務的交易價格於首次銷售 交易時確認為合約負債,並按直線法 於服務期間解除。

倘該等成本於一年內悉數於損益攤銷,則本集團應用可行的權宜方法支銷所有獲得合約的增量成本。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. REVENUE AND OPERATING SEGMENTS

(continued)

## (ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers (continued)

Sales of columbarium units (revenue recognised at a point in time)

For contracts entered into with customers on sales of columbarium units, the relevant columbarium units specified in the contracts have no alternative use to the Group. Taking into consideration of the relevant contract terms, the legal environment and relevant legal precedent, the Directors concluded that the Group does not have an enforceable right to payment prior to transfer of the columbarium units to customers. Revenue from sales of columbarium units is therefore recognised at a point in time when customer obtains control of the columbarium unit, being at the point that the columbarium units is transferred to customers and the payment of the transaction price is due immediately at the point the customer purchases the columbarium units.

#### Provision of other burial-related services

Other burial-related services represented revenues from miscellaneous services such as the organisation and conducting of burial rituals, the design and landscaping of the burial sites and additional engraving fees. Revenue relating to these burial-related services is recognised over time as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs.

## 5. 收益及經營分部(續)

#### (ii) 客戶合約履約責任(續)

銷售骨灰廊(在某一時間點確認收益)

#### 提供其他墓地相關服務

其他墓地相關服務指來自雜項服務的收益,如組織及進行落葬儀式、墓址設計及景觀美化以及額外雕刻費用。由於在本集團履約時,客戶同時獲取並消耗本集團履約時提供的利益,與墓地相關服務有關的收益隨時間流逝確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. REVENUE AND OPERATING SEGMENTS

(continued)

(iii) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 December 2021 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

## 5. 收益及經營分部(續)

(iii) 分配至客戶合約剩餘履約責任的 交易價格

> 於2021年12月31日,分配至剩餘履約 責任(未履行或部分未履行)的交易價 格及確認收益的預期時間如下:

		Sales of	Provision of cemetery maintenance	Provision of other burial-	
		burial plots	services 提供墓園	related services 提供其他	Total
		銷售墓地	維護服務	墓地相關服務	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within one year/on demand More than one year but not more	於一年內/按要求 超過一年但不超過兩年	1,007	5,567	798	7,372
than two years		_	4,972	505	5,477
More than two years	超過兩年	_	61,599	185	61,784
		1,007	72,138	1,488	74,633

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 December 2020 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

於2020年12月31日,分配至剩餘履約 責任(未履行或部分未履行)的交易價 格及確認收益的預期時間如下:

			Provision of		
			cemetery	Provision of	
		Sales of	maintenance	other burial-	
		burial plots	services 提供墓園	related services 提供其他	Total
		銷售墓地	維護服務	墓地相關服務	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within one year/on demand	於一年內/按要求	2,220	5,156	657	8,033
More than one year but not more	超過一年但不超過兩年		4 470	F00	F 076
than two years	机场击行	_	4,478	598	5,076
More than two years	超過兩年		57,711	407	58,118
		2,220	67,345	1,662	71,227

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 5. REVENUE AND OPERATING SEGMENTS

#### (continued)

#### Operating segments

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision makers (the "CODM"), that are used to make strategic decisions. Information reported to the CODM is based on the products and services delivered or provided by the Group.

The Group's operating and reportable segments are (i) sales of burial plots, columbarium units and provision of other burial-related services; and (ii) provision of cemetery maintenance services in the PRC.

Segment revenue and results

Year ended 31 December 2021

## 5. 收益及經營分部(續)

#### 經營分部

本集團根據本公司執行董事(即主要經營決策者(「主要經營決策者」))所審核用於作出 戰略決策的報告釐定經營分部。呈報予主要 經營決策者的資料基於本集團所交付或提供 的產品及服務作出。

本集團的經營及呈報分部是在中國(i)銷售墓地、骨灰廊及提供其他墓地相關服務:及(ii)提供墓園維護服務。

分部收益及業績 截至2021年12月31日止年度

		Sales of burial plots, columbarium units and provision of other burial-related services 銷應及基基機 其關關 RMB'000人民幣千元	Provision of cemetery maintenance services  提供墓園 維護服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment revenue	分部收益	39,418	4,531	43,949
Segment results	分部業績	32,414	3,981	36,395
Other income Other gains and losses, net Loss on fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL Gain on fair value change of investment property Distribution and selling expenses Administrative expenses Other expense Finance costs	其他收入 其他收益及虧損淨額 按公平值計入損益的愈 資產公平值變動虧損 投資物業公平值變動收益 分銷及銷售開支 行政開支 其他開支 財務成本			9,725 (1,125) (734) 50 (7,644) (7,984) (3,747) (28)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利			24,908

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### REVENUE AND OPERATING SEGMENTS 5.

(continued)

Operating segments (continued)

Segment revenue and results (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2020

### 收益及經營分部(續)

經營分部(續)

分部收益及業績(續)

截至2020年12月31日止年度

Year ended 31 December 2020	截至2020年12月31日止年度			
		Sales of burial plots, columbarium units and provision of other burial- related services	Provision of cemetery maintenance services	Total
		銷售墓地、 骨灰廊及提供 其他墓地 相關服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	提供墓園 維護服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment revenue	分部收益	34,761	4,130	38,891
Segment results	分部業績	29,133	3,760	32,893
Other income	其他收入			10,110
Other gains and losses, net Gain on fair value changes of	其他收益及虧損淨額 按公平值計入損益的金融			(2,612)
financial assets at FVTPL Gain on fair value change of	資產公平值變動收益 投資物業公平值變動收益			300
investment property				190
Distribution and selling expenses	分銷及銷售開支			(7,054)
Administrative expenses	行政開支			(8,534)
Finance costs	財務成本		_	(78)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利			25,215

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment results represent the gross profit attributable to each segment without allocation of other income, other gains and losses, (loss) gain on fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL, gain on fair value change of investment property, distribution and selling expenses, administrative expenses, other expense and finance costs. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. There were no inter-segment revenue during the current and prior years. No analysis of segment assets and liabilities is presented as it is not regularly reviewed by the CODM.

經營分部的會計政策與附註3所述本集團的 會計政策相同。分部業績指各分部產生的毛 利,並無分配其他收入、其他收益及虧損、 按公平值計入損益的金融資產公平值變動 (虧損)收益、投資物業公平值變動收益、分 銷及銷售開支、行政開支、其他開支及財務 成本。此為向主要經營決策者呈報以作資源 分配及業績評估的計量基準。本年度及過往 年度並無分部間收益。由於主要經營決策者 並無定期審閱,故並無呈列有關分部資產及 負債的分析。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 5. REVENUE AND OPERATING SEGMENTS

(continued)

Operating segments (continued)

Geographical information

All of the Group's revenue is generated from sale of burial plots, columbarium units and provision of other burial-related services, and provision of cemetery maintenance services in the PRC based on where goods are sold or services are rendered, and substantially all of the Group's identifiable assets and liabilities are located in the PRC. Therefore, no geographical information is presented.

Information about major customers

Revenue from sales of columbarium units in the amount of RMB4,874,000 from a single customer accounted for over 10% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021. No single customer accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### 6. OTHER INCOME

### 5. 收益及經營分部(續)

經營分部(續)

地理資料

基於銷售商品或提供服務的地點,本集團的 所有收益均來自在中國銷售墓地、骨灰廊及 提供其他墓地相關服務以及提供墓園維護服 務,而本集團絕大部分可識別的資產及負債 均位於中國。因此,並無呈列地理資料。

#### 主要客戶資料

截至2021年12月31日止年度,來自一名客戶銷售骨灰廊的收益為人民幣4,874,000元,佔本集團收益的10%以上。截至2020年12月31日止年度概無單一客戶佔本集團收益超過10%。

### 6. 其他收入

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款利息收入	1,956	2,870
Dividend income from financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之金	=00	000
	融資產的股息收入	700	800
Government grants	政府補助	_	250
Rental income	租金收入	190	190
Interest income on amounts due from related	應收關聯方款項的利息		
parties (note 31)	收入(附註31)	5,989	_
Imputed interest income on interest-free advance	免息預付款項及已付按		
payment and deposit paid	金的推算利息收入	890	_
Income from waiver of other payable (note)	來自其他應付款項豁免		
million in the second payable (note)	的收入(附註)	_	6,000
		9,725	10,110

Note: An amount payable of RMB6,000,000 was waived by the counterparty and recognised as other income during the year ended 31 December 2020.

附註: 一筆應付款項人民幣6,000,000元獲對手方 豁免,並於截至2020年12月31日止年度確 認為其他收入。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 7. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

## 7. 其他收益及虧損淨額

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	2021 2021年 RMB′000 民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
plant and equipment 收益 Foreign exchange losses, net 外匯虧損 Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value 出售按公	 19 (1,209) 65	 (2,612) 
	(1,125)	(2,612)

#### 8. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

## 8. 除税前溢利

Profit before tax has been arrived at after charging:

除税前溢利經扣除以下各項:

### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	1,050	1,050
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortisation of cemetery assets (included in cost of sales and services)	物業、廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊 墓園資產攤銷(包括於 銷售及服務成本)	980 575 447	892 527 380
Total depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷總額	2,002	1,799
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	確認為開支的存貨成本	5,295	3,872
Staff costs, including directors' and chief executive's remuneration (note 9A):	員工成本,包括董事及 最高行政人員酬金 (附註9A):		
Salaries, wages and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme contributions	薪金、工資及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	6,159 427	5,847 85
Total staff costs	總員工成本	6,586	5,932

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 9A. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEE'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to the directors and chief executive by the Group during the current year are as follows:

### 9A. 董事、最高行政人員及僱員薪 酬

(a) 董事及最高行政人員薪酬

於本年度,本集團已付或應付董事及 最高行政人員的薪酬如下:

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Directors' and chief executive's emoluments	董事及最高行政人員 薪酬		
— Fees	一 費用	249	267
<ul><li>— Salaries and other benefits</li><li>— Discretionary performance-related</li></ul>	<ul><li>一薪金及其他福利</li><li>一酌情表現相關花紅*</li></ul>	334	596
bonus*		189	291
Retirement benefit scheme	— 退休福利計劃供款	42	4
contributions		42	4
Total emoluments	薪酬總額	814	1,158

<sup>\*</sup> Bonus is determined based on the duties and responsibilities of the executive directors and chief executive as well as the operating results of the Group.

執行董事及最高行政人員可獲得花 紅,金額根據執行董事及最高行政 人員職責及本集團經營業績釐定。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 9A. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEE'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2021

### 9A. 董事、最高行政人員及僱員薪 酬(續)

(a) 董事及最高行政人員薪酬(續)

截至2021年12月31日止年度

		Fees 費用 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Discretionary performance- related bonus 酌情表現 相關花紅 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Ms. Li Xingying	李興穎女士	_	204	133	31	368
Mr. Huang Guangming	黃廣明先生(於					
(resigned on 29 March 2021)	2021年3月29日 辭任)	_	97	56	9	162
Mr. Huang Peikun	黃培坤先生(於					
(appointed on 29 March 2021)	2021年3月29日 獲委任)	_	33	_	2	35
Ms. Wang Wei	王薇女士(於2021					
(appointed on 29 March 2021) (note 4)	年3月29日獲委 任)(附註4)	_	_	_	_	_
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:					
Ms. Zhao (note 3)	趙女士(附註3)	_	_	_	_	_
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. Choi Hon Keung, Simon	蔡漢強先生	83	_	_	_	83
Dr. Wong Wing Kuen, Albert	王永權博士	83	_	_	_	83
Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan	張應坤先生	83	_		_	83
Total	總計	249	334	189	42	814

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 9A. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEE'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2020

### 9A. 董事、最高行政人員及僱員薪 酬(續)

(a) 董事及最高行政人員薪酬(續)

#### 截至2020年12月31日止年度

Total	總計	267	596	291	4	1,158
Chief executive: Mr. Yu Minghua (note 2)	最高行政人員: 余明華先生(附註2)	_	107	_	_	107
Mr. Cheung Ying Kwan	張應坤先生	89	_	_	_	89
Dr. Wong Wing Kuen, Albert	王永權博士	89	_	_	_	89
<b>Independent non-executive directors:</b> Mr. Choi Hon Keung, Simon	<b>獨立非執行董事</b> : 蔡漢強先生	89	_	_	_	89
Non-executive director: Ms. Zhao (note 3)	<b>非執行董事</b> : 趙女士(附註3)	_	_	_	_	_
Ms. Li Xingying (note 2) Mr. Huang Guangming	<b>執行單争</b> · 李興穎女士(附註2) 黃廣明先生		202 287	123 168	2 2	327 457
Executive directors:	執行董事:	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		Fees 費用	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利	Discretionary performance- related bonus 酌情表現 相關花紅	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款	Total 總計

#### Notes:

- (1) The executive directors' and chief executive's emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Group. The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.
- (2) Mr. Yu Minghua has resigned as the chief executive officer of the Company from 31 March 2020, and Ms. Li Xingying has been appointed as the deputy chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 31 March 2020.
- (3) During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, Ms. Zhao received her emoluments from a fellow subsidiary, part of which was in respect of her services rendered as an employee to Langfang Wantong Cemetery Co., Ltd. ("Langfang Wantong", a subsidiary of the Company) and as a director of the Company. No apportionment has been made as the Directors consider that it is impracticable to apportion these amounts between her services to Langfang Wantong and as a director of the Company and her services to the fellow subsidiary.
- (4) During the year ended 31 December 2021, Ms. Wang Wei received her emoluments from a fellow subsidiary, part of which was in respect of her services rendered as an employee to Langfang Wantong and as a director of the Company. No apportionment has been made as the Directors consider that it is impracticable to apportion these amounts between her services to Langfang Wantong and as a director of the Company and her services to the fellow subsidiary.

#### 附註:

- (1) 上述執行董事及最高行政人員薪酬 乃償付管理本集團事務的服務。上 述獨立非執行董事酬金乃償付擔任 本公司董事的服務。
- (2) 余明華先生已於2020年3月31日辭任 本公司行政總裁,而李興穎女士則 自2020年3月31日起獲委任為本公司 副行政總裁。
- (3) 截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年 度,趙女士收到同系附屬公司所所市 酬金,其中部分與彼效力統嗣 萬桐公墓有限公司(「廊坊萬祠董 公司附屬公司)及擔任本公司於嗣 萬桐於董事認為接彼效力於於 萬桐屬公司 第個屬公司間比例分配上述 項不切實際,故並無作出分配。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 9A. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEE'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Employee's emoluments

The five highest paid individuals of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 included one (2020: two) directors, details of whose emoluments are set out above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2020: three) highest paid employees who are not directors are as follows:

### 9A. 董事、最高行政人員及僱員薪 酬(續)

#### (b) 僱員薪酬

截至2021年12月31日止年度本集團五名最高薪酬人士包括一名董事(2020年:兩名),其薪酬詳請載於上文。餘下四名非董事最高薪酬僱員(2020年:三名)的薪酬載列如下:

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and other allowances 薪金及其他津貼 Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利計劃供款	761 76	728 34
	837	762

The number of the highest paid employees who are not directors of the Company whose emoluments fell within the following band is as follows:

非董事最高薪酬僱員的薪酬介乎以下 範圍:

#### Number of employees 僱員數目

		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	4	3

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors, chief executive or the non-director highest paid employees as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2020: nil). In addition, none of the directors, chief executive nor the non-director highest paid employees waived any emoluments during the year (2020: nil).

於本年度,本集團並無向董事、最高 行政人員或非董事最高薪酬僱員支付 薪酬以吸引其加入本集團或作為加入 獎 金 或 離 職 補 償 (2020年:無)。此 外,董事、最高行政人員及非董事最 高薪酬僱員於本年度概無放棄任何酬 金 (2020年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 9B. LOANS, QUASI-LOANS AND OTHER DEALINGS IN FAVOUR OF DIRECTORS

On 7 May 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement with China VAST Industrial Urban Development Company Limited (中國宏泰產業市鎮發展有限公司, "China VAST") (the "Loan Agreement"). Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, the Company had conditionally agreed to provide a loan in the principal amount of RMB100,000,000 (or its equivalent in Hong Kong dollars) to China VAST (or its designated nominee) for a term of one year at an interest rate of 12% per annum. Ms. Zhao is the controlling shareholder and a non-executive director of the Company and a substantial shareholder of China VAST and accordingly, China VAST was regarded as a related party and a connected person of the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules. The Loan Agreement and the loan contemplated thereunder constituted a major and connected transaction of the Company. The loan has been drawn down on 2 July 2021. At the end of the reporting period, the Group as lender had loan receivables from China VAST and Langfang VAST Urban Development Co., Ltd. (廊坊 市宏泰產業市鎮投資有限公司, "Langfang VAST", a subsidiary of China VAST), and the details are set out below:

Amounts due from related parties

### 9B. 有利於董事之貸款、準貸款及 其他交易

於2021年5月7日,本公司與中國宏泰產業 鎮發展有限公司(「中國宏泰」)訂立貸款協議 (「貸款協議」)。根據貸款協議,本公司與 (「貸款協議」)。根據貸款協議,本公司 (「費款協議」)。根據貸款協議,本公司是 (大理人)是 (大理人)是

應收關連方款項

As at

Maximum amount outstanding during the year ended 截至以下日期 止年度內最高末

					L 十 及 P	取同个
			於		償還:	金額
		1 January	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
		2020	2020	2021	2021	2020
		2020年1月1日	2020年12月31日	2021年12月31日	2021年12月31日	2020年12月31日
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
China VAST	中國宏泰	_	_	36,438	36,438	
Langfang VAST	廊坊宏泰	_	_	68,911	68,911	_
	即为 公 求			00,511		
		_	_	105,349	105,349	_

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

## 10. 所得税開支

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current enterprise income tax Over provision in prior year Deferred tax (note 22)	即期企業所得税 上年度過度撥備 遞延税項(附註22)	6,668 (108) 208	7,551 — 123
		6,768	7,674

Income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to profit before tax as follows:

年度所得税開支與除税前溢利對賬如下:

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	24,908	25,215	
Tax at the applicable tax rate of 25% (2020: 25%)	按適用税率25%計算的 税項(2020年:25%)	6,227	6,304	
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣税開支的税務 影響	434	1,460	
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	毋須課税收入的税務 影響	(182)	(242)	
Over provision in respect of prior years  Tax effect of tax losses not recognized	就過往年度過度撥備 未確認税務虧損的税務	(108)	_	
	影響	397	152	
Income tax expense	所得税開支	6,768	7,674	

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

Note

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulations of the EIT Law, the tax rate applicable to the PRC subsidiaries is 25%.

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax had been made in the consolidated financial statements as the Group's subsidiaries had no assessable profit subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax.

#### 11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

### 10. 所得税開支(續)

附註

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及企業 所得稅法實施條例,中國附屬公司適用的稅率為 25%。

於2018年3月21日,香港立法會通過《2017年稅務(修訂)(第7號)條例草案》(「草案」),引入利得稅兩級制。該草案於2018年3月28日簽署成為法律,並於翌日刊憲。根據利得稅兩級制,合資格集團實體首2百萬港元溢利將按8.25%繳稅,而2百萬港元以上之溢利將按16.5%繳稅。不符合資格根據利得稅兩級制計稅的集團實體的溢利將繼續按單一稅率16.5%繳稅。

由於本集團的附屬公司並無須繳納香港利得稅的 應課稅溢利,故合併財務報表中並無作出香港利 得稅撥備。

#### 11. 每股盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根 據以下數據計算:

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Earnings:  Earnings for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share (profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company)	盈利: 用以計算每股基本盈利 的盈利 (本公司擁有人應佔 年內溢利)	18,140	17,541
Numbers of shares: Numbers of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	股份數目: 用以計算每股基本盈利 的普通股數目	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000

No diluted earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 were presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue for both years.

#### 12. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or proposed for ordinary shareholders of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2020: nil). 截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,概無 潛在已發行普通股,故於該兩年度並未呈列 每股攤薄盈利。

#### 12. 股息

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本公司概無支付或建議支付股息予其普通股東,及截至本報告期末亦未建議派發股息(2020年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 13. 物業、廠房及設備

			Leasehold	Motor	Furniture, fixtures and	
		Buildings	improvements 租賃	vehicles	equipment	Total
		樓宇 RMB′000 人民幣千元	物業裝修 RMB'000 人民幣千元	汽車 RMB′000 人民幣千元	裝置及設備 RMB′000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost At 1 January 2020 Additions Disposals	成本 於2020年1月1日 添置 出售	6,809 — —	318 — —	1,191 278 —	2,282 774 (26)	10,600 1,052 (26)
At 31 December 2020 Additions Disposals	於2020年12月31日 添置 出售	6,809 636 —	318 — —	1,469 6 (228)	3,030 1,363 —	11,626 2,005 (228)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	7,445	318	1,247	4,393	13,403
Depreciation At 1 January 2020 Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals	折舊 於2020年1月1日 年內撥備 出售時撇銷	(5,534) (294) —	(61) (15)	(863) (180) —	(1,032) (403) 5	(7,490) (892) 5
At 31 December 2020 Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals	於2020年12月31日 年內撥備 出售時撇銷	(5,828) (275) —	(76) (15) —	(1,043) (177) 221	(1,430) (513) —	(8,377) (980) 221
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	(6,103)	(91)	(999)	(1,943)	(9,136)
Carrying amount At 31 December 2021	賬面值 於2021年12月31日	1,342	227	248	2,450	4,267
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	981	242	426	1,600	3,249

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis, taking into account their residual values, at the following rates per annum:

上述物業、廠房及設備項目計及剩餘價值以直線法按以下年率折舊:

Buildings 4.80%-4.85% 樓宇

Leasehold improvements 20.00% 租賃物業裝修

Motor vehicles 24.25%

汽車

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 19.40%-32.33%

**傢俬、裝置及設備** 

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#### 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

The Group leases out a parcel of land under operating lease with rentals payable annually. The lease term is for a period of one year (2020: one year).

The Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of the lease arrangements, as the lease payment is denominated in RMB, being the functional currency of the group entity. The lease contract does not contain residual value guarantee and/or lessee's option to purchase the asset at the end of lease term.

#### 14. 投資物業

本集團以經營租賃方式出租一幅土地,每年支付租金。租賃期為1年(2020年:1年)。

由於租賃付款以集團實體的功能貨幣人民幣 計值,故本集團不會因租賃安排而承受外幣 風險。租賃合約不包括剩餘價值保證及/或 承租人於租賃期末時購買資產的選擇權。

> RMB'000 人民幣千元

Fair value 公平值 At 1 January 2020 於2020年1月1日 6,010 Gain on fair value change of investment property 投資物業公平值變動收益 190 At 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日 6,200 投資物業公平值變動收益 Gain on fair value change of investment property 50 於2021年12月31日 At 31 December 2021 6,250

The fair values of the Group's investment property as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 have been arrived at based on a valuation carried out by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited (a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors), an independent qualified professional valuer not connected with the Group. The Directors work closely with the qualified professional valuer to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

The fair value of investment property is derived using the direct comparison method. Direct comparison method is by reference to market comparable with adjustments to reflect the additions and locations of the subject properties.

In measuring the fair value of the property, the highest and best use of the property is their current use. The fair value of investment property has been adjusted to exclude prepaid or accrued operating lease income to avoid double counting.

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團投資物業的公平值按與本集團並無關連的獨立合資格專業估值師威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司(香港測量師學會會員)的估值達致。董事與合資格專業估值師密切合作,為上述模式建立適當的估值技術及數據。

投資物業的公平值透過直接比較法而得。直接比較法參考市場可比較物業並作出調整, 以反映標的物業的附加部分及位置。

計量物業的公平值時,物業的最高及最佳用 途為現時用途。投資物業的公平值已作出調 整,以剔除預付或應計經營租賃收入,避免 重複計算。

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### 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (continued)

The following table gives information about how the fair value of the investment property is determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

#### At 31 December 2021

## 14. 投資物業(續)

下表載列有關釐定該等投資物業公平值的方法的資料(特別是所採用的估值方法及輸入數據)及根據公平值計量的輸入數據的可觀察程度將公平值計量分類的公平值層級。

#### 於2021年12月31日

Investment property held	d	Valuation technique(s)	Significant	Relationship of unobservable inputs
by the Group	Fair value hierarchy	and key input(s) 估值方法及	unobservable input(s) 重大不可	to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據
本集團所持投資物業	公平值層級	主要輸入數據	觀察輸入數據	與公平值的關係
Investment property (Carrying amount: RMB6,250,000)	Level 3	Direct comparison method The key input is: Site unit rate	Site unit rate, using direct market comparable and taking into account of age, location and individual factors such as size and quantum of properties, of RMB610/sq.m.	An increase in the site unit rate used would result in a same percentage increase in the fair value measurement of the investment property and vice versa.
投資物業 (賬面值: 人民幣6,250,000元)	第三級	直接比較法 主要輸入數據為: 場地單位比率	場地單位比率,採 用直接市場可 項目並計及樓齡、 地點及其他個別因 素,例如物業規模 及質量,為人民幣 610元/平方米。	所使用場地單位 比率上升會導致 投資物業公平值 計量上升相同比 例,反之亦然。

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#### **14. INVESTMENT PROPERTY** (continued)

### 14. 投資物業(續)

At 31 December 2020

於2020年12月31日

Polationship of

Investment property held by the Group	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與
本集團所持投資物業	公平值層級	主要輸入數據	觀察輸入數據	公平值的關係
Investment property (Carrying amount: RMB6,200,000)	Level 3	Direct comparison method The key input is: Site unit rate	Site unit rate, using direct market comparable and taking into account of age, location and individual factors such as size and quantum of properties, of RMB607/sq.m.	An increase in the site unit rate used would result in a same percentage increase in the fair value measurement of the investment property and vice
投資物業 (賬面值:人民幣 6,200,000元)	第三級	直接比較法 主要輸入數據為: 場地單位比率	場地單位比率,採 用直接市場可比較 項目並計及樓齡、 地點及其他個別因 素,例如物業規模 及質量,為人民幣 607元/平方米。	versa. 所使用場地單位 比率上升會導致 投資物業公平值 計量上升相同比 例,反之亦然。

There were no transfers into and out of Level 3 in both years.

#### Fair value measurements and valuation processes

In estimating the fair value of the Group's investment property, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engaged third party qualified valuer to perform the valuation of the Group's investment property. The Group will first consider and adopt Level 2 inputs where inputs can be derived from observable prices in the active market. When Level 2 inputs are not available, the Group will adopt valuation techniques that include Level 3 inputs.

兩個年度概無轉入及轉出第三級之情況。

#### 公平值計量及估值過程

估計本集團投資物業的公平值時,本集團會使用已有的市場可觀察數據。倘並無第一級的輸入數據,本集團會委聘第三方合資格估值師為本集團的投資物業估值。本集團輸行表慮及採用第二級輸入數據,即有關輸入數據可自活躍市場的可觀察價格獲得。倘並無第二級的輸入數據的估值技術。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### **15. CEMETERY ASSETS**

## 15. 墓園資產

		Leasehold land 租賃土地 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Landscape facilities 景觀設施 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Development costs 發展成本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost	成本	7 204	4.022	500	11.025
At 1 January 2020 Additions	於2020年1月1日 添置	7,204 —	4,022 951	699 —	11,925 951
At 31 December 2020 Additions	於2020年12月31日 添置	7,204	4,973 1,380	699	12,876 1,380
Additions	/	_	1,360		1,560
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	7,204	6,353	699	14,256
Amortisation	難銷				
At 1 January 2020 Provided for the year	於2020年1月1日 年內撥備	(2,904) (144)	(405) (222)	(283) (14)	(3,592)
At 31 December 2020 Provided for the year	於2020年12月31日 年內撥備	(3,048) (141)	(627) (289)	(297) (17)	(3,972) (447)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	(3,189)	(916)	(314)	(4,419)
Carrying amount At 31 December 2021	賬面值 於2021年12月31日	4,015	5,437	385	9,837
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	4,156	4,346	402	8,904

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#### **15. CEMETERY ASSETS** (continued)

The carrying amount of leasehold land is measured under IFRS 16 at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. The leasehold land is amortised on a straight-line basis over the lease term of 50 years.

Landscape facilities represent the construction cost of arbors and bridges in the mausoleum. Amortisation for landscape facilities is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 20 years.

Development costs represent the costs paid for the foundation work and putting the land into the condition ready for development of cemetery business. Amortisation for development costs is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life (same as leasehold land over the lease term).

Upon commencement of development of an area within the cemetery, the related carrying amounts of cemetery assets are transferred to inventories.

## 16. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

### 15. 墓園資產(續)

租賃土地的賬面值根據國際財務報告準則第 16號以成本減累計攤銷及任何減值虧損計 量。租賃土地以直線法於50年租期內攤銷。

景觀設施指陵墓中涼亭及橋樑的建設成本。 景觀設施以直線法於估計可使用年期20年計 提攤銷。

發展成本指就地基工程及為使土地符合發展 墓園業務的條件而支付的成本。發展成本以 直線法於估計可使用年期(與租期內的租賃 土地相同)內計提攤鎖。

墓園內某地區開始發展後,墓園資產的相關 賬面值轉撥至存貨。

### 16. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

#### At 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted investment: — equity securities	非上市投資: 一 股本證券	8,166	8,900

At 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had 10% equity interests in Huimin Town Bank Co., Ltd of Anci District, Langfang City (廊坊市安次區惠民村鎮銀行股份有限公司), which was classified as financial assets at FVTPL.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the amount of loss on fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL of RMB734,000 (2020: gain of RMB300,000) was charged to profit or loss.

Details of the valuation of the financial assets at FVTPL are set out in note 27c.

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團持有廊坊市安次區惠民村鎮銀行股份有限公司10%股權,分類為按公平值計入損益的金融資產。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,按公平值計入損益的金融資產公平值變動虧損人民幣734,000元(2020年:人民幣300,000收益)於損益扣除。

有關按公平值計入損益的金融資產的估值詳 情載於附註27c。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 17. INVENTORIES

## 17. 存貨

#### At 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Burial plots Tombstones Columbarium units	墓地 墓碑 骨灰廊	1,595 6,857 15,382	1,756 596 16,253
		23,834	18,605

### 18. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 18. 預付款項及其他應收款項

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current	即期		
Staff advance	員工墊款	30	30
Prepayments	預付款項	398	1,002
Others	其他	413	233
		841	1,265
<b>Non-current</b> Guarantee deposit and payments for a	<b>非即期</b> 保證金及墓園項目付款		
cemetery project (note (a))	(附註(a))	8,437	8,000
Other receivables (note (b))	其他應收款項(附註 (b))	26,706	_
		35,143	8,000

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## 18. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 18. 預付款項及其他應收款項(續) (continued)

Notes:

- (a) The amount represents the interest-free guarantee deposit to a third party, Langfang Xinhangcheng Real Estate Development Co., Limited (廊 坊 市 新 航 城 房 地 產 開 發 有 限 公 司, "Xinhangcheng") for development of new cemetery project located in Langfang relocation and settlement zone, Beijing, and should there be no breach on the part of Langfang Wantong before the official commencement of operation of the cemetery, Xinhangcheng shall within 90 days therefrom refund the guarantee deposit to Langfang Wantong. The difference between the nominal amount and the fair value of the guarantee deposit at initial recognition was considered as payments for a cemetery project.
- The amount represents the interest-free advance payment paid (h) to Baijiawu Office (白家務辦事處, a local government department) for the land demolition for the development of new cemetery project located in Langfang relocation and settlement zone, Beijing. Pursuant to the agreement entered into between Langfang Wantong and Langfang Xinhangcheng and the arrangement among the Guangyang district government, Baijiawu Office and Langfang Linkong Wantong Cemetery Co., Ltd. (廊坊臨空萬桐公墓有限公司, "Linkong Wantong", a subsidiary of the Company), the Guangyang district government will coordinate the relevant parties to return the advance payment to the Group and the Directors expected that the advance payment will be recovered within 2 years. The difference between the nominal amount and the fair value of the advance payment at initial recognition was recorded in other expense during the year ended 31 December 2021.

### 19. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances carried interest at market interest rates ranging from 0.30% to 1.95% per annum as at 31 December 2021 (2020: 0.30% to 1.95% per annum).

The Group's bank balances and cash are denominated in the following currencies:

附註:

- (a) 該款項指授予廊坊市新航城房地產開發有限公司(「新航城」,一名第三方)的免息保證金,用於開發位於北京廊坊區域回遷安置區的新公墓項目,而倘廊坊萬桐在墓園正式開始營運之前沒有違約,新航城應在90天內將保證金退還給廊坊萬桐。保證金於首次確認時賬面值與公平值之間的差額被視為墓園項目付款。
- (b) 該款項指向白家務辦事處(當地政府部門) 支付的免息預付款項,用於開發位於北京 市廊坊搬遷安置區的新公墓項目的土地拆 遷。根據廊坊萬桐與廊坊新航城簽訂的站 議以及廣陽區政府、白家務辦事處、廊坊臨 空萬桐公墓有限公司(「臨空萬桐」,本公詢 附屬公司)之間的安排,廣陽區政府新協調 相關方將預付款項退還本集團,而董項 計預付款項將於兩年內收回。預付款項許 首次確認時賬面值與公平值之間的差額 入截至2021年12月31日止年度的其他開支。

#### 19. 銀行結餘及現金

於2021年12月31日,銀行結餘每年按介乎 0.30%至1.95%的市場利率計息(2020年:每年介乎0.30%至1.95%)。

本集團銀行結餘及現金以下列貨幣計值:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Denominated in RMB Denominated in HK\$	以人民幣計值 以港元計值	81,671 2,757	156,301 41,329
		84,428	197,630

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#### 20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

## 20. 貿易及其他應付款項

#### At 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables Accrued expenses	貿易應付款項 應計開支	8,819 3,119	2,122 3,977
		11,938	6,099

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period:

以下為各報告期末按發票日期呈列的貿易應 付款項的賬齡分析:

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Less than 1 year 1 to 2 years 2 to 3 years Over 3 years	少於1年 1至2年 2至3年 3年以上	7,739 27 965 88	886 1,133 15 88
		8,819	2,122

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 21. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

#### Contract liabilities represent the obligations to transfer burial plots and cemetery maintenance services in accordance with the revenue recognition policy and the nature of the business.

### 21. 合約負債

合約負債指根據收益確認政策及業務性質轉 讓墓地及墓園維護服務的義務。

#### At 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Sales of burial plots Provision of cemetery maintenance services	銷售墓地 提供墓園維護服務(附註)	1,007	2,220
(note) Provision of other burial-related services	提供其他墓地相關服務	72,138 1,488	67,345 1,662
	WENT COLUMN TO THE PROPERTY OF	.,,.55	.,,552
		74,633	71,227
Current Non-current	流動 非流動	7,372 67,261	8,033 63,194
		74,633	71,227

Note: The increase in contract liabilities in the current year was mainly due to the long-term advances received from customers. Customers who purchase burial services are required to make advance payments for maintenance fees, relating to the ongoing cemetery maintenance services of their burial plots and memorials over 20 years, and such amounts are generally paid together with the purchase of burial plots.

附註: 本年度合約負債增加乃主要由於從客戶收取長期墊款所致。購買殯葬服務的客戶須就持續維護墓地及墓碑服務預先支付20年的維護費,該等款項一般於購買墓地時一併支付。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 21. CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)

The following table presented the amounts of revenue recognised in profit or loss which were included in contract liabilities carried forward from prior periods.

Year ended 31 December 2021

### 21. 合約負債(續)

下表呈列於損益確認的收益金額,該等收益已計入前期結轉的合約負債。

截至2021年12月31日止年度

	Sales of burial plots 銷售墓地 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Provision of cemetery maintenance services 提供墓園 維護服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Provision of other burial-related services 提供其他 墓地相關服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year   於年初計入合約負債結餘 的已確認收益	1,213	4,331	657

Year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

	Provision of	Provision of
	cemetery	other burial-
Sales of	maintenance	related
burial plots	services	services
	提供墓園	提供其他
銷售墓地	維護服務	墓地相關服務
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year

於年初計入合約負債結餘 的已確認收益

217 3,988 352

The Group receives all the contract amounts when signing the contracts with customers on sales of burial plots and provision of cemetery maintenance services. Transaction price is allocated between sales of burial plots and the maintenance services on a relative standalone selling price basis. The transaction price allocated to these services is recognised as a contract liability at the time of the initial sales transaction. The Group considers the advance payment schemes does not contain significant financing component and accordingly the amount of consideration is not adjusted for the effects of the time value of money taking into consideration that the payment terms were not structured primarily for the provision of finance to the Group.

本集團於就銷售墓地及提供墓園維護服務與客戶簽署合約時收取全部合約金額。交易價格按相對獨立的售價基準於銷售墓地與維護服務之間分配。分配至該等服務的交易價格於首次銷售交易時確認為合約負債。本集團提供資金,預付款項機制不包括重大融資部分,因此代價金額不會就貨幣時間價值做出調整。

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### 22. DEFERRED TAX

# The deferred tax assets (liabilities) recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior years are as follows:

## 22. 遞延税項

本集團於本年度及過往年度確認的遞延税項 資產(負債)及其變動如下:

		Withholding					
		tax on					
		dividend		Fair value			
		declared by a	Fair value	change on			
		PRC subsidiary	change on	financial			
		but not yet	investment	assets at	Accrued		
		paid	property	FVTPL	interest	Others	Total
		中國附屬公司		按公平值計入			
		宣派但尚未		損益的金融			
		支付的股息	投資物業	資產公平值			
		的預扣税	的公平值變動	變動	應計利息	其他	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	(2,200)	(261)	350	_	_	(2,111)
Charge to profit or loss	於損益扣除						
(note 10)	(附註10)	_	(48)	(75)	_	_	(123)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	(2,200)	(309)	275	_	_	(2,234)
, it is a become being better	2(2020   12/131	(2,200)	(303)	2,3			(2/23 1/
(Charge) credit to profit or	於損益(扣除)						
loss (note 10)	計入損益(附註10)	_	(13)	184	(1,094)	715	(208)
			<u> </u>				, ,
	V	(					<b>.</b>
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	(2,200)	(322)	459	(1,094)	715	(2,442)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 22. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

### 22. 遞延税項(續)

以下為作財務報告目的的遞延税項結餘分析:

#### At 31 December 於12月31日

		2, 12, 11,	
		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項資產 遞延税項負債	824 (3,266)	— (2,234)
Total	總計	(2,442)	(2,234)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had unused tax losses of RMB2,279,000 (2020: RMB691,000) available for offset against future profits with expiry dates as disclosed in the following table. As at 31 December 2021, the Group has not recognized deferred tax assets for its unused tax loss of RMB2,279,000 (2020: RMB691,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

於2021年12月31日,本集團未動用税項虧損 為人民幣2,279,000元(2020年:人民幣691,000 元),可用以抵銷未來溢利(届滿日期如下表 披露)。於2021年12月31日,由於無法預測 未來溢利流,故本集團並無就未動用税項虧 損 人 民 幣2,279,000元(2020年:人 民 幣 691,000元)確認遞延税項資產。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 22. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

### 22. 遞延税項(續)

## At 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
31 December 2023 31 December 2025 31 December 2026	2023年12月31日 2025年12月31日 2026年12月31日	85 606 1,588	85 606 —
Total	總計	2,279	691

Under the EIT Law of PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. Deferred tax has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounted to RMB116,275,000 (2020: RMB98,851,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future. The corresponding unrecognised deferred tax liabilities as at 31 December 2021 was RMB11,628,000 (2020: RMB9,885,000).

根據中國企業所得税法,自2008年1月1日起,中國附屬公司就其賺取的溢利宣派的股息須繳付預扣税。由於本集團能控制臨時差額撥回的時機,且該臨時差額於可見未來可能不能撥回,故未有就中國附屬公司累計溢利應佔臨時差額人民幣116,275,000元(2020年:人民幣98,851,000元)於合併財務報表作出遞延税項撥備。於2021年12月31日,有關未確認遞延税項負債為人民幣11,628,000元(2020年:人民幣9,885,000元)。

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## 23. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING 23. 融資活動產生之負債對賬 FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	liabilities 租賃負債 RMB′000 人民幣千元
於2020年1月1日	—
新訂租賃	1,150
融資現金流量	(615)
利息開支	78
於2020年12月31日	613
於2021年1月1日	613
融資現金流量	(626)
利息開支	28

Lease

15

### 24. SHARE CAPITAL

At 31 December 2021

At 1 January 2020 New leases entered Financing cash flows Interest expenses

At 31 December 2020

At 1 January 2021 Financing cash flows Interest expenses

### 24. 股本

於2021年12月31日

		Number of shares 股份數目	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Ordinary shares of United States Dollar ("US\$") 0.01 each Authorised: At beginning and end of 2020 and 2021	每股0.01美元(「美元」)的 普通股 法定: 於2020年及2021年年初及 年終	3,000,000,000	205,984
Issue and fully paid: At beginning and end of 2020 and 2021	發行及繳足: 於2020年及2021年年初及 年終	1,000,000,000	66,192

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 25. RESERVES

#### Other reserves

Other reserves were all generated in 2017, which represented (1) a negative amount of RMB23,500,000 being the excess of cash consideration paid for acquisition of Langfang Wantong over its registered capital pursuant to the group reorganisation; (2) an amount of RMB29,832,000 payables to Mr. Wang Jianjun (Ms. Zhao's spouse) and Ms. Zhao by the Group after deducting related tax charge which was waived by them and accounted for as a deemed contribution to the Group; and (3) a negative amount of RMB5,023,000 capitalised into share capital pursuant to the capitalisation issue.

#### Statutory surplus reserve

Pursuant to the relevant PRC rules and regulations, the subsidiaries of the Group incorporated in the PRC are required to transfer no less than 10% of their profits after taxation, after offsetting any prior years' loss as determined under the China Accounting Standards, to the statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before the distribution of a dividend to shareholders of the PRC subsidiaries. Statutory surplus reserve is non-distributable other than in liquidation and can be used to make good previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into paid-in capital in proportion to the existing interests of equity owners, provided that the balance after such conversion is not less than 25% of the registered capital.

#### 26. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of borrowings and lease liabilities, if any, net of cash and cash equivalents and total equity of the Group.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with the capital. Based on recommendations of the management, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through raising of new capital, issue of new debt or the redemption of the existing debts.

#### 25. 儲備

#### 其他儲備

所有其他儲備均於2017年產生,其中(1)負金額人民幣23,500,000元為根據集團重組收購廊坊萬桐所支付的現金代價超出其註冊資本的部分:(2)本集團於扣除相關税項開支後應付王建軍先生(趙女士的配偶)及趙女士的款項人民幣29,832,000元,該筆款項已獲彼等豁免,並按視為對本集團的貢獻入賬;及(3)根據資本化發行資本化至股本的負金額人民幣5,023,000元。

#### 法定盈餘儲備

根據中國有關規例及法規,本集團於中國註冊成立的附屬公司須在扣除過往年度根據中國會計準則釐定的虧損後,將不少於10%的除稅後溢利轉撥至法定盈餘儲備,直至儲備結餘達到註冊資本的50%。須於向中國附屬公司清盤,否則法定盈餘儲備不有關附屬公司清盤,否則法定盈餘儲備不有關附屬公司清盤,否則法定盈餘儲備不有度的虧損(如有),或按股權擁有人現有權益的比例轉換成繳足資本,惟轉換後結餘不得少於註冊資本的25%。

#### 26. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本,確保本集團實體能夠繼續 按持續基準經營,同時透過將債務及權益結 餘最優化,給予股東最大回報。本集團的整 體策略於過往一年保持不變。

本集團的資本結構包括借款及租賃負債(如有)經扣除現金及現金等價物以及本集團權 益總額。

本集團管理層定期檢討資本結構。根據相關檢討,管理層考慮資本成本及與資本相關的風險。基於管理層的推薦建議,本集團會透過籌集新資本、發行新債務或贖回現有債務,平衡整體資本結構。

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#### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 27. 金融工具

a. Categories of financial instruments

a. 金融工具分類

#### At 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets Financial assets at amortised cost Financial assets at FVTPL	金融資產 按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產 按公平值計入損益的金融	223,697	205,893
- Thursday assets at TVTTE	資產	8,166	8,900
Financial liabilities Amortised cost	金融負債 攤銷成本	11,014	5,184

#### b. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments consisted of financial assets at FVTPL, other receivables, amounts due from related parties, bank balances and cash and trade and other payables. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### (i) Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of interest rates, foreign currency and other price risk.

There has been no change to the manner in which the Group manages and measures the risk from prior year.

#### b. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團的金融工具包括按公平值計入 損益的金融資產、其他應收款項、應 收關聯方款項、銀行結餘及現金以見 貿易及其他應付款項。金融工具的詳 情於相關附註披露。與該等金融工具 相關的風險包括市場風險(利率風險、 外幣風險及其他價格風險)、信貸風險 及流動資金風險。

如何減輕該等風險的政策載於下文。 本集團管理層管理及監察該等風險, 確保及時有效實行適當措施。

#### (i) 市場風險

本集團經營活動主要面對利率, 外匯及其他價格風險的金融風 險。

過去一年,本集團管理及計量該 等風險的方式並無變動。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)
  - (i) Market risk (continued)

Interest rate risk management

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate amounts due from related parties (see note 31 for details). The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk due to the fluctuation of the prevailing market interest rate on bank balances carried at prevailing market interest rates promulgated by the People's Bank of China.

The Group currently does not have interest rate hedging policy. However, management will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

No sensitivity analysis is presented as the management of the Group considered that the sensitivity of the Group's exposure towards the change in interest rate is not material to the consolidated financial statements.

### 27. 金融工具(續)

- b. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)
  - (i) 市場風險(續)

利率風險管理

本集團承受有關應收關聯方固定 利率款項的公平值利率風險(詳 情請參見附註31)。由於銀行結 餘按根據中國人民銀行所頒佈的 當時市場利率計算,因此本集團 因當時市場利率波動而亦面對現 金流量利率風險。

本集團目前並無利率對沖政策, 但管理層會考慮於必要時對沖重 大利率風險。

由於本集團管理層認為本集團對 利率波動的敏感度對合併財務報 表並無重大影響,故並無呈列敏 感度分析。

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### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)
  - (i) Market risk (continued)

Foreign currency risk

The Group collects all of the revenue in RMB and incurs most of the expenditures as well as capital expenditures in RMB.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

### 27. 金融工具(續)

- b. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)
  - (i) 市場風險(續)

外幣風險

本集團所有收益均以人民幣收取,大部分開支及資本開支亦以 人民幣計值。

本集團以外幣計值之貨幣資產及 貨幣負債於報告期末之賬面值如 下:

		資 At 31 D	Assets 資產 At 31 December 於12月31日		lities 債 ecember 引31日
		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
HK\$	港元	39,368	41,505	192	1,198

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the fluctuation in HK\$ against RMB.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2020: 5%) increase or decrease in RMB against the relevant foreign currency. 5% (2020: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates.

敏感度分析

本集團主要面對港元兑人民幣匯 率波動的風險。

下表詳列本集團對人民幣兑相關外幣匯率的5%(2020年:5%)增加或減少的敏感度。5%(2020年:5%)為向公司內部重要管理人員匯報外幣風險時所使用對低敏感度比率,並代表管理層對估會數感度分析僅包括以外幣計價的未償還外幣項目,並於報告期表。對外幣匯率變動5%作出調整。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)
  - (i) Market risk (continued)

Foreign currency risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

An analysis of sensitivity to currency risk for the Group is as follows:

### 27. 金融工具(續)

- b. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)
  - (i) 市場風險(續)

外幣風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

本集團對貨幣風險的敏感度分析 如下:

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

2021	2020
2021年	2020年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1,959	2,015
(1,959)	(2,015)
	2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 1,959

#### Other price risk

The Group invested in certain unquoted equity securities for investee as detailed in note 16. The Group monitors the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise. Sensitivity analyses for unquoted equity securities with fair value measurement categorised within Level 3 were disclosed in note 27c.

#### 其他價格風險

如附註16所述,本集團為被投資 方投資若干無報價股本證券。本 集團監督價格風險並於需要時考 慮對沖風險。無報價股本證券敏 感度分析連同分類為第三級的公 平值計量披露於附註27c。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)
  - (ii) Credit risk

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group's credit risk primarily relates to amounts due from related parties, other receivables and bank balances. The Group has concentration of credit risk on those loans to related parties, but the exposure is considered limited as the counterparties have a good credit history with sizable assets and the Directors considered the risk of default by counterparties is remote. The credit risk on loans to related parties are further mitigated by a guarantee and indemnity provided by a company owned by Ms. Zhao pursuant to a deed of guarantee. The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the bank balances are maintained with creditworthy commercial banks in the PRC and Hong Kong.

Other receivables are measured on 12m ECL basis. For the purposes of internal credit risk management, the Group uses past due information to assess whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. There is not past due record of other receivables. In this regard, the Directors consider that the Group's credit risk is not significantly increased.

#### 27. 金融工具(續)

- b. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)
  - (ii) 信貸風險

於報告期末,本集團由於對方未履行責任所面對會招致本集團財務損失的最高信貸風險乃由合併財務狀況表所述有關已確認的金融資產的賬面值產生。

其他應收款項按12個月預期信貸虧損基準計量。為進行內部信貸風險管理,本集團利用逾期資料評估信貸風險自初步確認以來是否大幅增加。其他應收款項概無逾期。就此而言,董事認為本集團信貸風險並無大幅增加。

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#### **27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### (iii) Liquidity risk management

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up according to the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

### 27. 金融工具(續)

- b. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)
  - (iii) 流動資金風險管理

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融負債 的剩餘合約到期日。該表根據本 集團可能須付款的最早日期的金 融負債未貼現現金流量編製。該 表同時呈列利息及本金現金流 量。

		Weighted average interest rate 加權 平均利率 %	Less than 1 year 少於1年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Over 1 year but less than 2 years 1年以上但 少於2年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total carrying amount 賬面值總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2021 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	於2021年12月31日 非衍生金融負債 貿易及其他應付款項 租賃負債	9.6%	11,014 25	_	11,014 25	11,014 15
Total	總計		11,039	_	11,039	11,029
At 31 December 2020 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	於2020年12月31日 非衍生金融負債 貿易及其他應付款項 租賃負債	9.6%	5,184 625	 25	5,184 650	5,184 613
Total	總計		5,809	25	5,834	5,797

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#### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments Some of the Group's financial instruments are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes.

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The fair values of financial assets at FVTPL have been arrived at on the basis of valuation carried out by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer not connected with the Group.

The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used).

Fair value as at 31 December

#### Financial assets 2021 Fair value hierarchy 於2021年 12月31日 金融資產 的公平值 公平值層級 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Financial assets at FVTPL 8,166 Level 3 — unlisted equity (2020: 8,900) 第三級 investment 按公平值計入損益的 8.166 金融資產 一 非上市 (2020年: 股本投資 8,900)

Note: An increase in the P/B ratio used in isolation would result in an increase in the fair value measurement of the financial assets at FVTPL, and vice versa. A 5% increase/ decrease in the P/B ratio holding all other variables constant would increase/decrease the carrying amount of the investment by RMB408,000 (2020: RMB445,000).

### 27. 金融工具(續)

c. 金融工具的公平值計量

本集團部分金融工具按公平值計量, 以進行財務報告。

本集團以經常性基準按公平值計量的 金融資產公平值

按公平值計入損益的金融資產公平值 乃基於與本集團並無關連的獨立合資 格專業估值師威格斯資產評估顧問有 限公司所進行的估值計算。

下表顯示有關如何釐定金融資產公平 值的資料(尤其是所用的估值技術及輸 入數據)。

Significant

重大不可觀察

輸入數據

unobservable input(s)

Valuation techniques

and key inputs

估值技術及

主要輸入數據

lack of marketability ("DLOM")

市場法:基於目標公司 財務表現及可資化較較 司倍數。主要輸入數據 為:(1)市賬率(「市賬 率」):(2)缺乏市場流通 性折讓(「缺乏市場流通 性折讓」)

ratio"); (2) Discount for

P/B ratio: 0.74 (2020: 0.84) (note) DLOM: 30% 市賬率: 0.74 (2020年: 0.84)(附註) 缺乏市場流通性折讓:

附註:單獨使用的市賬率增加將導致按公平值計入損益的金融資產公平值計量增加,反之亦然。倘所有其他變量不變,市賬率增加/減少5%將導致投資賬面值增加/減少人民幣408,000元(2020年:人民幣445,000元)。

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#### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

### 27. 金融工具(續)

c. 金融工具的公平值計量(續)

第三級公平值計量的對賬

Financial assets at FVTPL 按公平值計入 損益的金融資產 RMB'000

人民幣千元

At 1 January 2020 Gain on fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL	於2020年1月1日 按公平值計入損益的金融資產 公平值變動收益	8,600 300
At 31 December 2020 Loss on fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL	於2020年12月31日 按公平值計入損益的金融資產 公平值變動虧損	8,900 (734)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	8,166

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis (but fair value disclosures are required)

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values.

不以經常性基準按公平值計量的金融 資產及金融負債的公平值(惟須披露公 平值)

董事認為,合併財務報表中按攤銷成 本入賬的金融資產及負債的賬面值與 其公平值相若。

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### 28. OPERATING LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

#### The Group as lessor

As at 31 December 2021, the investment property held by the Group for rental purpose has committed tenant for one year with fixed rental.

Undiscounted lease payments receivable on lease are as follows:

### 28. 經營租賃

本集團作為出租人

於2021年12月31日,本集團持作賺取租金的 投資物業與租戶訂約於一年內租用,租金固 定。

未貼現租賃應收租賃付款如下:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within one year	於一年內	200	200

#### 29. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

### 29. 資本承擔

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contracted but not provided for in the consolidated financial statements:  — Expenditure in respect of	已訂約但未於合併財務報表 撥備: — 墓園資產方面的開支		
cemetery assets  — Expenditure in respect of property,	— 物業、廠房及設備方面	_	73
plant and equipment	一 初来、顺房及設備力面 的開支	_	88

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#### 30. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The employees of the Group are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the PRC Government (the "Retirement Benefit Scheme"). The Group is required to contribute 20% of the total monthly basic salaries of its current employees to the Retirement Benefit Scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Retirement Benefit Scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The Group participates in a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") established under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in Hong Kong. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. For members of the MPF Scheme, the Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs to the scheme, which is the only obligation for the Group and the same amount is matched by the employee.

The total costs charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of approximately RMB427,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB85,000), represented contributions paid and/or payable to the scheme by the Group for the reporting period. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic spread since early 2020, the PRC government exempted contributions to the scheme for all small and medium-sized enterprises from February 2020 to December 2020.

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had no forfeited contributions under the MPF Scheme and Retirement Benefit Scheme which may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions. There were also no forfeited contributions available at 31 December 2021 and 2020 under the MPF Scheme and Retirement Benefit Scheme which may be used by the Group to reduce the contribution payable in future years.

#### 30. 退休福利計劃

本集團僱員是中國政府所運作國家管理退休福利計劃(「退休福利計劃」)的成員。本集團須按現有僱員每月基本薪金總額的20%向退休福利計劃供款,為有關福利提供資金。就退休福利計劃而言,本集團的唯一責任是作出指定供款。

本集團參與一項根據香港強制性公積金計劃 條例成立的強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃的資產在信託人控制下與 本集團的資產分開持有。就強積金計劃之成 員而言,本集團須向該計劃就相關工資成本 作5%供款,此乃本集團的唯一責任及該筆 供款與僱員之供款額一致。

截至2021年12月31日止年度,於合併損益及 其他全面收益表扣除的總成本約為人民幣 427,000元(2020年:人民幣85,000元),是 本集團於報告期內向該計劃已付及/或應付 的供款。由於COVID-19疫情自2020年初開始 蔓延,中國政府由2020年2月至2020年12月 豁免所有中小企業的供款。

於截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,本集團於強積金計劃及退休福利計劃項下並無本集團可用於減少現有供款水平的沒收供款。於2021年及2020年12月31日,強積金計劃及退休福利計劃項下亦無可供本集團用於減少未來年度應付供款的沒收供款。

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### 31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Related party balances

The details of related party balances are disclosed in note 9B.

(b) Related party transactions

### 31. 關聯方交易

- (a) 關聯方結餘 關聯方結餘詳情於附註9B披露。
- (b) 關聯方交易

#### Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest income China VAST Langfang VAST	利息收入 中國宏泰 廊坊宏泰	2,078 3,911	_ _
Total	總計	5,989	_

(c) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and chief executive, who are also key management, is disclosed in note 9A.

(c) 主要管理人員薪酬

董事及最高行政人員(同時為主要管理層)的薪酬於附註9A披露。

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## 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND 32. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備 RESERVE OF THE COMPANY

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 25 January 2017 and became the holding company of the Group as at 14 March 2017. Information about the statement of financial position and movements in the reserve of the Company were as follows:

本公司於2017年1月25日在開曼群島註冊成立,並於2017年3月14日成為本集團控股公司。有關本公司財務狀況表及其儲備變動的資料如下:

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Equipment Investment in a subsidiary	非流動資產 設備 投資附屬公司	22 —	26 —
		22	26
CURRENT ASSETS Dividend receivable Prepayments and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Amounts due from a related party Bank balances and cash	流動資產 應收股息 預付款項及其他應收款項 應收附屬公司款項 應收一名關聯方款項 銀行結餘及現金	19,800 185 988 36,438 2,060	19,800 186 7,186 — 33,162
		59,471	60,334
CURRENT LIABILITY Other payables	流動負債 其他應付款項	177	590
		177	590
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	59,294	59,744
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITY	總資產減流動負債	59,316	59,770
CAPITAL AND RESERVE Share capital Reserve	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	66,192 (6,876)	66,192 (6,422)
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額	59,316	59,770

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## 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND 32. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備(續) RESERVE OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Movements in the Company's reserve

本公司儲備變動

		Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	(1,553)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面開支總額	(4,869)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年12月31日及2021年1月1日	(6,422)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面開支總額	(454)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	(6,876)

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#### 33. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

### 33. 於附屬公司的權益

As at the end of the reporting period, the Company has direct and indirect equity interests in the following subsidiaries:

於報告期末,本公司持有以下附屬公司的直接及間接股權:

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operations 註冊成立/註冊/營運地點	Registered capital 註冊資本	interests att the Co At 31 D 於12月 本公司 比例	態佔持股 ⁄股權	Principal activities 主要業務
			2021 2021年	2020 2020年	
Langfang Wantong (note a) 廊坊萬桐 (附註a )	PRC 中國	RMB32,000,000 人民幣32,000,000元	100%	100%	Sales of burial plots, columbarium units, provision of other burial-related services and cemetery maintenance services 銷售墓地、骨灰廊、提供其地墓地相關服務及墓園維護服務
Wan Tong (HK) Company Limited 萬桐(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Shing Sheng International Limited* Shing Sheng International Limited*	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Langfang Wantongyuan Corporation Investment Co., Ltd. (note b) 廊坊萬桐園企業投資有限公司 (附註b)	PRC 中國	US\$30,000,000 30,000,000美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
廊坊市萬桐殯葬服務有限公司 (note a) (Langfang City Wantong Funeral Services Co., Ltd.)** 廊坊市萬桐殯葬服務有限公司 (附註a)	PRC 中國	RMB500,000 人民幣500,000元	100%	100%	Provision of funeral service 提供殯儀服務
Linkong Wantong (note a) 臨空萬桐(附註a)	PRC 中國	RMB30,000,000 (note c) 人民幣30,000,000元 (附註c)	79%	79%	Construction and operation of cemetery and cemetery maintenance services 建造及經營基園及基園維護服務

#### Notes:

- (a) These companies are PRC limited liability companies.
- (b) Langfang Wantongyuan Corporation Investment Co., Ltd. is a wholly foreign owned company established in the PRC.
- (c) The paid in capital of Linkong Wantong was RMB500,000 at 31 December 2021 which was contributed by Langfang Wantong, and the non-controlling shareholder has not yet contributed any capital.
- \* Directly-held by the Company
- \*\* English name for identification only

The Group does not have any subsidiaries issuing debt securities during the year and at the end of the reporting period.

#### 附註:

- (a) 該等公司為中國有限公司。
- (b) 廊坊萬桐園企業投資有限公司為於中國成立的全資外資公司。
- (c) 臨空萬桐於2021年12月31日的實繳資金人 民幣500,000元由廊坊萬桐注資及非控股股 東尚未注資。
- \* 由本公司直接持有
- \*\* 英文名稱僅供識別

於年內及報告期末,本集團並無任何附屬公 司發行債務證券。



# 萬桐園

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